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State and County Boundaries of Mississippi

Preliminary Edition



Prepared by

The Mississippi Historical Records Survey

Service Division

Work Projects Administration



The Mississippi Historical Records Survey
Jackson, Mississippi

STATE AND COUNTY BOUNDARIES OF MISSISSIPPI

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* * * * *

The Mississippi Historical Records Survey
Jackson, Mississippi
July 1942

WORK PROJECTS ADMINISTRATION

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Mississippi Department of Archives and History

PREFACE

The Historical Records Survey was organized as a Nation-wide project of the WPA to inventory State, county, and municipal records, early American imprints, church records, and manuscripts in collections. In Mississippi the Historical Records Survey has operated as a unit of the Statewide Records Project in the Service Division, and has been sponsored by the Mississippi Department of Archives and History and some seventy county boards of supervisors. The Survey is being discontinued in order that its personnel may be diverted to activities which have a direct and unqualified relation to the war effort. However, this volume is being published since practically all data had been compiled for publication previous to the redirection of the activities of the project.

The preparation of inventories of county archives by the Survey included the writing of a historical sketch of each county, of administrative histories or essays which traced the development, analyzed the structure, and described the functions in each county of each of its agencies, and of an essay on the governmental organization and records system. To understand adequately the territorial background of each county and in many instances, the peculiarities of a county's records, it was necessary to institute a systematic search of all Constitutions and Legislative Acts for all provisions relating to State and county boundaries. In 1940 and 1941, A. C. Anderson and Edward Lindsey, project employees, working in the State Law Library and in the Mississippi Department of Archives and History, listed many of the statute laws contained in both published and unpublished source materials. The typewritten copies of these laws were made available to the editorial staff of the project for use in preparing historical sketches and administrative histories and in verifying records descriptions.

Historical Records Survey projects throughout the Nation were authorized to publish compilations of the State and county boundary laws of the various States, and in 1941 a beginning was made toward preparing a publication of Mississippi laws collected by the Survey. The unavailability of editorial personnel prevented the completion of the work at that time. In March 1942 all Historical Records Survey field work was discontinued, permitting supervisory personnel to utilize the remaining time for issuing publications which had neared completion and for which supplies and materials had been purchased in 1941.

Andrew Brown, Assistant State Supervisor, edited the collected data, supplemented the State boundary laws, prepared the maps, and wrote the Introduction. Audie Patterson assisted in reviewing the county boundary laws, and together with Nonabelle Goodwin, read proof on the original copy and on the stencils. Mary Joe Tracy, Anna Dupuy, and Marjorie Whitley typed the copy and cut the stencils.

The arrangement of this source book follows that of the Louisiana Historical Records Survey which was approved by the Washington office of the Survey.

Preface

It is realized that the abstracts appearing in this volume are not inclusive. To give complete information on county boundaries it would be necessary to include a compilation of the law concerning all court districts, Congressional districts, sixteenth section school lands, Chickasaw school fund lands, and the locating and changing of county sites. It is intended that this volume, in conformance with the general publication policy of the Survey, serve in a progressive bibliography open and subject to change, and that comments, corrections, and additions will make it possible at some future time, to compile a comprehensive, near-definitive edition of this work.

The Survey acknowledges with sincere appreciation, the assistance given it in this undertaking by Mrs. Julia Starnes, State Librarian, and by Dr. William D. McCain, Director of the Mississippi Department of Archives and History, in making the published and unpublished source materials in their custody available to the Survey. John C. L. Andreassen, Regional Supervisor of the Historical Records Survey program, gave the Survey invaluable advice and criticism during his visits to its office. The cover was printed as a co-sponsor's contribution by the Ripley (Miss.), Southern Sentinel.

The general regulations and procedures of the Service Division of the Work Projects Administration which are applicable to all project units in the 48 States, have been followed in Mississippi. The WPA administrative officials have always given the Survey their cordial support and assistance.

The publications of the Survey are distributed without cost to State and local public officials and libraries in Mississippi, and to a limited number of libraries and governmental agencies outside the State. A list of these publications appears on page 152 of this volume. Approximately 1,900 publications have been released by the Survey throughout the Nation.

ROBERT E. STRONG
State Supervisor
Statewide Records Project

9 Bridges Building
Jackson, Mississippi
July 1942

INTRODUCTION

This volume is designed to present in condensed form all the laws affecting the boundaries of the State of Mississippi, the counties in the State, and the judicial districts within the counties which have been at any time divided into two districts.

Those parts of the laws, proclamations, and treaties which have defined or altered the boundaries of the Territory and the State; those parts of Territorial proclamations and laws, and State laws, relating to the boundaries of the counties; and those State laws defining the boundaries of judicial districts within counties, have been included. For convenient reference the book has been divided into four parts; State Boundary Laws, County Boundary Laws, Laws Relating to Judicial Districts, and the Index. The entries in each section of the body of the book are arranged in chronological order, and each entry is divided into four parts: (1) a reference to the source or authority; (2), the date of the act; (3), the title of the act, or a supplied title indicated by brackets; and (4), a transcription of those parts of the act showing the boundaries of the State, county or district.

The entries are numbered consecutively in one series; those relating to State Boundaries, 1 to 32 inclusive; to county boundaries, 33 to 219; to judicial district boundaries, 220 to 252.

In the compilation of laws affecting the boundaries of the State the primary source has been the United States Statutes at Large; but for instruments antedating the adoption of the Federal Constitution a number of other sources, which are listed in the Bibliography, have been utilized. In compiling county and judicial district boundary laws all available Territorial Laws and records, and all State laws, as well as all Codes from Turner's[1] and Toulmin's[2] Digests to the Code of 1930, have been searched. However, the boundaries of counties as shown in the various Codes have not bee transcribed except in some early instances where the Code was the only, or the best, authority. Though the Code descriptions would have been intersting and of some value, their inclusion would have entailed more additional work than time and circumstances permitted, particularly since the Codes are more readily available to most students than the laws themselves.

In one instance the Constitution of the State is the authority for the change of name of a county; Jones County, whose name had been changed to Davis in 1865, again became Jones through a provision of the Constitution of 1869. (entry 150).

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1. Harry Toulmin (comp.), Statutes of the Mississippi Territory, Revised and Digested by the Authority of the General Assembly, Natchez, Miss, 1807.; hereinafter referred to as Toulmin's Digest.
2. Edward Turner (comp.), Statutes of the Mississippi Territory, Digested by Authority of the General Assembly, Natchez, Miss., 1816; hereinafter referred to as Turner's Digest.

I. STATE BOUNDARY LAWS

1. The United States and Foreign Nations

Historically, the area embraced in the present State of Mississippi is divided into two parts divided by the 31st parallel of north latitude.

The portion between the 31st parallel and the present Mississippi-Tennessee boundary line on the 35th parallel is part of the land granted by the charter of Carolina in 1663 (entry 1), and that of Georgia (entry 2). The Georgia grant overlapped South Carolina except for a strip at the north edge; this being due to the fact that the 35th parallel was the boundary of South Carolina (note to entry 1), while the north line of Georgia was defined as a line drawn due west from the head of the Savannah River. This line, when surveyed, was found to be twelve to fourteen miles south of the 35th parallel, and title to the land north of the Georgia line thus remained in South Carolina.

The treaty of 1783 with Great Britian (entry 4) fixed the boundaries of the United States as the Mississippi River on the west, and the 31st parallel on the south. Spain, recognized this boundary in 1795 (entry 9). In the meantime, South Carolina had ceded her claims to the United States in 1787 (entry 8), but the much more valuable Georgia claims were recognized in the Ordinance creating the Mississippi Territory in 1798 (entry 10), and were not finally extinguished until 1802 (entry 12).

The Ordinance creating the Mississippi Territory bounded it by the 31st parallel on the south, the Mississippi River on the west, the Chattahoochee River on the east, and a line drawn due east from the mouth of the Yazoo River to the Chattahoochee on the north. In 1804, after the Georgia claims had been settled, Congress annexed the land between the original northern boundary and the State of Tennessee to the Territory (entry 18).

Before 1803 the United States claimed no title to the land south of the 31st parallel. The Louisiana Purchase of that year (entry 14), however, was bounded only vaguely, with the result that both Spain and the United States claimed the southern lands lying west of the Perdido River. The United States occupied the territory in 1810 (entry 20), and annexed it to the Mississippi Territory in 1812 (entry 21), though Spain did not formally relinquish title until 1819 (entry 25).

After the second addition in 1812, the Mississippi Territory included exactly the present area of the states of Alabama and Mississippi. In 1817 it was divided along the present Alabama - Mississippi State line, the western portion admitted to the Union as the State of Mississippi (entry 24), and the eastern part formed into the Alabama Territory.

2. The United States and the Indian Tribes

In 1783 the present State of Mississippi was occupied by the Choctaw and Chickasaw Nations of Indians except for the areas around Natchez and east of the Buckatunna, Chickasawhay, and Pascagoula Rivers. The Choctaws had never claimed the Natchez district, and had ceded the lands in the eastern part of the State to the English by the Treaty of Mobile in 1765 (entry 3).

In 1786 the United States, by the treaties of Hopewell, defined the boundaries of the Chickasaw and Choctaw Nations (entries 6 and 7). All of northern Mississippi was included in the Chickasaw territory, and the remainder of the State except the two regions referred to above, in the Choctaw lands. Fifteen years later, by the Treaty of Fort Adams (entry 11) with the Choctaws, the United States was ceded the Natchez district; this despite the fact that it had not been claimed by the Choctaws and had been exempted from their lands by the Treaty of Hopewell. This document is of interest, however, as indicating the boundaries of the Natchez district, and showing that a line had been surveyed and marked on its eastern edge. It also cleared the indefinite terms of the Treaty of Mobile, by which the Choctaws had ceded "as far west as the Choctaw Nation has a right to grant", no definite boundary being given.

The Convention of Fort Confederation (entry 13) and the Treaty of Hoe Buckintoopa (entry 15) confirmed to the United States the cession made to the English at Mobile. Soon thereafter, in 1805, the Choctaws by the Treaty of Mount Dexter ceded the lands between this cession and the Natchez district (entry 19). This was the last Indian treaty affecting Mississippi until 1821, when the United States acquired, at Doak's Stand, a large part of the Choctaw lands in the western part of the State (entry 26). The remaining Choctaw lands were ceded by the Treaty of Dancing Rabbit in 1831 (entry 27).

Except for a small tract lying in the present counties of Monroe and Lowndes, which had been acquired in 1816 (entry 22), all of northeast Mississippi remained in the hands of the Chickasaws until 1833, when the Treaty of Pontotoc Creek (entry 28) ceded these lands to the United States and finally ended Indian rule in Mississippi.

The boundaries of the lands ceded by the various Indian Treaties are shown on the map on page xv.

II. COUNTY BOUNDARY LAWS

1. The Natchez District and the County of Bourbon.

The first county formed within the present limits of Mississippi was the County of Bourbon, created by the Legislature of Georgia in 1785. Because the Spanish were at that time in actual possession of Natchez, the county was never actually organized; but its creation shows the seriousness with which Georgia took her claims to the western lands.

The County of Bourbon was bounded by the Mississippi River on the west, the 31st parallel on the south, and a line drawn from that line "as far west as the present settlements extend" to the Yazoo River on the east. It thus includes, without naming it, the old Natchez District of the English, and follows its approximate boundaries. It has been stated above that the eastern line of the district had been marked, and a search was made of the published and unpublished materials in the Department of Archives and History for a description of its course. This search was unsuccessful, but the line is referred to in so many later documents that it can be drawn with reasonable certainty as shown on the map on page xv.

2. Territorial Counties

The first counties formed in the Mississippi Territory were Adams and Pickering, which were created by proclamation in 1799 (entry 33). The next year Washington County (entry 34) was created, embracing the width of the Territory between the Pearl and the Chattahoochee Rivers. From this vast county, covering approximately 2,600 square miles, 18 counties in Mississippi and 20 in Alabama have since been formed in whole or in part.[3] The remnant of the original Washington County is now in Alabama, and is not to be confused with Washington County, Mississippi, as it exists today.

In addition to Washington, the present Alabama counties of Mobile and Clarke are included in this volume; Clarke (entry 51), because its creation first cut down the huge area of Washington to manageable size; and Mobile (entry 50), because the present Mississippi counties of Jackson and Hancock have been formed from it.

The map on page xvii shows the counties as they existed in 1816, at the close of the Territorial period. In addition to Adams and Pickering, which had been re-named Jefferson in 1802 (entry 36), the Territorial Counties were Wilkinson (entry 35), Claiborne (entry 37), Amite (entry 42), Wayne (entry 43), Franklin (entry 44), Warren (entry 45), Marion and Greene (entry 49), Jackson and Hancock (entry 52), Lawrence (entry 53), and Pike (entry 54).

The boundaries of these counties were often indefinite and sometimes overlapping, and were frequently changed. The alterations are explained largely by the fact that the original boundaries ran on natural courses which were but imperfectly known; and later, as the region was surveyed, changes were made to clear up indefinite descriptions, and to fit the county lines into the surveys.

3. The Indian Cession Counties

These may be grouped into (1), the counties formed from the lands acquired by the Treaty of Doak's Stand in 1821; (2), those acquired by the Treaty of Dancing Rabbit in 1831; and (3), those acquired by the Treaty of Pontotoc Creek in 1833. In addition, Monroe County was formed from the original Chickasaw Cession of 1816 (entry 61), and Lowndes County (entry 92) was later formed from Monroe.

Shortly after the Treaty of Doak's Stand the entire area acquired thereby was formed into Hinds County. Copiah and Yazoo Counties were formed from Hinds in 1823 (entry 71), and Rankin (entry 83) in 1828. In turn Simpson County was formed from Copiah (entry 74), and Washington (entry 79), Madison (entry 82), and Holmes (entry 103) Counties from Yazoo

The lands acquired at Dancing Rabbit were divided into 16 counties on Dec. 23, 1833 (entry 106); those acquired at Pontotoc Creek into ten counties on Feb. 9, 1836. This last Act also formed Bolivar and Cochoma Counties from the Choctaw lands (entry 107).

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3. Thomas McAdory Owen, History of Alabama, vol. II, p. 138.

The map on page xviii shows the counties existing in 1824, and that on page xix those existing in 1835, before the division of the Chickasaw cession. After this act, in 1836, only five additional counties were formed before the Civil War. These were Newton (entry 109), Harrison, (entry 115), Issaquena (entry 120), Sunflower (entry 123), and Calhoun (entry 136). The map on page xx shows the counties as they were in 1860.

4. The Reconstruction Counties

The orgy of county-creating which followed the Constitution of 1869 is too well-known to require any comment. One fact worthy of note, however, is that with the exception of Lincoln (entry 151) and Pearl (entry 152), which was abolished in 1878 (entry 186) all the counties formed during this period lie in the northern third of the State. They are Lee (entry 147), Alcorn and Prentiss (entry 152), Grenada (entry 153), Union (entry 155), Benton (entry 156), Leflore (entry 157), Colfax (entry 159), Montgomery (entry 160), Tate (entry 167), Sumner (entry 171), Sharkey (entry 178), and Quitman (entry 184). The name of Colfax was later changed to Clay (entry 180), and that of Sumner to Webster (entry 191).

Many of the laws organizing these counties were loosely drawn, and the Code of 1871 contains many errors in boundaries. Much legislation was necessary during the 1870's and early 1880's to correct the mistakes made duing the reconstruction period.

5. Counties Formed Since 1890.

No Mississippi Constitution prior to that of 1890 placed any restrictionson the creation or altering of counties by the Legislature. That instrument, however, provides.[4]

> "No new county shall be formed unless a majority of the qualified electors voting in each part of the counties proposed to be dismembered and embraced in the new county, shall separately vote therefor; nor shall the boundary of any judicial district in a county be changed unless, at an election held for that purpose, two-thirds of those voting assent thereto. The elections provided for in this and the section next preceding [governing the removal of county site] shall not be held in any county oftener that once in four years. No new county shall contain less than four hundred square miles; nor shall any existing county be reduced below that size."

The last county to be formed before this provision went into effect was Pearl River, organized in 1890 (entry 201). Counties formed under its provisions are Lamar (entry 206), Jefferson Davis (entry 208), Forrest (entry 209), George (entry 213), Walthall (entries 215, 215A), Stone (entries 216, 217), and Humphreys (entry 218). No new counties have been formed since the creation of Humphreys in 1918.

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4. Const. 1890, Art. 14, sec. 260.

With the exception of Humphreys, all counties formed since 1890 are located in the southern third of the State. As those created during the reconstruction period are in the northern third, it is noteworthy that the counties in the central third have never been substantially altered, and exist today much as they did a century ago.

The present counties in Mississippi are shown on the map on page xxi.

III. LAWS RELATING TO JUDICIAL DISTRICTS

The division of counties into judicial districts for the purpose of holding courts falls, in Mississippi, into two periods; the first covering the years before the Constitution of 1890 went into effect, the second the period during which the provisions of that instrument have governed.

The first county to be divided into districts was Hinds (entry 220), where a second judicial district was formed in 1858, primarily to take care of the City of Jackson. Two other counties - Tishomingo (entry 221) and Lawrence (entry 224) - were so divided before the Civil War. Two districts are still maintained in Hinds County, but the formation of Alcorn County from Tishomingo, and of Lincoln from Lawrence, (entries 152, 151) eliminated the second districts from the original counties.

Chickasaw County was divided in 1867 (entry 226); Yalobusha in 1873 (entry 228); Carroll the same year (entry 229); Panola in 1880 (entries 231, 232), and Marion in 1888 (entry 234). All these still maintain two districts except Marion, from the second district of which Lamar County was formed in 1904 (entry 206).

Counties divided under the provisions of the Constitution of 1890 are Coahoma (entry 235), Perry (entry 236), Choctaw (entry 237), Bolivar (entry 239), Tallahatchie (entries 240, 242), Jones (entry 243), and Jasper (entry 244). Elections have been held on the subject of dividing other counties, but failed to carry. Of the counties divided during this period, Coahoma (entry 252) and Choctaw (entry 251) have combined the two districts by popular vote; and in 1906 Forrest County was formed from the second district of Perry (entry 209).

At the present time nine Mississippi counties are divided into two districts - Bolivar, Carroll, Chickasaw, Hinds, Jasper, Jones, Panola, Tallahatchie, and Yalobusha.

IV. INDEX

The arrangement of the Index is alphabetical by name of subject, and chronological thereunder. All references in index are to entry numbers, not pages, and no explanation is necessary except in regard to entries 66 and 142.

Entry 66 covers the Act of June 29, 1822, defining the boundary lines of the several counties of the State. It is to some extent a re-enactment and correction of older laws, evidently passed in order to be incorporated in Poindexter's 1824 Code.

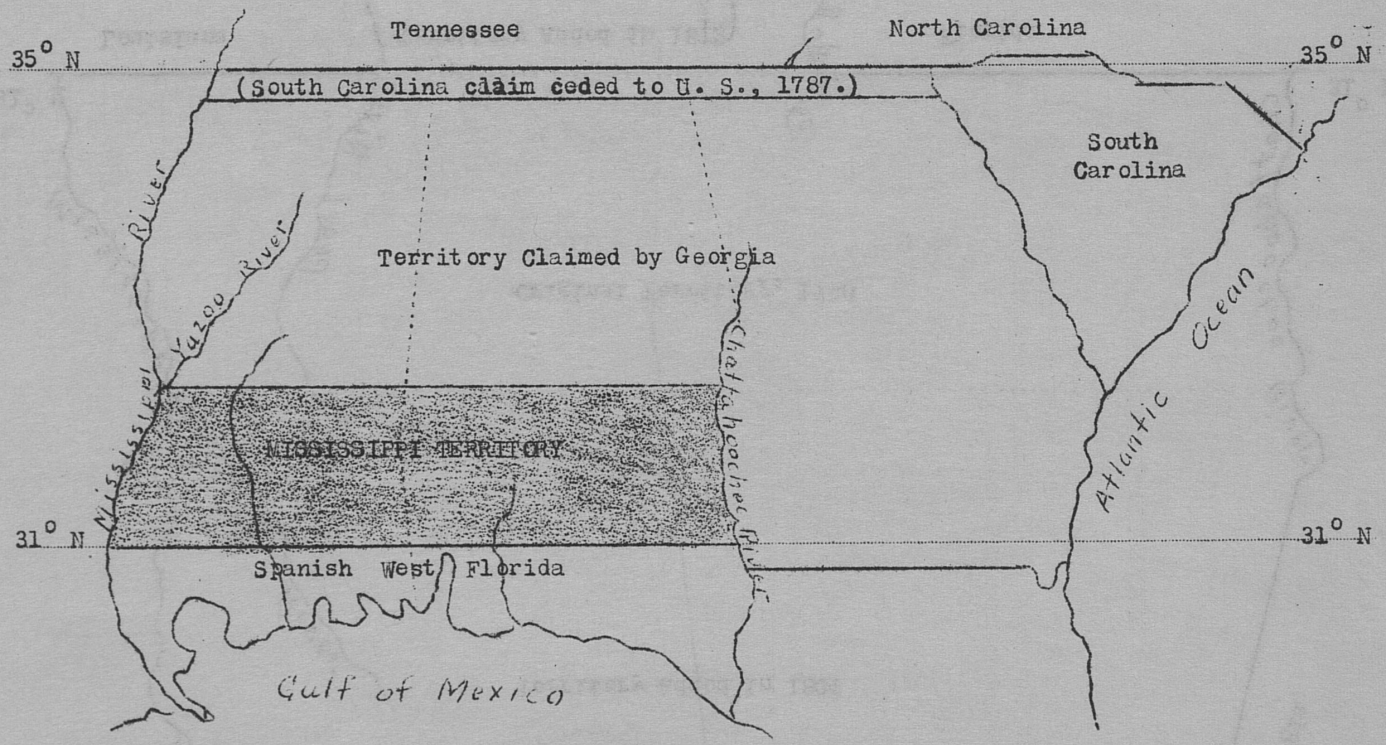
The act covered by entry 142 was evidently passed for the purpose of being included in the Code of 1857. It includes all boundary laws passed from and including the 1822 act mentioned above, to Feb. 27, 1856, the date the Act was approved. Though it is almost entirely a repetition of laws already listed, it is included because it brings together in one act all the county boundary laws passed up to that time. As this is a long Act, it is indexed not only by the entry number (142) but by the section of the act, which is shown in parentheses after the entry number.

REFERENCES TO OLD SURVEYED LINES

In the earlier records many references are made to the "Line of Demarcation." With two exceptions, this means the 31st parallel, the former boundary between the United States and the Spanish colony of West Florida. In entry 11, however, the term refers to the east boundary of the Natchez District; and in entry 15 to the west boundary of the lands ceded by the Choctaws to the English by the Treaty of Mobile.

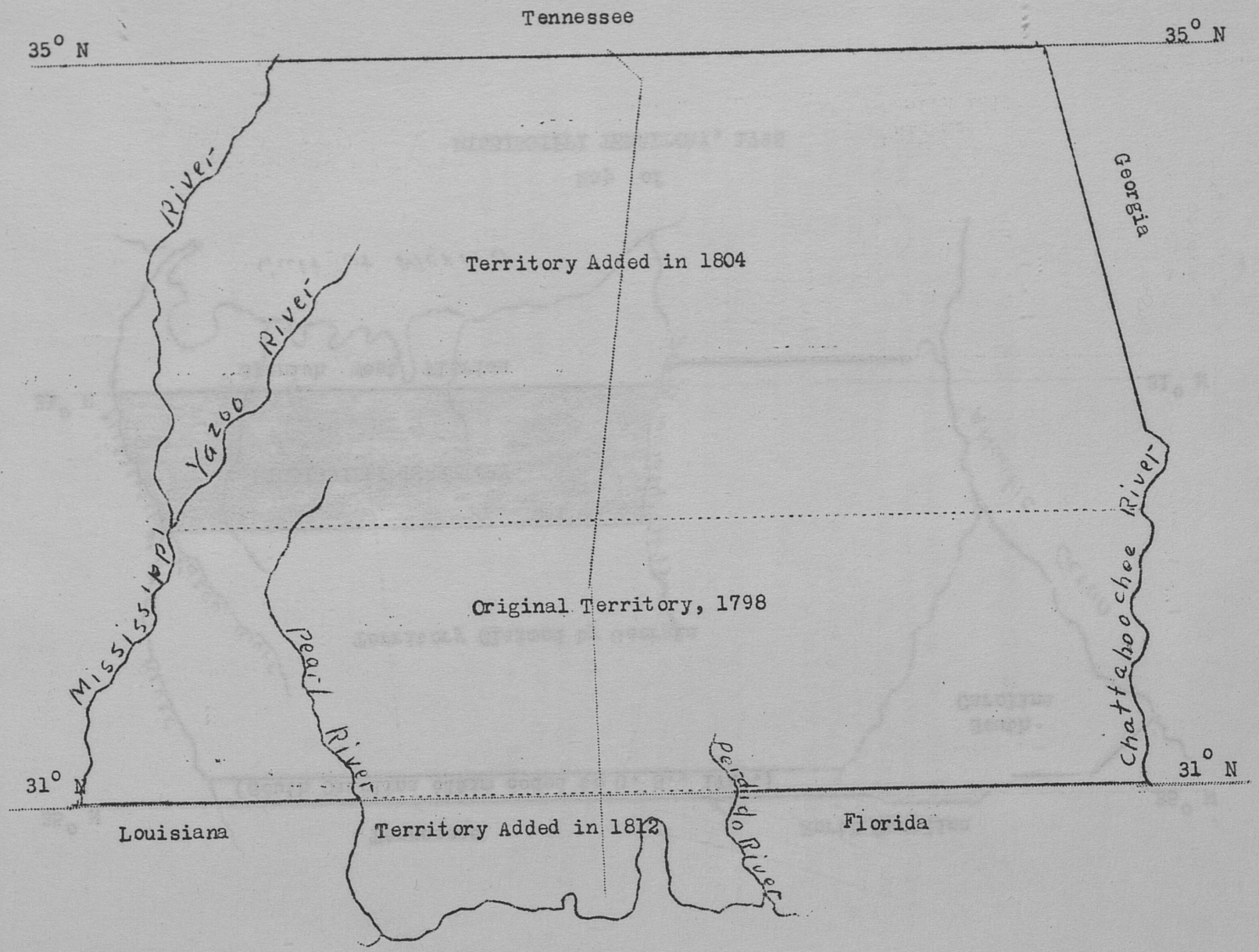
As the counties formed in 1833 and later were surveyed before their creation, any references to Indian boundaries after that year are self-explanatory. However, references prior to that time to the "Choctaw Boundary Line" always refer to the north line of the lands ceded by the Treaty of Mount Dexter.

The eastern line of the Natchez district is referred to in early acts by a number of different names - Indian Boundary Indian Line, Indian Boundary Line. Old Choctaw Boundary Line, or Old Indian Boundary Line. See entries 38, 41, 46, 48, 60, 66, and 70, in which these terms are used.

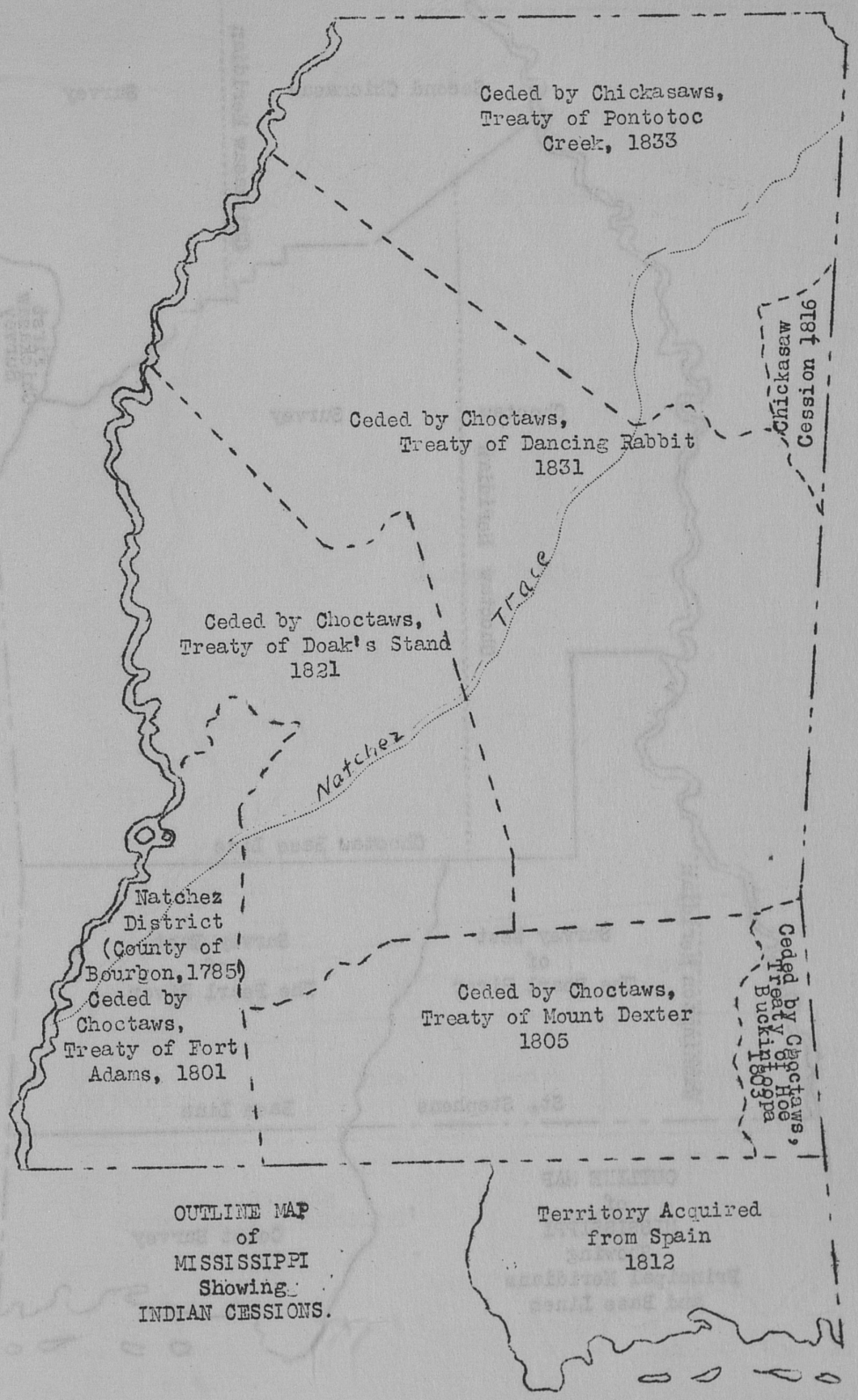


Map of

MISSISSIPPI TERRITORY, 1798



MAP OF THE MISSISSIPPI TERRITORY
1816



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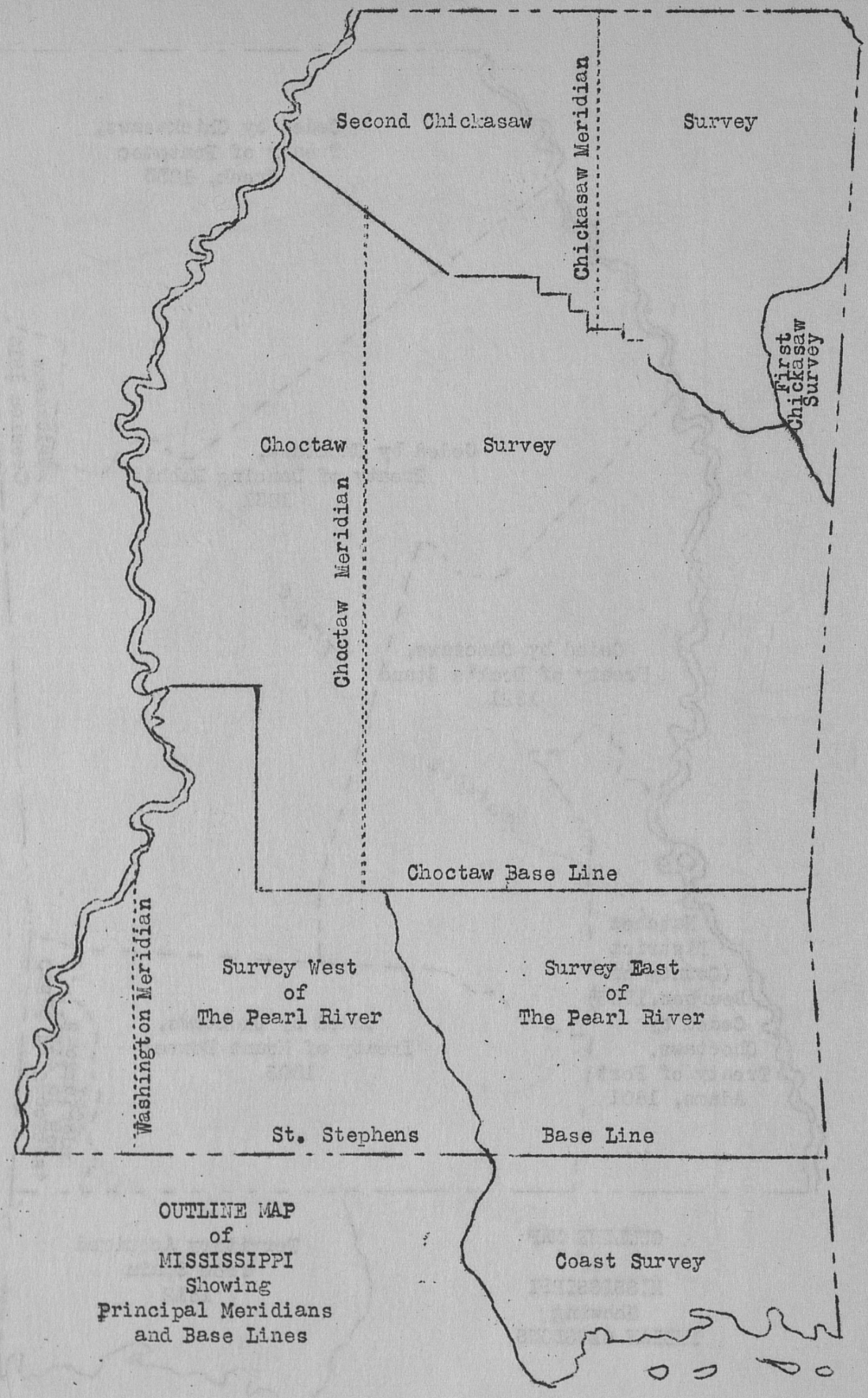
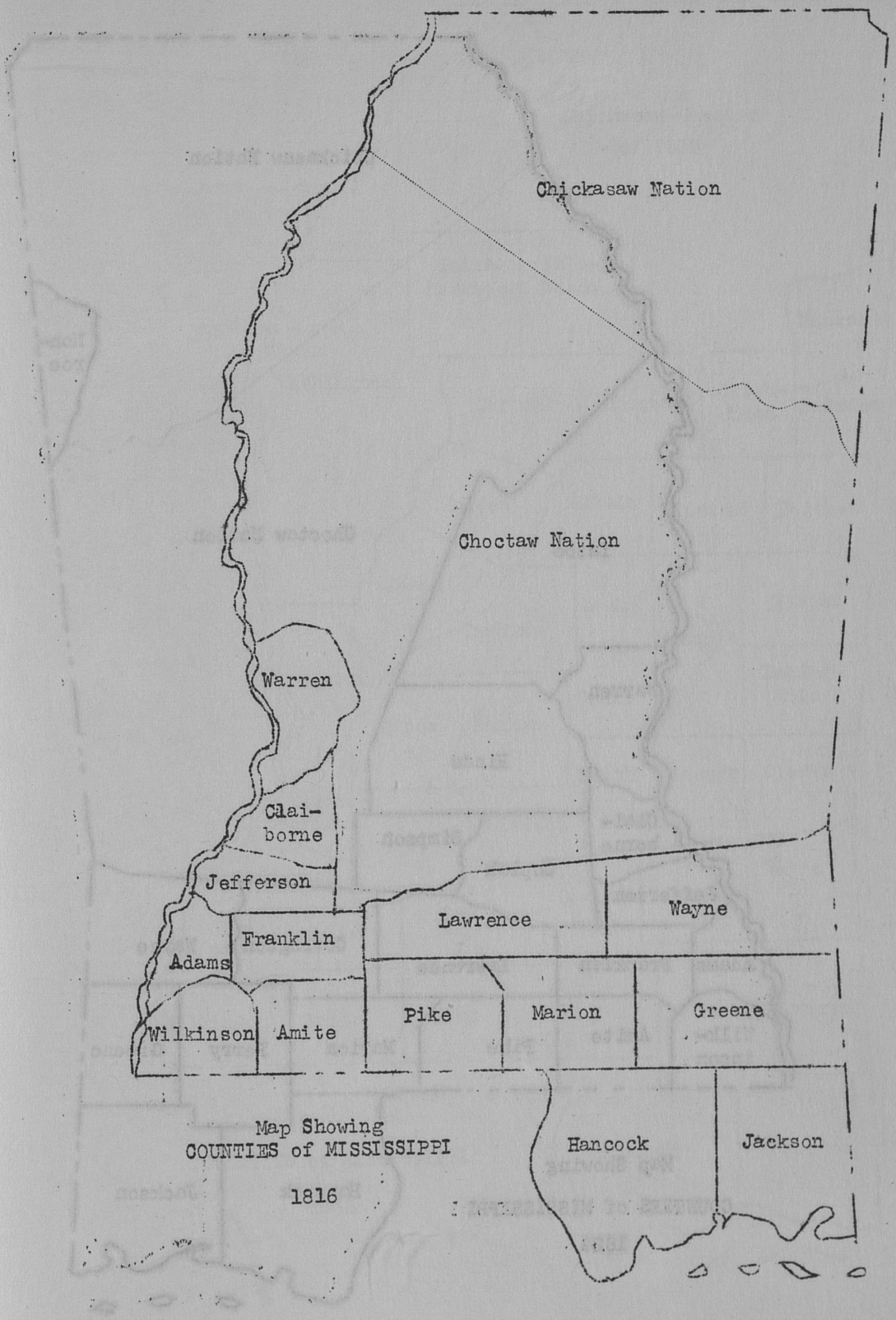
1816

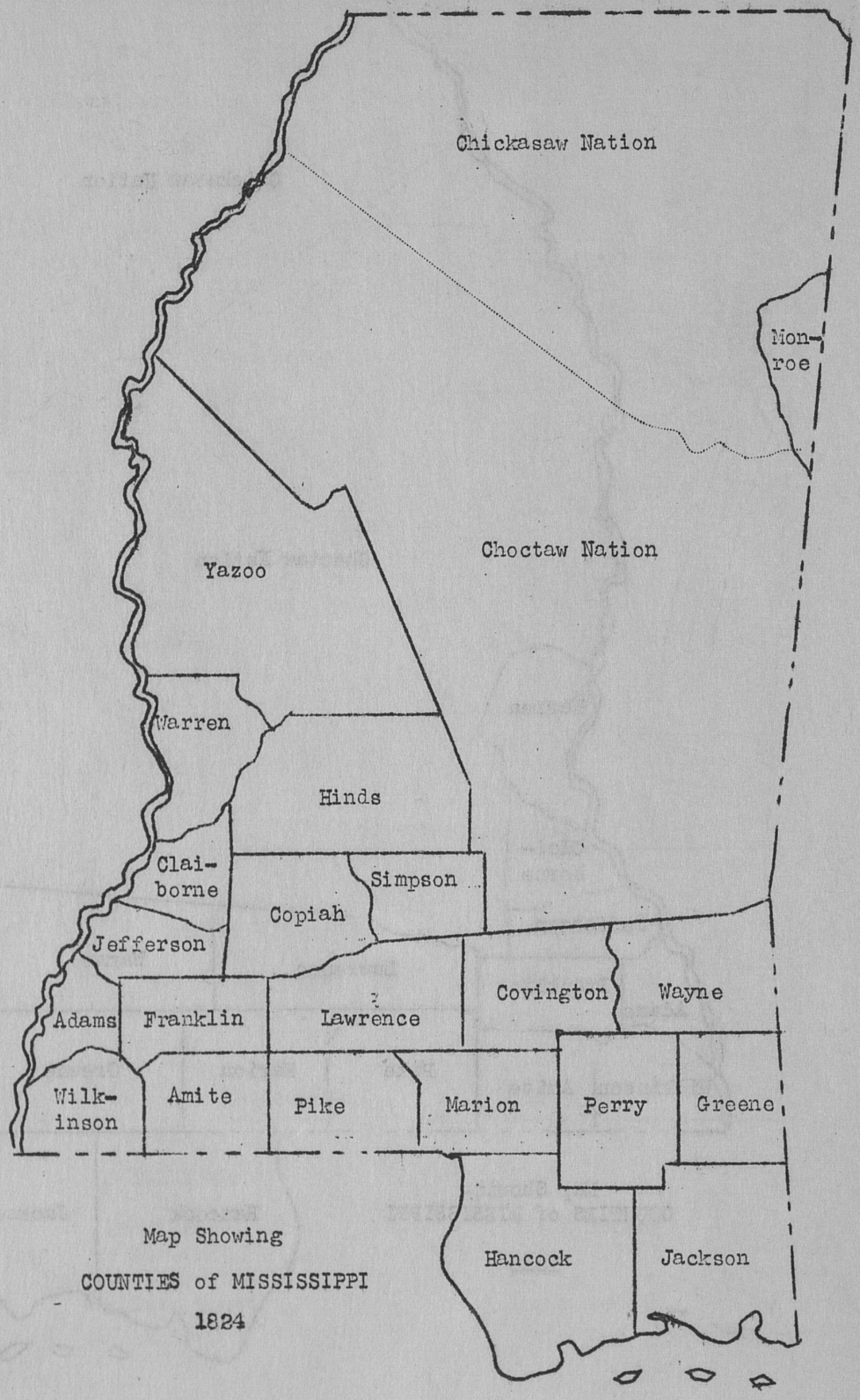


OUTLINE MAP
of
MISSISSIPPI
Showing
Principal Meridians
and Base Lines

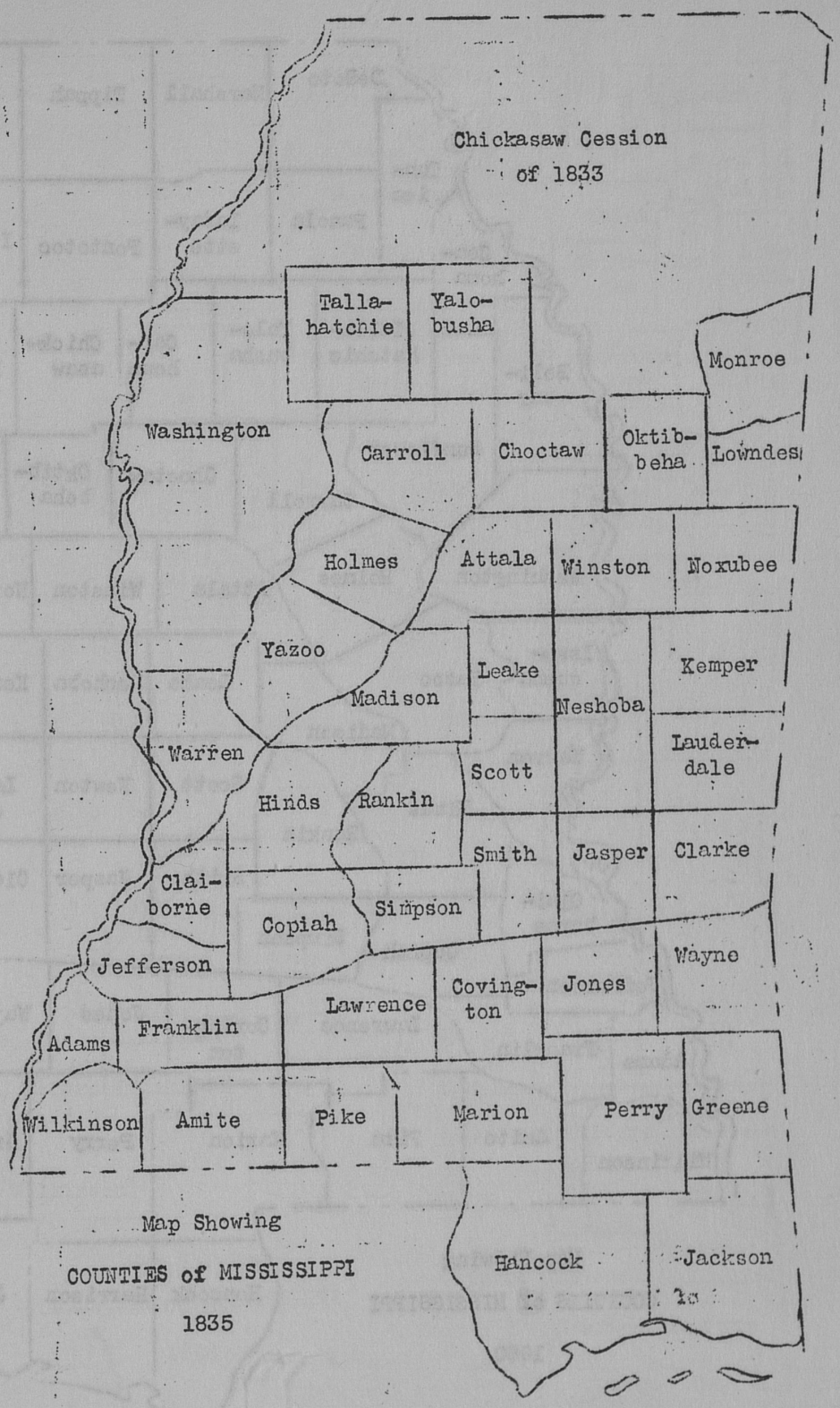


Map Showing
COUNTIES of MISSISSIPPI

1816



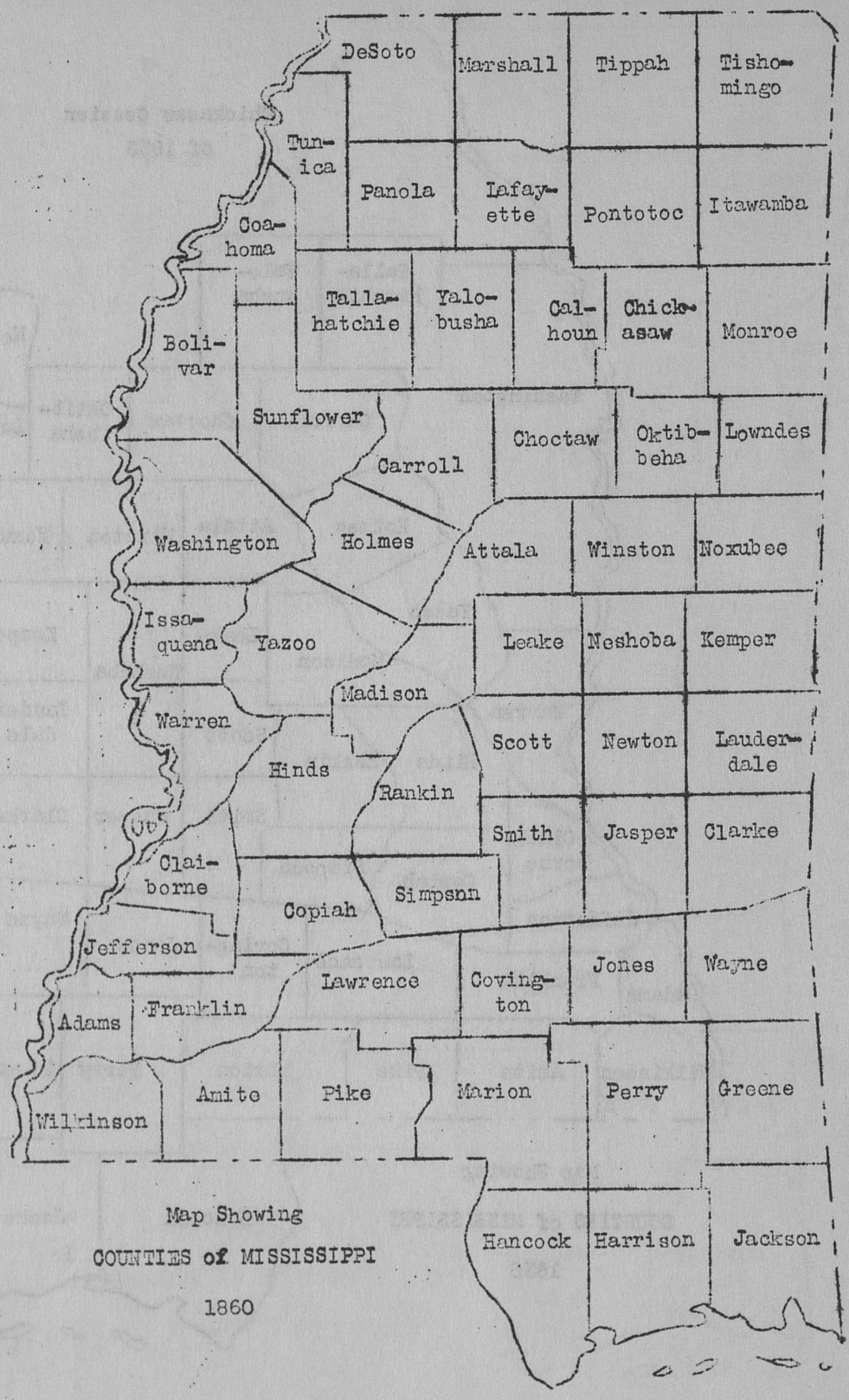
Map Showing
COUNTIES of MISSISSIPPI
1824



Map Showing

COUNTIES of MISSISSIPPI

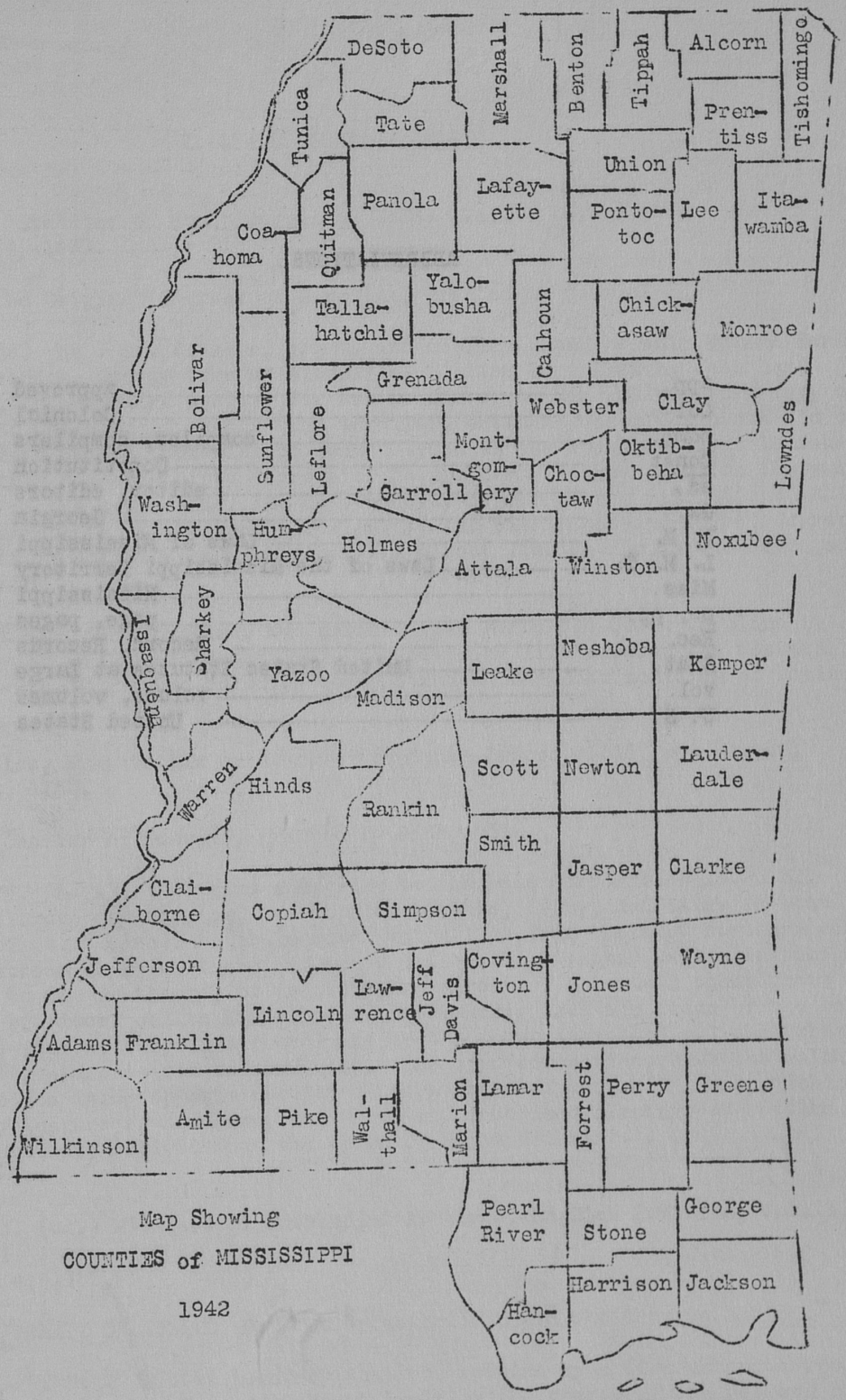
1835



Map Showing

COUNTIES of MISSISSIPPI

1860



Map Showing

COUNTIES of MISSISSIPPI

1942

ABBREVIATIONS

app.	approved
Col.	Colonial
comp.	compiler, compilers
Const	Constitution
ed.	editor, editors
Ga.	Georgia
L. M.	Laws of Mississippi
L. M. T.	Laws of the Mississippi Territory
Miss.	Mississippi
p., pp.	page, pages
Rec.	Record, Records
Stat.	United States Statutes at Large
vol.	volume, volumes
U. S.	United States

I. STATE BOUNDARY LAWS

1. Cooper, Statutes of South Carolina, 1836: Vol. 1, p. 22.
March 24, 1663.

/The Original Charter of Carolina, granted by Charles II/

2nd. We . . . do give, grant, and confirm unto the said Edward Earl of Clarendon, George Duke of Albemarle, William Lord Craven, John Lord Berkly, Anthony Lord Ashley, Sir George Carteret, Sir William Berkeley, and Sir John Colleton . . . all that territory extending from the north end of the island called Lucke-island, which lyeth in the southern Virginia seas, and within six-and-thirty degrees of the northern latitude, and to the west as far as the south seas, and so southerly as far as the river St. Matthias, which bordereth on the coast of Florida, and within one-and-thirty degrees of northern latitude, and so west in a direst line as far as the south seas aforesaid.

/NOTE: This province was divided into North and South Carolina by an Order in Council dated 1729, the dividing line between the western parts of the two colonies being fixed as the 35th meridian of latitude/

2. Hotchkiss, Statute Law of Georgia and State Papers, 1845, pp. 24, 25.
June 8, 1732.

. . . /Charter of Georgia, granted by George II/

IV. We . . . do give and grant to the said Corporation . . . all those lands, country, and territories situate, lying, and being in that part of South Carolina, in America, which lies from the most northern part of a stream or river there, commonly called the Savannah, all along the sea coast to the southward, to the southern stream of a certain other great water or river, called Altamaha, and westwardly from the heads of the said rivers respectively in direct lines to the south seas; and all that share, circuit, and precinct of land within the said boundaries, with the islands of the sea lying opposite to the eastern shore of the said lands, within twenty leagues of the same, which are not inhabited already, or settled by any authority derived from the crown of Great Britain . . .

3. Rowland (ed.) Mississippi Provincial Archives, English Dominion, Vol. 1, p. 251.
April 4, 1765.

/TREATY OF MOBILE, Between Great Britain and the Choctaw Nation./

Art. 5th. ...the boundary shall be settled by a line extended from Gross Point in the Island of Mount Louis by the course of the western

boundary of Mobile Bay to the mouth of the eastern branch of the Tombeckby river and north by the course of said river to the Confluence of Alibamont and Tombeckby Rivers and afterwards along the western bank of Alibamont river to the mouth of Chickianoce river and from the confluence of Chickianoce and Alibamont rivers a straight line to the confluence of Biance and Tombeckby rivers and thence along the western banks of the Biance river till its confluence with the Tallatikpe river, from thence a straight line to Tombeckby River opposite Atchalickpe, and from the Atchalickpe by a straight line to the most northern part of Buckatunne river and down the course of Buckatunne river to its confluence with the River Pascagoula and down by the course of the River Pascagoula within twelve leagues of the sea coast and thence by a due west line as far as the Choctaw Nation has a right to grant . . .

/NOTE: This Cession is ignored in treaties made later between the Choctaws and the United States, but is included because the line is referred to in the later treaties (entries 6, 7, 13, 15)./

4. 8 Stat., pp. 80-83
Sept. 3, 1783.

A DEFINITIVE TREATY OF PEACE Between the United States of America and His Britannic Majesty

Art. I. . . . His Britannic Majesty acknowledges the said United States, viz: New-Hampshire, Massachusetts-Bay, Rhode Island and Providence Plantations, Connecticut, New-York, New-Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, and Georgia, to be free, sovereign, and independent states . . .

Art. II. . . . the boundaries of the United States . . . are . . .: From the northeast angle of Nova Scotia . . . along the highlands that divide those rivers that empty themselves into the river St. Lawrence from those which fall into the Atlantic Ocean, to the northwesternmost head of the Connecticut river, thence down along the middle of that river to the forty-fifth degree of north latitude, thence by a line due west on said latitude until it strikes the river Iroquois or Cataraquy; thence along the middle of said river into Lake Ontario, through the middle of said lake until it strikes the communication by water between that lake and Lake Erie; thence along the middle of said communication into Lake Erie; through the middle of said lake until it arrives at the water-communication between that lake and Lake Huron; thence along the middle of said water- communication into the Lake Huron; thence through the middle of said lake to the water-communication between that lake and Lake Superior; thence through Lake Superior northward of the isles Royal and Philipeaux, to the Long Lake; thence through the middle of said Long Lake to the water-communication between it and the Lake of the Woods; thence through the said lake to the most northwestern point thereof; and from thence in a due west course to the river Mississippi; thence by a line to be drawn along the middle of the said river Mississippi until it shall intersect the northernmost part of the thirty-first degree of north latitude. South by a line to be drawn east from a determination of the line last mentioned in the latitude of

thirty-one degrees north of the equator to the middle of the river Apalachicola or Catahouche; thence along the middle thereof to the junction with the Flint river; thence strait to the head of St. Mary's river; and thence along the middle of St. Mary's river to the Atlantic Ocean . . .

5. Col. Recs, Ga., XIX (2), pp. 371-375
App. Feb. 7, 1875.

AN ACT for laying out a District of Land situate on the river Mississippi and within the Bounds of this State into a County to be Called Bourbon.

/The County of Bourbon (Georgia) is bounded by/ Beginning at the mouth of the river Yazous, where it empties into the river Mississippi; thence by a line to be drawn along the middle of said river Mississippi until it shall intersect the northernmost part of the 31st degree of north latitude. South by a line to be drawn due east from a determination of the line last mentioned in the latitude of 31st degrees of the equator as far as the lands reach which, in that district, have been at any time relinquished by the Indians; thence along the line of said relinquishments to the said river Yazous, and thence down the said river to the beginning.

/NOTE: The territory described is the Natchez District./

6. 7. Stat., p. 21
Jan. 3. 1786.

/THE TREATY of Hopewell, between the United States and the Choctaws./

ART. III. The boundary . . . of the Choctaw nation . . . shall be the following viz: Beginning at a point on the thirty-first degree of north latitude, where the eastern boundary of the Natchez District shall touch the same; thence along that degree, being the southern boundary of the United States, until it shall strike the eastern boundary of the lands on which the Indians of the said nation did live and hunt on the twenty-ninth of November, one thousand, seven hundred and eighty-two, while they were under the protection of the King of Great Britain; thence northerly along the said eastern boundary until it shall meet the northern boundary of said lands; thence westerly along the said northern boundary until it shall meet the western boundary thereof; thence southerly along the same to the beginning.

7. 7. Stat., p. 23
Jan. 10, 1786.

/THE TREATY of Hopewell, between the United States and the Chickasaws/

ART. III. The boundary of the lands hereby allotted to the Chickasaw nation to live and hunt on within the limits of the United States of America is and shall be the ofllowing, viz: Beginning on the ridge that divides

the waters running into the Cumberland from those running into the Tennessee at a point in a line to be run northeast, which shall strike the Tennessee at the mouth of Duck river; thence running westerly along the said ridge, until it shall strike the Ohio; thence down the southern bank thereof to the Mississippi; thence down the same to the Choctaw line of Natchez district; thence along the said line, on the line of the district, so far as the Chickasaw claimed, and lived and hunted on, on the twenty ninth of November, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-two. Thence the said boundary, eastward, shall be the lands alloted to the Choctaws and Cherokees to live and hunt on, and the lands at present in the possession of the Creeks; saving and reserving for the establishment of a trading post, a tract or parcel of land to be laid out at the lower point of the Muscle Shoals, at the mouth of Ocohappo, in a circle, the diameter of which shall be five miles on the said river . . .

8. Cooper, Statutes of South Carolina, 1836; Vol. V, p. 179.
App. March 8, 1787

AN ACT to Convey to the United States all the Rights of this State to the Territory Herein Described.

I. . . . It may be lawful for the delegates from the State to the Congress of the United States . . . to convey, transfer, assign, and make over to the United States . . . all right, title, and claim to the territory or tract of country within the limits of the charter of South Carolina . . . that is to say, all the territory or tract of country included within the river Mississippi and a line beginning at that point on the said river which is intersected by the southern boundary line of the State of North Carolina and continuing along the said boundary line until it intersects the ridge or chain of mountains which divides the eastern from the western waters, then to be continued along the top of said ridge of mountains until it intersects a line to be drawn due west from the head of the southern branch of Tugaloo river, to the said mountains, and thence to run a due west course to the river Mississippi.

9. 8 Stat., pp. 138-153
App. Oct. 27, 1795

A TREATY of Friendship, Limits, and Navigation, between the United States of America and the King of Spain.

Art. II. . . . It is hereby declared and agreed as follows, to-wit: the southern boundary of the United States, which divides their territory from the Spanish colonies of East and West Florida, shall be designated by a line beginning at the river Mississippi at the northernmost part of the thirty-first degree of latitude north of the equator, which from thence shall be drawn due east to the middle of the river Apalachocola or Catahoucho, thence along the middle thereof to its junction with the Flint; thence straight to the head of St. Mary's river, and thence down the middle thereof to the Atlantic ocean . . .

10. 1 Stat., p. 549
App. April 7, 1798

/Formation of the Mississippi Territory by Act of Congress./

Sec. 3. Territory and Limits. All that tract of country bounded on the west by the Mississippi; on the north by a line drawn due east from the mouth of the Yazous to the Chatahouchee river; on the east by the river Chatahouchee; and on the south by the thirty-first degree of north latitude, shall be, and hereby is, constituted one district, to be called the Mississippi Territory.

Sec. 5. Georgia's Right. The establishment of this government shall in no respect impair the right of the State of Georgia, or of any person or persons, either to the jurisdiction or soil of the said Territory, but the rights and claims of the said State, and all persons interested, are hereby declared to be as firm and available, as if this Act had never been made

11. 7 Stat., pp. 66-68
Dec. 17, 1801

/The Treaty of Fort Adams, between the United States and the Choctaws./

Art. III. . . . the old line of demarkation which runs in a parallel direction with the Mississippi river and eastward thereof, shall be retraced and plainly marked . . . and the said nation does by these presents relinquish to the United States all their right, title, and protension to the land lying between this line and the Mississippi river, bounded on the south by the thirty-first degree of north latitude, and north by the Yazoo river where the said line shall strike the same . . .

12. Marbury and Crawford (eds.) Digest Laws Georgia, 1802: pp. 584-586
App. April 24, 1802

/Cession of Western Land Claims by the State of Georgia./

Art. 1st. The State of Georgia cedes to the United States all the right, title, and claim which the said State has to the jurisdiction and soil of the land situate within the boundaries of the United States, south of the State of Tennessee, and west of a line beginning on the western bank of the Chatahouchee river, where the same crosses the boundary line between the United States and Spain; running thence up the said river Chatahouchee, and along the western bank thereof, to the great bend thereof, next above the place where a certain creek or river, called "Uchee" (being the first considerable stream on the western side, above the Cussetas and Coweta towns), empties into the said Chatahouchee river; thence in a direct line to Nickajack, on the Tennessee river; thence crossing the said last mentioned river, and thence running up the said Tennessee river, and along the western bank thereof, to the southern boundary of the state of Tennessee. . .

/Tennessee had been formed from the western part of North Carolina, with the 35th meridian as the southern boundary line of the state./

13. 7 Stat., pp. 73-74
Oct. 17, 1802.

CONVENTION of Fort Confederation

ART. I. That the President of the United States may . . . retrace, connect, and plainly remark the old line of limits established by and between his Britannic Majesty and the said Choctaw nation, which begins on the left bank of the Chickasawhay river and runs thence in an easterly direction, terminating on the same at a bluff well known by the name of Hatch-aTig-geby . . .

ART. II. The said line when thus remarked and re-established shall form the boundary line between the United States and the said Choctaw nation . . . and the said Choctaw nation . . . do hereby release to the United States and quit-claim forever, all that tract of land which is included in the before mentioned line to the north, by the Chickasawhay river on the west, by the Tombigby and Mobile rivers on the east, and the boundary of the United States on the south . . . 16.

14. 8 Stat., p. 202
April 30, 1803.

/Treaty with France Ceding Louisiana to the United States/

ART. I. Whereas, by the article the third of the treaty concluded at St. Ildefonso on October 1, 1800, between the First Consul of the French Republic and his Catholic Majesty, it was agreed as follows: "His Catholic Majesty promises and engages, on his part, to cede to the French Republic, six months after the full and entire execution of the conditions and stipulations herein relative to his royal highness the Duke of Parma, the colony or province of Louisiana with the same extent that it now has in the hands of Spain, and that it had when France possessed it; and such as it should be after the treaties subsequently entered into between Spain and other States", and whereas, in pursuance of the treaty and particularly of the third article, the French Republic has an incontestible right to . . . the said territory, the First Consul of the French Republic . . . does hereby cede to the United States . . . the said territory . . . 17.

15. 7 Stat., p. 80
Aug. 31, 1803.

/Treaty of Hoe Buckintoopa between the United States and the Choctaw nation following the convention of Fort Confederation./

. . . The line of demarcation between the Choctaw nation and the lands ceded between the Tombigbee, Mobile, and Pascagoula rivers shall be: Beginning in the channel of the Hatchee Comesa, or Wax River, at the point where the line of limits between the United States and Spain crosseth the same, thence up the channel of said river to the confluence of the Chickasawhay and Buckhatunnee rivers, thence up the channel of the Buckhatunnee 18.

to Bogue Hooma or Red Creek, thence up the said creek to a pine tree standing on the left bank of the same, and blazed on two of its sides, about twelve links southwest of an old trading path, leading from the town of Mobile to the Hewanee towns, much worn, but not in use at the present time. From this tree we find the following bearings and distances, viz: South fifty-four degrees thirty minutes west, one chain one link, a black gum; north thirty-nine degrees east, one chain seventy-five links, a water oak; thence with the old British line of partition in its various inflections, to a mulberry post, planted on the right bank of the main branch of Sintee Bogue or Snake creek, where it makes a sharp turn to the southeast, a large broken-top cypress standing near the opposite bank of the creek, which is about three poles wide; thence down the said creek to the Tombigbee river; thence down the Tombigbee and Mobile rivers to the above mentioned line of limits between the United States and Spain, and with the same to the point of beginning.

16. 2 Stat., p. 252
App. Feb. 24, 1804.

/Act of Congress annexing that part of the Louisiana purchase lying east of the Mississippi River to Mississippi/

4. To the end that the . . . laws respecting the revenue and navigation of the United States may be carried into effect within the said territories, the territories ceded to the United States by the Treaty above mentioned, and also all the navigable waters, rivers, creeks, bays, and inlets, lying within the United States, which empty into the Gulf of Mexico, east of the river Mississippi, shall be annexed to the Mississippi District, and shall, together with the same, constitute one district, to be called the "District of Mississippi."

17. 2 Stat., p. 283
App. March 26, 1804.

AN ACT Erecting Louisiana into two territories, and providing for the Temporary Government thereof.

. . .That all that portion of country ceded by France to the Unites States, under the name of Louisiana, which lies south of the Mississippi Territory, and of an east and west line, to commence on the Mississippi River, at the thirty-third degree of north latitude, and to extend west to the western boundary of the said cession, shall constitute a territory of the United States, under the name of Territory of Orleans . . .

18. 2 Stat., p. 305
App. March 27. 1804.

/An Act of Congress changing the northern boundary of Mississippi./

7. The tract of country lying north of the Mississippi territory, and south of the State of Tennessee, and bounded on the east by the State of Georgia, and on the west by Louisiana, shall be, and the same is hereby annexed to and made a part of the Mississippi territory.

19. 7. Stat., pp. 98-100
Nov. 16, 1805.

A TREATY Between the United States and the Choctaw Nation, at Mount Dexter.

1. The mingos, chiefs, and warriors of the Choctaw nation of Indians, in behalf of themselves and the said nation, do, by these presents, cede to the United States of America, all the lands to which they now have or ever had claim, lying to the right of the following lines, to say: Beginning at a branch of the Humechooto, where the same is intersected by the present Choctaw boundary, and also by the path leading from Natchez to the county of Washington, usually called M'Clarey's path; thence easterly, along M'Clarey's path, to the east, or left bank of the Pearl River; thence on such a direct line as would touch the lower end of a bluff on the left bank of Chickasawha river, the first above the Hiyoewannee towns, called Broken Bluff, to a point within four miles of the Broken Bluff; thence in a direct line nearly parallel with the river, to a point whence an east line of four miles in length will intersect the river below the lowest settlement at present occupied and improved in the Hiyoewannee towns; thence, still east four miles; thence in a direct line nearly parallel with the river, to a point on a line to be run from the lower end of the Broken Bluff to Faluktabunnee, on the Tombigbee river, four miles from the Broken Bluff; thence along the said line to Faluktabunnee; thence east to the boundary between the Creeks and the Choctaws, on the ridge dividing the waters running into the Alabama from thence running into Tombigbee; thence southwardly along said ridge and boundary to the southern point of the Choctaw claim. Reserving a tract of area of ceded lands, as computed at the General Land Office, 4,374,244 acres . . .

20. Richardson, Messages and Papers of the Presidents, Vol. 1,
pp. 480-481.
Oct. 27, 1810.

/Proclamation of the President Relative to Lands claimed by the United States to have been included in the Louisiana Purchase, but which were still claimed by Spain./

Whereas the territory south of the Mississippi Territory and eastward of the River Mississippi and extending to the River Perdido, of which possession was not delivered to the United States in pursuance of the Treaty concluded at Paris, on the 30th of April, 1803, has at all times, as is well known, been considered and claimed by them as being within the colony of Louisiana conveyed by the said treaty, in the same extent that it had in the hands of Spain, and that it had when France originally possessed it . . . possession should be taken of the said territory, in the same and behalf of the United States. William C. C. Claiborne, governor of the Orleans Territory of which the said territory is to be taken as a part, will accordingly proceed to execute the same . . .

21. 2 Stat., p. 734
App. May 14, 1812.

/An Act of Congress adding to the Mississippi Territory./

All that portion of territory lying east of Pearl River, west of the Perdido, and south of the thirty-first degree of latitude, shall be, and the same is hereby annexed to the Mississippi Territory, to be governed by the laws now in force therein, or which may hereinafter be enacted, and the laws and ordinances of the United States relative thereto, in like manner as if the same had originally formed a part of said territory; . . .

22. 7 Stat., pp. 150-151
Sept. 20, 1816.

Treaty of Cession with the Chickasaws, at their Council-house.

II. The Chickasaw nation cedes to the United States (with the exception of such reservations as shall hereafter be specified), all right or title to lands on the north side of the Tennessee River, and relinquish all claim to territory on the south side of said river, and east of a line commencing at the mouth of Caney Creek, running up said creek to its source; thence asdue south course to the ridge path, or commonly called Gaines' road; thence along said road southwesterly to a point on the Tombigbee river, well known by the name of the Cotton Gin Port, and down the west bank of the Tombigbee to the Choctaw boundary . . .

23. 7 Stat., p. 152
Oct. 24, 1816

TREATY of Cession from the Choctaws

1. The Choctaw nation, for the consideration hereafter mentioned, cede to the United States all their title and claim to lands lying east of the following boundary: Beginning at the mouth of Ocktibbuha, the Chickasaw boundary, and running from thence down the Tombigbee river, until it intersects the northern boundary of a cession made to the United States by the Choctaws, at Mount Dexter, on the 16th November, 1805.

24. 3 Stat., pp. 348-350
App. March 1, 1817.

AN ACT to Enable the people of the Western Part of the Mississippi Territory to Form A Constitution and State Government, and for the Admission of such State Into the Union, on an Equal Footing with the Original States.

1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America on congress assembled, That the inhabitants of the western part of the Mississippi territory be, and they are, authorized to form for themselves a constitution and state government, and to assume

such name as they shall deem proper; and the said state, when formed, shall be admitted into the Union upon the same footing with the original states, in all respects whatever. 27.

2. The said state shall consist of all the territory included within the following boundaries, to-wit: Beginning on the river Mississippi at the point where the southern boundary line of the state of Tennessee strikes the same, thence east along the said boundary line to the Tennessee river, thence up the same to the mouth of Bear Creek, thence by a direct line to the northwest corner of the county of Washington, thence due south to the Gulf of Mexico, thence westwardly, including all the islands within six leagues of the shore, to the most eastern junction of Pearl River with Lake Borgne, thence up said river to the thirty-first degree of latitude, thence west along the said degree of latitude to the Mississippi river, thence up the same to the beginning. 28.

25. 8 Stat., pp. 252-265
Feb. 22, 1819.

TREATY of Amity, Settlement, and Limits, Between the United States and His Most Catholic Majesty.

ART. II. . . . His Catholic Majesty cedes to the United States . . . all the territories which belong to him situated to the eastward of the Mississippi River, known by the name of East and West Florida . . . 29.

/NOTE: This territory, bounded on the north by the 31st parallel, had been taken over by the United States as a part of the Louisiana Purchase. See entries 19 and 20./

26. 7 Stat., pp. 210-214
Jan. 8, 1821.

TREATY of Exchange of Territory Between the United States and the Choctaws, at Doak's Stand.

. . . The Mingoes, Head Men, and Warriors of the Choctaw nation in full council assembled, in behalf of themselves and the said nation, do, by these presents, cede to the United States of America, all the land lying and being within the boundaries following, to-wit: Beginning on the Choctaw boundary, east of the Pearl River, at a point due south of the White Oak Spring, on the old Indian path; thence north to said spring; thence northwardly to a black oak, standing on the Natchez road, about forty poles eastwardly from Doak's fence, marked AJ and blazed, with two large pines and a black oak standing near thereto, and marked as pointers; thence a straight line to the head of Black Creek, or Bogue Loosa; thence down Black Creek or Bogue Loosa to a small lake; thence a direct course, so as to strike the Mississippi one mile below the mouth of the Arkansas river; thence down the Mississippi to our boundary; thence round and along the same to the beginning . . . 30.

27. 7 Stat., pp. 333-339
Feb. 24, 1831.

/Treaty of Dancing Rabbit Creek Between the Choctaws and the United States./

III. In consideration of the provisions contained in the several articles of this treaty, the Choctaw nation of Indians consent and hereby cede to the United States the entire country they own and possess east of the Mississippi River . . .

28. 7 Stat., pp.
March 1, 1833.

/Treaty of Pontotoc Creek Between the United States and the Chickasaws./

ART. 1. For the consideration hereinafter expressed, the Chickasaw nation do hereby cede to the United States all the land which they own on the east side of the Mississippi, including all the country where they at present live and occupy.

29. L. M. 1838, p. 111
App. Feb. 8, 1838.

AN ACT to Establish the Northern Boundary of the State of Mississippi

Sec. 1. . . . That the State of Mississippi acknowledges the line recently run and marked as the division line between the State of Mississippi and Tennessee, commencing at a point on the west bank of the Tennessee River, six four-pole chains south of and above the mouth of Yellow Creek, and terminating at a point on the east bank of the Mississippi River opposite Cow Island, to be the southern boundary line of the State of Tennessee and the northern boundary line of the State of Mississippi.

30. L. M. 1856, pp. 225-226
App. Feb. 27. 1856.

AN ACT Defining the Limits and Divisions of the State of Mississippi

Sec. II, ART. 1. . . . the limits and boundaries of the State of Mississippi are defined as follows, to-wit: Beginning on the Mississippi River (meaning thereby the centre of said river or thread of the stream) where the southern boundary line of the State of Tennessee strikes the same, as run by B. A. Ludlow, D. W. Connelly, and W. Petrie, commissioners appointed for that purpose on the part of the State of Mississippi A. D. 1837 and J. D. Graham and Austin Miller, commissioners appointed for that purpose on the part of the State of Tennessee; thence east along said boundary line of the State of Tennessee to appoint on the west bank of the Tennessee River, six four-pole chains south of, and above the mouth of Bear

Creek; thence by a direct line to the north-west corner of the county of Washington (Ala.); thence in a direct line to a point ten miles east of the Pascagoula River, on the Gulf of Mexico; thence westwardly, including all the islands within six leagues of the shore to the most eastern junction of Pearl River with Lake Borgne; thence up said Pearl River to the thirty-first degree of north latitude; thence west along said degree of latitude to the middle, or thread of the stream of the Mississippi river; thence up the middle of the Mississippi river or thread of the stream to the place of beginning, including all islands, lying east of the thread of the stream of said river.

31. L. M. 1867, pp. 367-368
App. Feb. 9, 1867.

AN ACT to Transfer to the State of Louisiana the Island known as Bunch's Bend Island, in the Mississippi River, in Exchange for Island No. 92.

1. Be it enacted ... . that the island known as Bunch's Bend Island, now a part of the county of Issaquena, in this State, be, and the same is hereby transferred to the State of Louisiana.

2. Be it further enacted, that the island known as Island No. 92, now a part of the Parish of Carroll, in the State of Louisiana, shall, when transferred to this State by the Legislature of the State of Louisiana, be and constitute a part of the territory of the county of Issaquena, in this State.

3. Be it further enacted, that this act shall take effect and be in force from and after the date when the legislature of the State of Louisiana shall transfer to this State the island in the Mississippi River known as Island No. 92, and when the Congress of the United States shall approve and confirm the action of the legislature of this State and the State of Louisiana providing for this exchange of territory.

32. L. M. 1888, pp. 95, 96
App. March 10, 1888.

AN ACT to Provide for the Readjustment of the Boundary Line Between the State of Mississippi and the State of Arkansas.

1. Be it enacted . . . that the Governor of the State of Mississippi shall, within a reasonable time after the passage of this Act, appoint three commissioners who shall be residents and freeholders of the State, and one of whom shall be a civil engineer, who, for and in the name of the State of Mississippi, shall negotiate with and, if practicable, make a treaty with the State of Arkansas for the readjustment of the boundary line between the two States.

2. The said commissioners shall have plenary powers, in making said treaty, in the name of the State of Mississippi, to cede to the State of Arkansas jurisdiction over all lands within the jurisdiction of the State of Mississippi, that may now lie west of the main channel of the Mississippi river, and receive from the State of Arkansas cession of territory within the limits of the State of Arkansas now lying east of the main channel of the Mississippi River, adjusting the boundary line between the two States in such manner that all the lands lying west of the main channel of the Mississippi River may become a part of the State of Arkansas; and provided, that nothing herein shall effect or disturb existing rights of individuals in the lands that may be so ceded . . .

3. That the Governor of the State of Mississippi shall likewise appoint three commissioners to regulate a like treaty with the State of Louisiana; and the negotiation of whixh said treaty shall be conducted and concluded in the same manner, and the powers and duties of said commissioners shall be the same as provided in the foregoing provisions of this act in relation to the treaty with the State of Arkansas . . .

II. COUNTY BOUNDARY LAWS

33. Toulmin's Digest, 1807, pp. 2, 3; Turner's Digest, 1816, p. 87. App. Apr. 2, 1799:

[A Proclamation Forming Adams and Pickering Counties]

PROCLAMATION
BY WINTHROP SARGENT,
Governor of the Mississippi Territory

To all persons who shall see these presents, Greeting:

Whereas it has been directed by the sovereign authority of the United States, that for the due execution of process civil and criminal within this Territory, the Governor shall make proper divisions thereof, and proceed from time to time as circumstances require, to lay out the same into counties and townships, subject to future alteration as may be directed, and it appearing to me necessary for the purpose above mentioned, that two counties should be erected and laid out; I do ordain and order by these letters made patent, that all and singular the lands lying and being within the boundaries of the Mississippi Territory (as described in the 3d Section of the Law of the United States, bearing date April the seventh, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight, for establishing the government) should constitute two counties, the divisions of which shall be a line, commencing at the mouth of Fairchild's Creek, and running direct to the most southern part of Ellicot'sville, thence easterly along the dividing ridge of the waters of Cole's and Sandy Creeks, so far as the present settlements extend, and thence by a due east line to the territorial boundary, the southern or lower division of which is named and hereafter to be called the County of Adams and the northern or upper division the County of Pickering and unto the said Counties of Adams and Pickering, are hereby granted all and singular the jurisdiction, rights, liberties, privileges and immunities whatsoever, to a county belonging and appertaining, and which any other County that may hereafter be erected and laid off, shall or ought to enjoy, conformably to the laws and ordinances of the United States and of this Territory.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the public seal to be affixed, this second day of April, Anno Domini 1799, and in the 23d year of the Independence of the United States of America.

WINTHROP SARGENT

By his Excellency's command,
John Steele, Secretary.

34. Turner's Digest 1816, pp. 87, 88;
App. June 4, 1800.

/A Proclamation Forming Washington County/

PROCLAMATION
BY WINTHROP SARGENT
Governor of the Mississippi Territory

. . . I have thought proper . . . to erect a new County, and by these letters made patent, do ordain and order, that all and singular the lands lying and being within the following, viz. the territorial boundaries upon the north, east and south, and the Pearl river on the west, shall constitute the same to be named and hereafter to be called the County of Washington . . .

/NOTE: This county is not the present Washington County, Mississippi, but the county of the same name in Alabama./

35. Toulmin's Digest, 1807, p. 5; Turner's Digest, 1816, p. 89.
App. Jan. 30, 1802.

AN ACT to divide Adams County, and for other purposes therein mentioned.

Sec. 1. ...That the County of Adams shall be divided as follows; to-wit: Beginning on the river Mississippi, at the mouth of Homochitto river to Richards ferry, thence by a line running due east to the western boundary of Washington County: And all that tract of country south of the above described boundary, to the line of demarcation shall compose a county, which shall be called Wilkinson.

36. Toulmin's Digest, 1807, p. 4; Turner's Digest, 1816, p. 88.
App. Jan. 11, 1802.

AN ACT to alter the Name of Pickering County.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Legislative Council and House of Representatives of the Mississippi Territory, in General Assembly convened, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, that from and after the passing of this act, the county heretofore known by the name of Pickering, shall be called Jefferson County . . .

37. L. M. T. 1802, Series D. Nos. 1, 2; Toulmin's Digest, 1807, p. 45;
Turner's Digest, 1816, p. 88;
App. Jan. 27, 1802.

AN ACT to divide Jefferson County and for other purposes therein mentioned.

SECTION 1. . . . Be it enacted by the Legislature of the House of Representatives of the Mississippi Territory in General Assembly convened

that it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same that the said county of Jefferson shall be divided as follows, to wit: Beginning on the River Mississippi at the mouth of the petit Gulph Creek, thence running up the main branch of said creek four miles or to its source, should that not exceed four miles; thence by a line to be drawn due east, to the eastern territorial lines. And all that tract of country, north of the above mentioned creek and east line, south of the northern boundary of the said territory, and east of the Mississippi River, shall compose a County which shall be called Claiborne. . .

38. Turner's Digest, 1816, p. 89;
App. Jan. 30, 1802.

/AN ACT Establishing the Boundary between Adams and Jefferson Counties/

Sec. 1. The boundary line between the counties of Adams and Jefferson shall commence at the mouth of Fairchild's Creek on the Mississippi river, and run a direct course from thence to the south end of George Sulcer's house, thence along the southern boundary of Ellicottville to the southeast corner of said town, and thence by a due east line to the Indian boundary. . .

39. Turner's Digest, 1816, pp. 90, 91;
Approved March 12, 1803.

/AN ACT establishing the boundary between Jefferson and Claiborne County/

From and after the passing of this act, the boundary line between the counties of Jefferson and Claiborne shall be as follows, to wit: beginning on the bank of the river Mississippi at the lower end of the Petit-Gulf Hills, running thence a direct course to the northernmost part of the tract of land now occupied by Robert Trimble, on the waters of Tabor's fork of Bayou Pierre, continuing the same course until it shall intersect the road going from Henry Green's plantation to the Grindstone ford, and thence due east to the territorial line. . .

40. Turner's Digest, 1816, p. 93.
App. Feb. 7, 1807.

/AN ACT Fixing the Boundaries of Washington County/

Nothing contained in the "Act to establish the permanent seat of justice in Claiborne County, and for other purposes," or in any other act of the General Assembly, shall be so construed as to alter the boundaries of Washington County, as established by the proclamation of the governor of the Mississippi Territory. . .

41. L. M. T., 1807, Series D, Nos. 4, 5.
App. March 1, 1808.

AN ACT to divide Wilkinson County into two distinct counties and for other purposes.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Legislative Council and House of Representatives of the Mississippi Territory in General Assembly convened, that the County of Wilkinson, shall be divided by a line beginning at the thirty mile post East from the Mississippi River on the line of Demarcation and running with the township line, due north until it intersects the line of Adams County, thence with the said line East to the Indian Boundary, thence along the line of the Indian Boundary to the aforesaid line of demarcation, from thence west along said line, to the place of beginning and all that tract of country lying east of the dividing line, shall compose one County by the name of Amite and all that Tract of County lying West of the said dividing line, and with the bounds heretofore known as a part of Wilkinson County shall compose one county, by the name of Franklin . . .

/NOTE: This act is not found in any code, and was evidently never carried into effect/

42. L. M. 1809, Series, D. Nos. 6, 7, 8; Turner's Digest, 1816, p. 95;
App. Feb. 24, 1809.

AN ACT For The Division of Wilkinson County and for Other Purposes.

SECTION 1. The County of Wilkinson shall be divided as follows, to wit; Beginning at the thirty mile point East of the Mississippi River on the line of Demarcation and running with the township line due north until it intersects the line of Adams County, thence with the said line east to the line of Washington County, thence along said line to the aforesaid line of Demarcation, thence west along the said line to the place of beginning; and all that country lying east of the dividing line shall compose one county by the name of Amite . . .

43. Turner's Digest, 1816, p. 96;
App. Dec. 21, 1809.

/AN ACT Forming Wayne County from Washington/

Sect. 1. The county of Washington shall be, and the same is hereby divided in the following manner, to wit; Beginning on the line of demarcation, where the trading road leading from the Choctaw nation to Mobile, crosses the same, thence along said trading road, to the present Choctaw boundary line, thence along said boundary line to Pearl river, thence down the same to the line of demarcation, and with the same to the place of beginning, and all that tract of country within the above described boundary, shall compose a county, which shall be called Wayne . . .

44. Turner's Digest, 1816, p. 97;
App. Dec. 21, 1809.

/AN ACT forming Franklin County from Adams/

Sect. 1. The part of Adams County included within the following boundaries, shall hereafter compose one county, to be designated and known by the name of Franklin, to-wit: Beginning at the point where the Basis meridian line intersects the river Homochitto, and pursuing the said meridian line until it intersects the line dividing the counties of Adams and Jefferson, thence pursuing the last mentioned line to the western boundary of Washington County, thence pursuing the last mentioned line until it intersects the northern boundary of Amite County, thence along the said last mentioned boundary line to the point where it intersects the said river Homochitto, and thence pursuing the meanders of said river to the beginning point first mentioned . . .

48.

45. Turner's Digest, 1816, p. 98;
App. Dec. 22, 1809.

/AN ACT Forming Warren County/

. . . All that part of the Mississippi territory which lies north of the river Big Black, is hereby created into a new county, which shall hereafter be called and known by the name of Warren.

46. L. M. T., 1809, Series D. Nos. 6, 7, 8; Turner's Digest, 1816, p. 99;
App. Dec. 22, 1809.

AN ACT To Establish a Permanent Boundary Line Between the Counties of Adams and Jefferson

Sec. 1. That the dividing line between the counties of Adams and Jefferson; shall hereafter be as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the Mississippi River, immediately opposite the plantation of E. Rose, and thence running on the North side of the said Rose's Plantation to Stover's Mount near Fairchild's Creek; thence running up the South branch of the said Creek, following its course up the main Branch of the said Creek, to a place known by the name of John Griffin's Still-House Spring; thence to the north end of Edmund Andrew's gin; and thence a due East Course, until it intersects the Basis Meridian line; thence pursuing the same line south, until it intersects the Seventh parallel township line; thence pursuing said township line until it intersects the Indian boundary line . . .

49.

47. L. M. T., 1810, Series D., Nos. 6, 7, 8; Turner's Digest, 1816, p. 99;
App. Dec. 3, 1810.

AN ACT to Alter the Boundary Lines Between the Counties of Adams and Wilkinson, Franklin and Wilkinson, and Franklin and Amite.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted, by the Legislative Council and House of Representatives of the Mississippi Territory in General Assembly convened, that

the River Homochitto shall be the boundary line between the counties of Adams and Wilkinson, from its mouth to the basis meridian line, and between the counties of Wilkinson and Franklin from the last mentioned place to township range No. 1, east; and between the counties of Amite and Franklin from the last mentioned place, until it is intersected by the fourth township line, and from thence by fourth township line to Pearl River . . .

48. Turner's Digest, 1816, p. 100;
Dec. 7, 1811.

AN ACT appointing Commissioners to mark out the dividing lines between the counties therein named.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted that Thomas Hinds and Daniel Beasley of the County of Jefferson and Samuel Cobun and Allen Barnes of the County of Claiborne be and they are hereby appointed Commissioners for the purpose of marking out the dividing line of Jefferson and Claiborne Counties as established by an Act entitled an Act to establish the permanent seat of Justice in Claiborne County and for other purposes, passed March 12th, 1803, and that Alexander Montgomery and Ferdinand L. Claiborne of Adams County and Joseph Dunbar and Hezekiah I. Balch of Jefferson County be and they are hereby appointed commissioners for the purpose of marking out the dividing line between the County of Adams and Jefferson from a place on the main branch of Fairchild's Creek known by the name of John Griffin's still House Springs to the place of the said Counties' line of intersection with the Basis Meridian line as established by an Act entitled an Act to establish a permanent boundary line between the counties of Adams and Jefferson passed 22nd Dec. 1809.

Sec. 5. And be further enacted that the Commissioners appointed to run and mark out the line between the Counties of Jefferson and Claiborne do run and mark out the same between the counties aforesaid agreeably to the line mentioned in the before recited Act as far as the Red lick Road from thence a course to intersect the South fork of Bayou Pierre as Elijah L. Clark's waggon ford on said Creek from thence up the various courses of said creek to the Indian boundary line shall be the permanent boundary between the aforesaid counties.

49. Turner's Digest, 1816, pp. 104, 105;
App. Dec. 9, 1811.

/AN ACT Forming Marion and Green Counties/

Sect. 1. The counties of Wayne, Franklin and Amite shall be, and the same are hereby divided in the following manner, to-wit: Beginning on the line of demarcation, where the trading road leading from the Choctaw nation to Mobile crosses the same, thence along the said trading road to where the fifth parallel township line crosses the same, thence west with said line to the fourth range of township east of Pearl river, numbering from thence the line of demarcation crosses the same, thence down the said range of townships to the line of demarcation, and with the same east to the beginning, shall compose a county which shall be called Greene.

Sect. II. All that tract of country within the following boundaries, to-wit: Beginning on the trading road, where the fifth parallel township line crosses the same, thence along said trading road to the present Choctaw boundary line, thence along said boundary line to the fourth range of townships east of Pearl river, thence down the said range of townships south to where the fifth parallel township crosses the same, thence east with said line to the beginning, shall compose a county, which shall be called Wayne. 52.

Sect. III. All that tract of country within the following boundaries, to-wit: Beginning on the line of demarcation, where the fourth range of townships east of Pearl river intersects the said line, thence west with said line of demarcation to the sixty mile post, east of the Mississippi, being the first range of townships west of Tansopiho, thence north on said line of townships to the Choctaw boundary line, thence along said Choctaw boundary line to the fourth range of townships east of Pearl river, thence with said range to the beginning, shall constitute a county which shall be called Marion . . .

50. Carter, Territorial Papers, VI, p. 305.
Aug. 1, 1812.

By David Holmes, Governor of the Mississippi Territory.

A PROCLAMATION

Whereas by an act of Congress of the United States passed the 14th day of May in the year one thousand eight hundred and twelve entitled "an act to enlarge the boundaries of the Mississippi Territory," there has been annexed to the said Territory all that tract of Country lying East of Pearl River, West of the Perdido, and South of the thirty first degree of North latitude. And whereas the same is to be governed by the laws thereof now in force, or such as may hereafter be enacted, and the laws and ordinances of the United States relative thereto, in like manner as if the said tract of Country had originally formed a part of the said Territory. Now know ye, that by virtue of the powers in me vested as Governor of the Mississippi Territory, and in order that the benefit of the laws and ordinances aforesaid may be extended to the people inhabiting the said tract of Country, I do hereby erect the same into a County, and by these letters patent do order and declare that the said County shall be called and known by the name of Mobile . . . 53.

51. Turner's Digest, 1816, p. 107.
App. December 10, 1812.

[AN ACT Forming Clarke County from Washington]

Sect. I. All that part of Washington County lying east of Tombigbee river, shall form a county which shall hereafter be called and known by the name of Clarke . . . 54.

[NOTE: This is the present Clarke County, Alabama.]

52. Turner's Digest, 1816, p. 108
App. Dec. 18, 1812.

/AN ACT Dividing Mobile County and Forming Jackson and Hancock Counties/

Sec. 1. The county of Mobile be, and the same is hereby divided in the following manner to wit; All that part of the county situated south of the thirty-first degree of north latitude, and bounded east by the Perdido river, west by the dividing ridge between the Mobile river and Pascagoula, shall compose a county which shall be called "Mobile."

Sec. II. All that tract of country within the following boundaries, to wit; South of thirty-first degree of north latitude and west of the dividing ridge between the Mobile and Pascagoula, and east of a line running due north from the middle of the Bay of Biloxi to the thirty-first degree of north latitude, shall compose a county which shall be called "Jackson."

Sec. III. All that tract of country lying south of the thirty-first degree of north latitude and west of the line running due north from the middle of the Bay of Biloxi to the thirty-first degree of north latitude and east of the Pearl river shall compose a county and shall be known by the name of "Hancock." . . .

53. L. M. T., 1914, Series D. Nos. 7, 8, 9; Turner's Digest, 1816, p. 113
App. Dec. 22, 1814.

AN ACT For Dividing Marion County And Forming A County By The Name Of Lawrence.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Legislature Council and House of Represenatives of the Mississippi Territory in General Assembly convened; that Marion county shall be and the same is hereby divided in the following manner, to wit; Beginning on the Franklin County line where the middle section line of the fifth township intersects the same; thence East along the said line to its intersection with the Eastern boundary line of the County of Marion, and all that tract of country on the North side of the said line and within the original boundary of Marion County, shall form a county known by the name of Lawrence. . . .

54. L. M. T., 1815, Series D, Nos. 7, 8, 9
App. Dec. 9, 1815

AN ACT For The Division Of Marion County, Establishing A County By The Name Of Pike And For Other Purposes.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Legislative Council and House of Representatives of the Mississippi Territory, in General Assembly convened; That the county at present known and called by the name of Marion, be, and

the same is hereby divided in the following manner, to wit; Beginning on the line of demarcation at the southeast corner of Amite County, running from thence east along said line thirty miles; thence a line to run due north to its intersection with the summit of the dividing ridge between the waters of Boguechitto and Pearl River, after the same shall cross the water of M'Gees Creek, thence along the said ridge until it intersects the south boundary of Lawrence County; and all that tract of Territory formerly a part of Marion County lying North and West of the lines thus described, shall form a new County, hereafter to be known and called by the name of Pike . . .

55. L. M. 1819, pp. 22-24
App. Feb. 5, 1819.

AN ACT to Divide the Counties of Lawrence and Wayne, and Form a New County out of the Same.

. . .That all that tract of country, lying within the following boundaries, to wit; Beginning on the eastern boundary of the eighteenth range line, where it intersects the southern boundary line of Lawrence county, thence north along the said range line, to its intersection with the dividing Ridge, between the waters of Leaf and Pearl Rivers; thence, along the summit of said Ridge, to its intersection with the Choctaw boundary line; thence eastwardly, along the said Choctaw boundary line, to the eastern boundary of the tenth range line; thence south, along the said range line to its intersection with the northern boundary of Greene County; thence west, along the said line, to the corner of said county of Greene; thence along the fifth parallel Township line, to where the same, intersects the eighteenth range line, shall form a new county, to be called and known by the name of Covington . . .

56. L. M. 1819, pp. 14, 15
App. Feb. 12, 1819.

AN ACT to Divide the County of Franklin, and Annex a Part Thereof to The County of Amite.

. . .That all that part of Franklin County lying on the east side of the dividing ridge between the rivers Homochitto and Amite, and within the fifth township and sixth range, being in the south-east corner of said Franklin County, be and the same is hereby separated from the said county of Franklin, and annexed, to and made a part of the county of Amite, any laws to the contrary notwithstanding.

57. L. M. 1819, pp. 122, 123.
App. Feb. 12, 1819.

AN ACT to Annex a Part of the County of Lawrence to the County of Marion.

. . .That all that section of country lying within the following boundaries, viz: beginning on the dividing line between the counties of

Lawrence and Marion, where the eighteenth range line crosses the same, thence north along said range line to the southwest corner of the county of Covington, thence east along the southern boundary of Covington to the corner of the county of Greene, thence south along the western boundary of the county of Greene to its intersection with the original dividing line between the counties of Lawrence and Marion; thence west along said original dividing line to the beginning corner, shall be and the same is hereby annexed to the county of Marion, any law to the contrary notwithstanding.

58. L. M. 1819, p. 17.
App. Feb. 18, 1819.

AN ACT to Alter the Dividing Line Between the Counties of Hancock and Jackson.

. . . That the dividing line between the counties of Hancock and Jackson, shall be as follows, to wit: Beginning at the middle of the Bay of Biloxi, thence running a direct course, to where the western boundary of the ninth Range line intersects the line of demarcation; any law to the contrary notwithstanding . . .

59. L. M. 1820, pp. 26, 27
App. Feb. 3, 1820.

AN ACT to Divide the County of Greene and Form a New County out of the Same.

Sec. 1. . . . That all that tract of country within the following boundaries, to wit: Beginning on the line of demarcation where the line that divides the thirteenth and fourteenth ranges intersects the said line of demarcation; thence north within said range line to where the fifth parallel township line crosses the same; thence east with said township line to where the line that divides the eighth and ninth ranges crosses the same; thence south to the line of demarcation; thence west to the beginning; shall constitute a county, to be called and known by the name of Perry, in honor of the memory of the late Olivar H. Perry, of the United States Navy . . .

60. L. M. 1820, p. 61
App. Feb. 12, 1820.

AN ACT More Fully to Define the Divisional Line Between the Counties of Jefferson and Claiborne,

. . . That the dividing line between the counties of Jefferson and Claiborne, established by an act passed the 7th of December 1811, be, and is hereby established from the Mississippi to Clark's wagon ford, on the south branch of Bayou Pierre; thence up said creek to the township line, between township nine and ten; thence pursuing said line east, to the Indian line . . .

61. L. M. 1821, pp. 35-37.
App. Feb. 9, 1821.

AN ACT to Form a County East of the Tombigbee River, and for Other Purposes.

Sec. 1. . . .That all the tract of country lying on the east side of Tombigby River, within the following boundaries, to wit: Beginning on the east side of said river, where the eastern boundary of this State crosses the same; thence northwardly with said boundary line to the Chickasaw boundary; thence with said boundary line westwardly to the Tombigby river; thence with the meanders of said river to the beginning, shall constitute a county, to be called and known by the name of Monroe.

62. L. M. 1821, pp. 79, 80
App. Feb. 10, 1821.

AN ACT to Annex a Part of the County of Wilkinson to the County of Amite.

Sec. 1. . . .That all that tract of country within the following boundaries, that is to say, beginning at the Amite line on the Homochitto river, and down said river to the mouth of Foster's Creek, and up the northeastern branch of the said creek to the line of Amite County, and thence along said line to the place of beginning, shall be and the same is hereby annexed to and made a part of the County of Amite; any law, usage or custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

63. L. M. 1821, pp. 97-99
App. Feb. 12, 1821.

AN ACT to Establish a New County Within That Tract of County Lately Ceded to the United States by the Choctaw Nations of Indians, and to Extend the Laws of This State into the Same.

Sec. 1. . . .That all that tract of country ceded to the United States by the Choctaw Nation of Indians, by a treaty concluded between the commissioners on the part of the United States, and the Chiefs headmen and warriors on the part of the Choctaw Nation of Indians, on the eighteenth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and twenty. And bounded as follows, that is to say, beginning on the Choctaw Boundary east of Pearl River, at a point due South of the White Oak Spring on the Old Indian path, thence a direct line to Black Oak standing on the Natchez Road, about forty poles Eastward from Koaks Fence, markes A. P. and blazed with two large Pines and a Black Oak standing near thereto and marked as pointers; thence a straight line to the head of Black Creek, on Bouge Lorsa to a small lake; thence a direct course so as to strike the Mississippi one mile below the Arkansas River; thence down the Mississippi to the mouth of the Yazoo River; thence along the line heretofore known by the name of the Indian Boundary line to the beginning shall be hereby erected and established into a new county which shall be called and known by the name of Hinds County . . .

64. L. M. 1821, pp. 20, 21.
App. Nov. 24, 1821.

AN ACT to Extend the Limits of Warren County.

Sec. 1. . . . That from and after the passage of his Act, the limits of Warren county shall be extended as follows, viz: Beginning where the county line strikes the river Yazoo, thence up said river with its meanders, a distance that shall be equal to five miles on a direct line; thence through thirty degrees east, to Big Black River; thence down the same to the present county line; which tract of territory contained in the above described limit; shall be attached to and form a part of the County of Warren.

65. L. M. 1822-23, p. 26.
App. June 27, 1822.

AN ACT to Alter the Boundary Line Between the Counties of Greene and Jackson.

Sec. 1. . . . That from and after the passage of this act, the boundary line between the counties of Greene and Jackson shall be as follows, to wit: Beginning on the eastern boundary line of the state of Mississippi where the line of demarkation crosses the same; thence south, along said state line, six miles to the southern boundary of the first township; thence west, along said township line, to the Pascagoula river, thence up said river to the confluence of Leaf and Chickasawhay rivers; thence up said Leaf river to the line of demarkation; any law to the contrary notwithstanding.

66. L. M. 1821-22, pp. 274-277;
App. June 29, 1822.

AN ACT to Define the Boundaries of the Several Counties of This State.

Sec. 1. The river Homochitto shall be the dividing line between the counties of Adams and Wilkinson, from its mouth to its intersection with the basis meridian line, and from thence the said river shall be the dividing line between the counties of Wilkinson and Franklin to the mouth of Foster's Creek on said river.

The dividing line between the counties of Jefferson and Claiborne Shall be as follows, to wit; Beginning on the bank of the Mississippi river, at the lower end of the Petit Gulf Hills, running thence a direct course to the most northernpoint of the tract of land known by the name of Robert Trimbles on Tabor's Creek of Bayou Pierre, continuing the same course until it shall intersect the south fork of Bayou Pierre at Elijah L. Clark's wagon ford on said creek; thence up said creek to the township line between township nine and ten; thence pursuing said line east to the old Choctaw boundary line.

The river Big Black, from its mouth to the old Choctaw boundary line, shall be the dividing line between the counties of Claiborne and Warren.

The dividing line between the counties of Warren and Hinds shall be as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the mouth of the Yazoo river; thence up the same to where the former county line strikes said river; thence from said place up the said river with its meanders a distance that shall equal five miles in a direct line; thence south thirty degrees east to Big Black river; thence down the same to the old Choctaw boundary line.

The dividing line between the counties of Wilkinson and Amite shall be as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the thirty mile post, east of the river Mississippi, on the line of demarcation, and running with said township line due north until it intersects the north-east branch of Foster's Creek; thence down said creek to its junction with the Homochitto.

The dividing line between the counties of Amite and Franklin shall be as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the mouth of Foster's Creek, on the Homochitto river; thence up the said river with its meanders to the fourth township line; thence with the said township line due east till it shall intersect the dividing ridge between the waters of the river Homochitto and the east fork of Amite; thence with the summit of said ridge till it intersects the township line between the sixth and seventh ranges. The second range line, beginning on the line of demarcation, at the sixty mile post, east from the Mississippi river, being the first range of townships west of Tensepiho running due north, shall be the dividing line between the counties of Amite and Pike and Amite and Lawrence and between Franklin and Lawrence.

The dividing line between the counties of Pike and Marion shall be as follows, to-wit: Beginning on the line of demarcation at the ninety mile post, east from the Mississippi river, running thence due north on the township line to its intersection with the summit of the dividing ridge between the waters of Boguechitto and Pearl river after the same crosses the waters of McGee's creek; thence along said ridge until it intersects the southern boundary of Lawrence county.

The dividing line between the counties of Pike, Marion and Lawrence shall be as follows, to wit: Beginning on the Franklin county line, where the middle section line of the fifth township intersects the same; thence east along said line to its intersection with the eastern boundary line of the counties of Marion and Lawrence.

The dividing line between the counties of Marion and Perry shall be the range line between the thirteenth and fourteenth ranges, from the line of demarcation to the northern boundary of the fifth township line.

The dividing line between the counties of Lawrence and Covington shall be as follows, to wit: Beginning on the eastern boundary of the eighteenth range line, where it intersects the southern boundary line of Lawrence county; thence north along said range line to its intersection with the dividing ridge between the waters of Leaf and Pearl rivers; thence along the summit of said ridge to its intersection with the Choctaw boundary line.

The dividing line between the counties of Perry and Greene shall be the line that divides the eighth and ninth ranges from the line of demarcation to the northern boundary of the fifth parallel township line.

The dividing line between the counties of Covington and Wayne shall be the eastern boundary line of the twelth range of townships, from the northern boundary of the fifth parallel township running north to the Choctaw boundary line.

The line of demarcation running east shall be the dividing line between the counties of Hancock, Marion and Perry, and between the counties of Jackson and Greene, until it shall intersect Leaf river; and from thence the boundary between Greene and Jackson shall be down Leaf river till it shall intersect the first paralled township line south of the line of demarcation; thence east with said township line to the eastern boundary line of the State.

The fifth parallel township line from the eightoenth range line, running due east to the eastern boundary line of the State, shall be the dividing line between the counties of Perry and Covington, and between the counties of Greene and Wayne.

The dividing line between the counties of Hancock and Jackson shall be as follows to wit: Beginning at the middle of the bay of Biloxi; thence running a direct course to where the western boundary of the ninth range line intersects the line of demarcation.

The county of Hinds shall consist of all that tract of country lately acquired from its Choctaws except that part laid off to the county of Warren, from the Yazoo to Big Black rivers, herein before described, and excepting, also, that part which indents the county of Franklin on the northeast corner of said county, which shall hereafter be annexed to and form a part of the county of Franklin, and the dividing line between the counties of Hinds and Franklin shall be a straight continuation of the dividing line between the counties of Jefferson and Franklin, until it intersects a point precisely north of the dividing line between the counties of Lawrence and Franklin.

The county of Monroe shall consist of all that tract of country lying east of the Tombigby river, and within the limits of this State.

67. L. M. 1822-23, pp. 64, 65;
App. Jan. 16, 1823.

AN ACT to Alter the Boundary Line Between the Counties of Greene and Jackson.

Sec. 1. . . . That the boundary line between the counties of Greene and Jackson shall, from and after the passage of this act, be as follows, to wit: Beginning on the Pascagoula river, where the first township line south of the line of demarcation crosses said river; thence along said township to its intersection with the dividing line between the counties of Jackson and Hancock; thence north along said line to the line of demarcation; any law to the contrary notwithstanding.

68. L. M. 1822-23, pp. 72-74;
App. Jan. 17, 1823.

AN ACT to Divide the County of Covington, and Form a New County out of Same.

Sec. 1. . . .That all that tract of country lying within the following boundaries, to-wit; Beginning on the eastern boundary of the eighteenth range line, where it intersects the southern boundary line to Lawrence county; thence north along said range line, to its intersection with the dividing ridge between the waters of Leaf and Pearl rivers; thence along the summit of said ridge to its intersection with the Choctaw boundary line; thence eastward along the said Choctaw boundary line; to the eastern boundary of the fourteenth range line; thence south along the said range line to the fifth parallel township line; to where the same intersects the eighteenth range line, shall form a new county, to be called and known by the name of Bainbridge.

69. L. M. 1822-23, pp. 114, 115.
App. Jan. 20, 1823.

AN ACT Farther to Extend the Limits of Warren County, and to Designate the Boundary Lines of the Same.

Sec. 1. . . .That from and after the passage of this act, the limits of Warren county shall be extended as follows, to wit; Beginning on the bank of the Mississippi river, and running due east to a point which bears north forty-five degrees east, distant ten miles from the place where the old Choctaw boundary line strikes the Yazoo; thence running south twenty degrees east, to the Big Black river; thence down the same, with its meanders, to the old Choctaw boundary line; Provided, That if the said point, as above designated, should fall south of the Yazoo, then, and in that case, the line which runs south twenty degrees east, shall be so extended as to strike the Yazoo; and from thence due west to the Mississippi; which tract, so included, shall be annexed to, and hereafter form a part of, the county of Warren . . ..

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, that the act entitled "An act to extend the limits of Warren County" passed the 24th day of November, 1821 shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

70. L. M. 1822-23, p. 100;
App. Jan. 21, 1823.

AN ACT to Amend An Act Entitled "An Act to Define the Boundaries of the Several Counties of This State."

Sec. 1. . . .That the dividing line between the counties of Adams and Jefferson shall be hereafter as follows; Beginning on the Mississippi River, at the upper side of E. Rose's old settlement, and running from thence a direct line to Stover's Mound, near Fairchild's Creek; thence running up the south branch of said creek, following its meanders, to a place

formerly known as John Griffin's still-house spring, now George Selser's Spring; thence a direct line to the northeast corner of Edmund Andrew's cotton gin; thence a due east course until it intersects the basis meridian line; thence pursuing said line south to the north boundary of township number seven; thence between the counties of Jefferson and Franklin, running due east on the line of the north boundary of township number seven, until it intersects the old Indian boundary line; thence running between the counties of Jefferson and Hinds, along said old Indian boundary, north, to where the north boundary line of township number nine intersects said line . . ..

71. L. M. 1822-23, pp. 117-119;
App. Jan. 21, 1823.

AN ACT to Divide the County of Hinds, and Form New Counties out of the Same, and for Other Purposes.

Sec. 1. . . .That all that tract of country within the following boundaries, to wit; Beginning at a point on Big Black river, where the northern boundary line of township seven intersects the same; thence due east along said line to where it strikes Pearl River; thence up said river to where the Choctaw boundary line crosses the same; thence along said boundary line to where it strikes the Mississippi river; thence down said river to the northern boundary line of Warren county; thence along said boundary line to Big Black river; thence with the same to the beginning; shall constitute a county, to be called and known by the name of Yazoo . . ..

Sec. 7. . . .That all that tract of country lying and being within the following limits and boundaries, to wit; Beginning on the eastern boundary of Claiborne County, where the southern boundary of township three strikes the same; thence east along said line to the Choctaw boundary line; thence southwardly with the same to the northern boundary of Covington County; thence westwardly along the old Choctaw boundary line to the southwest corner of the same; thence northwardly with the old Choctaw boundary to the beginning; shall form a new county, to be called and known by the name of Copiah . . ..

72. L. M. 1823-24, pp. 35, 36.
App. Jan. 21, 1824.

AN ACT to Repeal an Act, Entitled "An Act, to Divide Covington County, and Form a New County out of the Same."

Sec. 1. . . .That an act, approved, January, the seventeenth, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-three, "to divide Covington county, and form a new county out of the same;" be and the same is hereby repealed.

73. L. M. 1823-24, pp. 44, 45;
App. Jan. 21, 1824.

AN ACT to Alter and Define the Boundary Line, Between the Counties of Jackson and Hancock.

Sec. 1. . . .That the line dividing the counties of Jackson and Hancock, shall begin on the line of demarcation, where the township line, dividing ranges ten and eleven strikes the same; thence south, along the said township line, to the bay, any law to the contrary notwithstanding.

74. L. M. 1823-24, p. 87;
App. Jan. 23, 1824.

AN ACT to Divide and Define the Limits of Copiah, and for Other Purposes.

Sec. 1. . . .That all that portion of Copiah county west of Pearl River, shall form and constitute the county of Copiah; and all that portion of said county east of Pearl River, shall form one county, to be known by the name of Simpson, in memory of the late, Honorable Josiah Simpson . . ..

75. L. M. 1825, p. 48;
App. Feb. 1, 1825.

AN ACT to Alter and Define the Boundary Lines, between the Counties of Covington, Wayne, Lawrence, and Marion.

. . .That the line dividing the counties of Covington and Wayne, shall be the eastern boundary line of the eleventh range of townships from the northern boundary of the fifth parallel township running north, to the Choctaw boundary line.

Sec. 2. . . .That the dividing lines between the counties of Covington and Lawrence, shall be as follows, (to-wit); Beginning on the eastern boundary of the fifth township line, thence due west four miles; thence due north to Simpson County line, any law to the contrary notwithstanding.

Sec. 3. . . .That all that tract of country, lying in the southeast corner of Lawrence County, beginning on the eastern boundary of the eighteenth range line, where it now intersects the southern boundary of Lawrence county line, then due west four miles; then due north three miles, then due east four miles; then due south; till it intersects the southern boundary of Lawrence county line, &c, and the same is hereby attached to Marion County.

76. L. M. Jan. 1825, pp. 78, 79;
App. Feb. 2, 1825.

AN ACT to Define the Boundary Lines of Pike, Lawrence, and Amite Counties.

. . .That the boundary lines between the counties of Pike, Lawrence, and Amite, shall be as follows; Commencing on the western boundary line of Pike County at the middle of the fifth township, it being on the western boundary line of range seven, and running north to the fifth parallel township line; thence east, along said line to the western boundary of Captain James Miller's company; thence south to the middle of said fifth township, it being the present northern boundary line of Pike County; provided however, that the premises on which Hockody Brister resides, if the same lies adjoining the middle line of the fifth township, as well as all that part of Lawrence county, which is taken in by the lines above mentioned, be, and the same is hereby attached to the county of Pike.

77. L. M. 1825, pp. 99, 100;
App. Feb. 3, 1825.

AN ACT to Attach a Part of the County of Hancock, to the County of Perry.

. . .That from and after the passage of this act, all that part of Hancock county, contained in townships one and two, of ranges eleven, twelve, and thirteen, be and the same is hereby attached to, and shall be a part of the county of Perry.

78. L. M. 1826, p. 59;
App. Jan. 24, 1826.

AN ACT, to Define the Boundary Lines of Jones County, and For Other Purposes.

. . .That all that part of Covington county, lying east of the centre of range fourteen, and all that part of Wayne, county lying west of range nine, shall constitute and form a new county to be known and called by the name of Jones County . . ..

79. L. M. 1827, pp. 113, 114;
App. Jan. 29, 1827.

AN ACT to Divide the County of Yazoo, and Organize a New County out of the Same and a Part of Warren County, and for Other Purposes.

Sec. 1. . . .That so much of the counties of Yazoo and Warren, as lies west of the Yazoo River, beginning on the right bank of said river where the Choctaw boundary line strikes the same, thence along said boundary to the Mississippi river, thence down said river to a point on the [illegible] said river where the east and west line between township 17 and 18 strikes

the same; thence along said line to where the same strikes the Yazoo River, thence up the said last mentioned river to the place of beginning, shall constitute a county, which shall be called the county of Washington. 83.

80. L. M. 1827, p. 23;
App. Feb. 2, 1827.

AN ACT to Define the Boundary Line Between the Counties of Pike and Lawrence.

Sec. 1. . . .That the boundary line between the counties of Pike and Lawrence shall be as before established by law, with the following amendment, to wit; the same to commence on the fifth parallel township 84.
line, where the western boundary line of Granbury Blunt's land joins the same, thence north, along said line, to the north-west corner of said Blunt's land, thence east, until it becomes opposite the eastern boundary line of Jesse S. Brown's land, on which he now resides, thence south to the fifth parallel township line, so as to include the lands and residence of the above named Granbury Blunt and Jesse S. Brown, in the county of Pike.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the aforesaid proposed line shall not extend further north than one mile from the aforesaid fifth parallel township line.

85.

81. L. M. 1828, p. 8;
App. Jan. 24, 1828.

AN ACT to Restore the Boundary Between the Counties of Hancock and Jackson, and Perry Enlarged.

. . .That from and after the passage of this act, the boundary between the counties of Jackson and Hancock, as established by the act entitled "An Act, to define the boundaries of the several counties of this state", passed June 29th, 1822, be, and the same is hereby restored; and all acts, and parts of acts, contravening the provisions of this act, be and the same are hereby repealed; Provided, That townships one and two, in range ten, shall be annexed to, and become a part of Perry.

82. L. M. 1828, p. 17;
App. Jan. 29, 1828.

AN ACT to Divide Yazoo County and to Organize a New County out of the Same. 86.

Sec. 1. . . .That so much of the county of Yazoo as lies east of Big Black river, beginning on the east bank of said river, where the Hinds county line strikes the same, thence with said line to Pearl river, thence up said river to the Choctaw boundary line, thence with said boundary line to where it strikes the Big Black; thence down the Big Black river to the beginning, shall constitute a county, which shall be called the county of Madison.

83. L. M. 1828, pp. 114-118;
App. Feb. 4, 1828.

AN ACT to Divide Hinds County, and Organize a New County out of the Same, and for Other Purposes.

Sec. 1. . . . That all that portion of Hinds County lying and being west of Pearl River, shall form and constitute the county of Hinds; and all that portion of Hinds County east of Pearl River, shall form and constitute the county of Rankin, in memory of the late Honorable Christopher Rankin . . .

84. L. M. 1828, p. 61;
App. Feb. 6, 1828.

AN ACT to Annex a Part of Washington County to the County of Yazoo.

Sec. 1. . . . That all that tract of territory, lying west of Yazoo river, and east of the following line, shall form and constitute a part of Yazoo county, (viz) Beginning on the south end of the section line, between sections three and four, of township thirteen, and range two west, and running due north to the Yazoo river.

85. L. M. 1828, p. 91.
App. Feb. 8, 1828.

AN ACT, to Ascertain the Beginning Point and to Run the Dividing Line Between the Counties of Claiborne and Jefferson.

Sec. 1. . . . That Isaac N. Selser and John S. Norris, of Jefferson County, and Thomas W. Cogan and Jeremiah Watson, Jr. of Claiborne County, be appointed commissioners to ascertain and establish the beginning point on the bank of the Mississippi river, of the dividing line between the counties of Jefferson and Claiborne, and from thence to run and mark out said dividing line to the south fork of Bayou Pierre, in pursuance of the course described in the act, entitled, an Act, to define the boundaries of the several counties of this state, passed the twenty-ninth day of June, eighteen hundred and twenty two; and that any two (being one from each county) of said commissioners may proceed to the performance of the duties herein enjoined by giving to the others ten days' notice of such intention.

86. L. M. 1828, pp. 86-88.
App. Feb. 12, 1828.

AN ACT to Run and Establish the Dividing Line Between the Counties of Warren, Washington and Yazoo.

Sec. 4. . . . That the dividing line between the counties of Warren and Washington, shall begin on the east bank of the Mississippi River, at the

upper end of the plantation of Norry Henly, and run so as to intersect the line between the counties of Warren and Yazoo, where the same strikes the Yazoo river.

87. L. M. 1829, p. 6.
App. Jan. 19, 1829.

AN ACT Establishing a Permanent Line Between the Counties of Warren and Claiborne.

Sec. 1. . . . That from and after the passage of this act, the dividing line between the counties of Warren and Claiborne, shall be as follows, to wit; Beginning on the Big Black River, at a point, where the southern line of Hinds County strikes the same, thence down Big Black river to its junction with Big Bogosha, thence up the Big Bogosha, to its junction with Little Bogosha thence along the Little Bogosha, to the Mississippi River, nearly opposite the Big Black Island.

88. L. M. 1829, pp. 51, 52.
App. Jan. 28, 1829.

AN ACT to Change the Dividing Line Between the Counties of Warren and Yazoo.

Sec. 1. . . . that the dividing line between the counties of Warren and Yazoo, shall hereafter run as follows, to wit; Beginning on the Yazoo river, at the mouth of Collins' Bayou, and run on a direct line to that point on the Big Black river, where the north boundary line of township number seven, in range four, west, strikes the same.

89. L. M. 1829, p. 17.
App. Feb. 5, 1829.

AN ACT to Attach a Portion of Hinds County to Madison County.

. . . That the parts of fractional Township seven, Ranges two and three, East of the Basis Meridian, which are in Hinds County, be, and the same is hereby attached to Madison County.

90. L. M. 1829, pp. 68-69.
App. January 31st, 1829.

AN ACT to Define The Boundary Line Between Jefferson And Claiborne.

Sec. I. Be it Enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Mississippi, in General Assembly Convened, That Robert J. Walker, together with two other persons not citizens of either of the counties litigant, be appointed by the county court of Adams county commissioners to ascertain and fix on the beginning point, on the Mississippi river, of the dividing line between the counties of Jefferson and Claiborne, and that they

91.

attend for that purpose at the town of Rodney, on any day they may appoint within the present year, after giving three weeks' notice thereof, in some public newspaper printed in Natchez. It shall be the duty of the said commissioners to hear any and all the testimony that may be offered relating thereto, and after examining all the laws on the subject, from the year eighteen hundred and two, to the year eighteen hundred and twenty-eight; they shall decide upon the true point of beginning, according to law and justice.

91. L. M. 1829, pp. 81-83.
App. Feb. 4, 1829.

AN ACT To Extend Legal Process Into That Part Of This State, Now Occupied By The Chickasaw And Choctaw Tribes Of Indians.

Whereas, this state possesses a jurisdiction co-extensive with her chartered limits, and by repeated enactments of former General Assemblies, has declared all offenses committed within the limits of the same, cognizable in the circuit courts of the county to which the defendant may be brought; and whereas a more effectual remedy is wanting, to enforce the rights of the State, and of her citizens, against all persons within said portion of the state-- Therefore,

SEC. 1. Be It Enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Mississippi, in General Assembly convened, That from and after the passage of this act, all process emanating from any court, judge, or justice of the peace, shall be extended into, and over all that tract of territory lying within the chartered limits of this State, which is now occupied by the Chickasaw and Choctaw tribes of Indians.

SEC. 2. And be it Further enacted, That the process for the county of Wayne, shall extend over all that tract of country, lying east of the military road, and south to Noxubbee river, to the eastern boundary line of this state; that process for the counties of Simpson and Rankin, respectively, shall extend over all that tract of country, lying west of said military road, and east of the great mail road, known by the name of Robinson's road, and south of said Noxubbee river; that the process for the county of Madison, shall extend over all that tract of country lying west of said Robinson's road, and east of the Big Black river, and south of the road leading from Mahew to Elliot, which are missionary stations, to the point where said road crosses the road known by the name of the old Natchez trace; thence in a direct line to the source of the said Noxubbee river; that process for the county of Yazoo, shall extend over all that tract of country lying west of the Big Black river, and east of the Mississippi river, and south of said road leading from Mayhew to Elliot, as aforesaid; that the process for the county of Washington, shall extend over all that tract of country lying north of said road leading from Mayhew to Elliot, and from thence to the Mississippi river, opposite to Helena, and west of the road which runs from Elliot to the northern boundary of the state, in the direction to Memphis, in the state of Tennessee; and that the process for the county of Monroe, shall extend over all the remaining portions of country contained within the chartered limits of

this state, now occupied by the Chickasaw and Choctaw tribes of Indians, as aforesaid, which is not herein particularly described, and given to the jurisdiction of the respective counties herein named; provided that nothing in this act contained, shall be so construed, as to apply to any individual of either of the aforesaid tribes.

92. L. M. 1830, pp. 18-23;
App. Jan. 30, 1830.

AN ACT to Divide the County of Monroe and Form a New County out of the Same, and for Other Purposes.

. . . That all that portion of Monroe County, lying south of a line commencing at a point on the State of Alabama, where a line running due East from Robinson's Bluff, on the Buttahatcha River, would strike the State line of Alabama; thence from said point due west, to said Robinson's Bluff; thence down the said river to its mouth; thence west to the Western boundary line of the County of Monroe, as designated by the act of 1829, extending process into the territory occupied by the Chickasaw and Choctaw tribes of Indians, shall form a new County, to be called the County of Lowndes, in memory of the late William Lowndes.

93. L. M. 1830, pp. 46, 47;
App. Jan. 30, 1830.

AN ACT, to Subject a Portion of the Lands Occupied by the Choctaw Tribe of Indians, to the Legal Process Emanating from the County of Covington and the County of Jones.

Sec. 1. Be it Enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of Mississippi, in General Assembly Convened, That so much of the lands now occupied by the Choctaw tribe of Indians within this state as are included in the following boundaries, shall be attached to, and subject to the jurisdiction of the county of Covington, viz: beginning at the Northeast corner of said county, thence Westwardly with the Northern boundary line of said county, to where the same strikes the Eastern boundary line of Simpson county, thence due North fifty miles, thence due East an equal distance with the first named line, thence South to the beginning.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, that so much of the said lands, occupied by the said Choctaw tribe of Indians, as are included in the following boundaries, shall be attached to, and subject to the jurisdiction of the county of Jones, beginning at the North-West corner of said county, of Jones; thence due North fifty miles, thence due West to the North-East cornor of that portion of said land attached by this act to the county of Covington, thence due south to the beginning.

94. L. M. 1830, p. 44.
App. Feb. 5, 1830.

AN ACT to Define the Boundary Lines Between the Counties of Jackson and Hancock.

Sec. 1. . . . That the boundary line between the counties of Jackson and Hancock shall, be as follows, to wit: beginning on the range line that now divides Jackson and Hancock where the fourth parallel township line, South of the line of demarcation, crosses the same; thence running said line to the Northern boundary of the first township; thence along said boundary line, meeting the original line running to or from the Eastern boundary of the State, any law to the contrary notwithstanding.

95. L. M. 1830, pp. 111-112;
App. Feb. 12, 1830.

AN ACT Supplemental to An Act to Define the Boundary Line Between the Counties of Jackson and Hancock; passed February 5th, 1830.

Sec. 1. . . . That the four townships in range ten, (Now a part of the county of Hancock) adjoining the North-West corner of Jackson County be, and the same are hereby declared to be a part of the County of Jackson any law to the contrary notwithstanding.

96. L. M. 1830, pp. 89-90;
App. Feb. 12th, 1830.

AN ACT, to add the Several Portions of the County Occupied by the Choctaw and Chickasaw tribes of Indians, to the Counties therein Named.

Sec. 1. Be it Enacted, That the representative portions of county within the limits of this State, Occupied by the Choctaw and Chickasaw tribes of Indians, from which process was made returnable to the several counties of this State, by an act of Assembly entitled an act to extend legal process into that part of this State now occupied by the Chickasaw and Choctaw tribes of Indians, passed February 4th, 1829, and by an act of the General Assembly, passed at the present session of the General Assembly, to extend process from the Counties of Covington and Jones, shall be added to and form a part of the respective counties named in said acts, agreeably to the lines designated in said acts.

97. L. M. 1830, p. 22;
App. Dec. 9, 1830.

AN ACT to Repeal An Act Entitled "An Act to Define the Boundary Line between the Counties of Jackson and Hancock, Approved February 5th, 1830.

. . . That the above recited act be and the same is hereby repealed.

98. L. M. 1830, p. . 15;
App. Dec. 9, 1830.

AN ACT, to Change the Dividing Line Between the Counties of Perry and Marion.

Sec. 1. . . . That from and after the passage of this act, the Fifth Township, in Range Fourteen, above the Line of Demarkation, now included in the County of Marion, shall be, and the same hereby is annexed to, and made a part of the county of Perry . . . 102.

99. L. M. 1830, p. 19;
App. Dec. 15, 1830.

AN ACT to Define the Boundary Line Between the Counties of Jackson and Hancock.

Sec. 1. . . . That townships number three, four and five, in range ten, be and the same are hereby declared to be a part of the county of Jackson, any law to the contrary notwithstanding.

Sec. 2. Be it further enacted, That townships one and two, in range ten, below the demarkation line, be, and the same are hereby annexed to, and shall form a part of the county of Perry, any law to the contrary notwithstanding.

100. L. M. 1830, pp. 35-36;
App. Dec. 16, 1830.

AN ACT Relative to the Counties of Green and Jackson.

WHEREAS, it has been represented to the General Assembly, that, by a construction given to an act entitled "an act, to define the boundary lines between the counties of Jackson and Hancock, passed February 5th, 1830," a difference of opinion exists between the citizens and officers of the counties of Jackson and Green, relative to the boundary line between the said counties. 103.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the official acts of the Judicial and ministerial officers, done by virtue of their offices within that part of Green county that was attached, or supposed to be attached to Jackson by the passage of the last above recited act, be, and the same are hereby rendered and declared to be valid and lawful.

101. L. M. 1831, p. 50;
App. Dec. 6, 1831.

AN ACT to Extend the Limits of Lowndes County.

Sec. 1. . . . That the limits of Lowndes county be, and the same are hereby extended to the following boundaries, to wit: to commence on the

State line of Alabama, at the house of William Lucas, and to run from thence in a northwest direction, so as to cross the Roverson road at a place on said Roverson's road, known by the name of Wilson's stand, so as to include said Wilson's stand, and from thence on a direct line from the place of beginning until said line strikes the Natchez trace, and from thence north along the said Natchez trace to the northern boundary line of said county of Lowndes.

102. L. M. 1831, pp. 115-116.
App. Dec. 19, 1831.

AN ACT, Appointing Surveyors To Run And Mark The Dividing Line Between The Counties Of Jackson And Hancock.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Mississippi, in General Assembly convened, That Burrel Whitington, of Jackson county, and Julius Moonet of Hancock county be, and they are hereby appointed to survey, or cause to be surveyed and marked out, the dividing line between the counties aforesaid, to be run in the same manner and in the same direction as the law directs for running the same.

SEC. 2. Be it further enacted, That the above named surveyors will be required to meet at the place of beginning, on the bay of Biloxi, on or before the first day of July next for the purpose herein expressed; and so soon as they have completed the aforesaid work, they shall each of the said surveyors make a return of the same to their respective County Courts, and thereupon, said County Court of each county shall make a reasonable allowance to each of the said surveyors, for their services, to be paid out of the county treasury of each county.

103. L. M. 1833, p. 466;
App. Feb. 19, 1833.

AN ACT To Divide The County Of Yazoo.

Sec. 1. . . . That the territory within the following boundary lines, to wit; beginning at Bolo's ferry, on Big Black, in the county of Yazoo, and in section twenty-two, in township twelve and range three, east; thence on a direct line to Yazoo river, at a point where the township line between township thirteen and fourteen strikes the same; thence up said river to a point on the same, twelve miles north of the township line, between township fifteen and sixteen; thence on a direct line to the corner of the old Choctaw boundary line on Black creek, known by the name of the Gum Corner; thence continuing the same course to Big Black; thence down the same to the beginning, shall constitute a county, which shall be called the county of Holmes . . .

104. L. M. 1833 Ending Mar. 1833, p. 439;
App. Feb. 25, 1833.

AN ACT Further to Define and Establish the Boundary Line Between the Counties of Jackson and Hancock.

Sec. 1. . . . That the dividing line between the counties of Jackson and Hancock shall be as follows, to wit; Beginning at the point or place called the Old French Fort, on the bay of Biloxi, where the line that divides the eighth and ninth ranges strikes the same; thence running north with said line to the fourth parallel townhip line, south of the line of demarcation; thence running west with said township line, to the western boundary line of the tenth range; thence running north with said boundary line to the south boundary of the county of Perry, any law to the contrary notwithstanding.

105. L. M. 1833, pp. 533-534;
App. Dec. 23, 1833.

AN ACT to Attach a Part of the County of Washington to the County of Yazoo, and for Other Purposes.

Sec. 1. . . . That all that tract of country situate and being in range two west, and west of Yazoo river, in townships number fourteen, thirteen, twelve, and eleven, be, and the same is hereby attached to, and shall be a part of the county of Yazoo, and that the present boundary line between the counties of Yazoo and Warren be changed so as to commence on the Big Black river at the present boundary line, and from that point, run west till it strikes the Yazoo river at the mouth of Little Sun Flower or Bears lake, in township nine, range five west, and the tract of country situate to the south of said line is hereby attached to Warren County . . . .

106. L. M. 1833, pp. 511-516;
App. Dec. 23, 1833.

AN ACT to Lay Off New Counties in Part of the Territory Acquired by the United States from the Choctaw Tribe of Indians, at the Treaty of Dancing Rabbit Creek, and to Define the Boundaries Thereof, and for Other Purposes.

Sec. 1. . . . That the territory within the following limits, to wit: Beginning on the Tombeckbee river, at the point at which the line between townships, No. 16 and 17, strikes the said Tombeckbee river, and thence west with said line between townships No. 16 and 17, to the line between ranges No. 14 and 15 east; from thence south with said line between ranges No. 14 and 15 east, to the line between townships No. 12 and 13; from thence east, with said line between townships No. 12 and 13, to the line between the State of Alabama and the state of Mississippi, and from thence a northern direction with said line, between the state of Alabama and the state of Mississippi, to the Tombeckbee river; and from thence up said river to the place of beginning, shall form a new county, to be called Noxubee county.

Sec. 2. . . . That the territory within townships No. 9, 10, 11, and 12, of ranges No. 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, and 19, shall form a new county, to be called Kemper county.

Sec. 3. . . . That all the territory within townships No. 5, 6, 7, and 8, of ranges No. 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, and 19, shall form a new county, to be called Lauderdale county.

Sec. 4. . . . That the territory within the following limits, to wit: Beginning on the state line of Alabama, at the point at which the line between townships No. 4 and 5 strikes said state line, and running from thence west, with said line between townships No. 4 and 5, to the line between ranges No. 13 and 14 east; from thence south, with said line between ranges 13, and 14 east to the southern boundary line of the Choctaw nation; from thence east with said boundary line, to the north west corner of the Higoowanne reserve; from thence to the north east corner of the same; thence east along said boundary line, to the point at which the southern boundary of township No. 1, strikes the same; from thence directly east to the state of Alabama, and from thence north with said state line to the place of beginning, shall form a new county, to be called Clarke county.

Sec. 5. . . . That the territory within the following limits, to wit: Beginning at the point at which the line between ranges No. 15 and 16 east, leaves the lines between townships No. 16 and 17, and running from thence north with said line, between ranges No. 15 and 16 east, to a point directly west of the junction of the Buttehatchy river with the Tombeckbee river; thence west, to the line between ranges No. 11 and 12 east; from thence south, with said line between ranges No. 11 and 12 east, to the line between townships No. 16 and 17, and from thence east, with said line between townships No. 16 and 17, to the place of beginning, shall form a new county, to be called Oktibbeeha county.

Sec. 6. . . . That the territory within the following townships, viz: No. 13, 14, 15, and 16, of ranges No. 10, 11, 12, 13, and 14, shall form a new county, to be called Winston county.

Sec. 7. . . . That the territory within the following limits, to wit: Beginning at a point on the Big Black river, at which the line between townships No. 16 and 17, crosses the same; from thence, up said Big Black river, to the point at which the line between ranges No. 6 and 7 east, crosses said river; from thence north, with said line between No. 6 and 7 east; to the line between townships No. 21 and 22; from thence east, to the line between ranges No. 11 and 12 east; from thence south, with said line between ranges No. 11 and 12 east, to the line between townships No. 16 and 17; and from thence west, with said line between townships No. 16 and 17, to the Big Black river, the place of beginning, shall form a new county, to be called Choctaw county.

Sec. 8. . . . That the territory within townships No. 22, 23, 24, 25, and 26, of ranges No. 1 and 2 west, and townships No. 22, 23, 24, 25, and 26, of ranges No. 1, 2, and 3 east, shall form a new county, to be called Tallahatchee county.

Sec. 9. . . .That the territory within the following limits, to wit; beginning on the line between townships 21 and 22, at the point at which the line between No. 8 and 9 east crosses the line between townships No. 21 and 22, and running from thence north with the said line, between ranges No. 8 and 9 east, thirty miles; from thence west, to the line between ranges No. 3 and 4 east; from thence south with said line between ranges No. 3 and 4 east, to the line between townships No. 21 and 22, and from thence east to the place of beginning, shall form a new county, to be called Yallabusha county.

Sec. 10. . . .That the territory within the following limits, to wit; Beginning on the Big Black river, at the north east corner of Holmes county, and running from thence up said river to the point at which the line between ranges No. 6 and 7 east, crosses said river; from thence north, with said line between ranges No. 6 and 7 east, to the line between townships No. 21 and 22, to the Tallahatchie river; from thence down said Tallahatchie river to the north west corner of Holmes county; and from thence eastern direction with the northern boundary of Holmes county to the place of beginning, shall form a new county, to be called Carroll county, in memory of Charles Carroll of Carrollton.

Sec. 11. . . .That the territory within the following limits, to wit; Beginning at the point at which the line between ranges No. 13 and 14 east, crosses the line between townships 4 and 5; from thence west, with said line between townships 4 and 5, to the line between ranges No. 9 and 10 east; from thence south, with said line, between ranges No. 9 and 10 east, to the southern boundary line of the Choctaw nation; from thence and eastern direction with said southern boundary line, to the point at which the line between ranges No. 13 and 14 east, would strike said boundary line, if extended south to the same; and from thence north with the said line, between ranges No. 13 and 14 east, to the place of beginning, shall form a new county, to be called Jasper county, in honour of Sergeant Jasper.

Sec. 12. . . .That the territory within townships No. 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, and 12, of ranges 10, 11, 12 and 13, shall form a new county, to be called Neshoba county.

Sec. 13. . . .That the territory within the following limits, to wit; Beginning on the line between ranges No. 9 and 10 east, at the point at which the line between townships No. 4 and 5 crosses said line, between ranges No. 9 and 10 east; and from thence south, with the said line between ranges No. 9 and 10 east, to the southern boundary line of the Choctaw nation; from thence west; with said southern boundary line, to the western boundary line of said Choctaw nation; from thence north, with said western boundary, to the point at which the line between townships 2 and 3 strikes said western boundary line; from thence west to the line between ranges No. 5 and 6 east, from thence north with said line between ranges No. 5 and 6 east, to the line between townships No. 4 and 5; and from thence to the place of beginning, shall form a new county, to be called Smith county, in honour of Major David Smith, of Hinds county.

Sec. 14. . . .That the territory within the following limits, to wit; Beginning at the north west corner of Jasper county, and running from thence

north, with the line between ranges No. 9 and 10 east, to the line between townships No. 8 and 9; from thence west, with said line, between townships 8 and 9, to the line between ranges No. 5 and 6 east; from thence south, with said line between ranges No. 5 and 6 east, to the western boundary line of the Choctaw nation; from thence directly south, to a point directly west of the line between townships No. 4 and 5; and from thence east, with said line between townships No. 4 and 5, to the place of beginning, shall form a new county, to be called Scott County, in memory of Abraham M. Scott, deceased, late governor of this State.

Sec. 15, . . . That the territory within the following limits, to-wit; Beginning at the north east corner of Scott county and running from thence north, with the line between ranges No. 9 and 10, to the line between townships No. 12 and 13; from thence west, with the line between townships No. 12 and 13, to the line between ranges No. 5 and 6 east; from thence south with said line between ranges No. 5 and 6 east; to the line between townships 8 and 9; and from thence east to the place of beginning, shall form a new county to be called Leake County.

Sec. 16. . . . That the territory within the following limits, to-wit; Beginning at the northeast corner of Leake County, and running form thence west, with the line between townships No. 12 and 13, to the line between ranges No. 5 and 6 east; from thence south with said line between ranges No. 5 and 6 east, to the centre of township No. 12, of range No. 5 east; from thence directly west, to the Big Black river; from thence up said river, to the point at which the line between townships No. 16 and 17 crosses said river; from thence east, with the line between townships No. 16 and 17, to the line between ranges No. 9 and 10 east; and from thence south, to the place of beginning, shall constitute a county, to be called Attala County.

Sec. 17. . . . That all the territory lying north of Choctaw county, and within the Choctaw nation, be, and the same is hereby attached to said Choctaw county, Provided, said territory north of Choctaw county, shall not be taken as part of said Choctaw county, in the location of a county site thereof . . .

Sec. 18. . . . That all the territory lying north and between the Tallahatchie county and the boundary line of the Chickasaw nation, shall be, and the same is hereby attached to said Tallahatchie county; Provided, that said territory shall not be taken into consideration in the location of the seat of justice for said Tallahatchie county.

Sec. 19. . . . That all the territory south of a line, running from the junction of the Buttehatchey river, with the Tombecbee river, to the northeast corner of Oktibbeha county, and east of and between Oktibbeha county and the Tombecbee river, and north of Noxubee county, be, and the same is hereby attached to, and shall hereafter form and constitute a part of Lowndes county.

Sec. 20. . . . That this act shall take effect and be in full force and operation from and after its passage; Provided, that this act shall not effect any suit or action, either in law or equity, now pending in any of the courts of this state, but the same shall remain in the courts in which the same is now pending, and progress to final determination.

Sec. 21. . . .That the territory south of the line drawn from the western boundary of Leake county, through the centre of township No. 12, of range 5 east, and extended west to the old Choctaw boundary, and west of Leake county, shall be attached to, and form a part of Madison county.

Sec. 22. . . .That all the territory south of Clarke county, known as the Higgowannee reserve, be, and the same is attached to, and shall constitute a part of Wayne county.

107. L. M. 1836, pp. 9-14;
App. Feb. 9, 1836.

AN ACT to Define the Boundaries of Certain Counties Therein Named, and for Other Purposes.

1. . . .That the territory within the following limits, to wit; Beginning at the point where the line between townships six and seven intersects the eastern boundary line of the state, and running with the said boundary line to the Tennessee river; thence down the said river to point, where the northern boundary line of the state intersects the same; thence with the said northern boundary line, to the line between ranges five and six east of the basis meridian; thence south with the said range line, to the line between townships six and seven; thence east with the said township line to the beginning, shall form a new county, and be called the county of Tishomingo.

2. . . .That the territory within the following limits, to wit; beginning at the point where the line between townships six and seven intersecting the eastern boundary of the state, and running thence with the said boundary line, to a point one mile north of its intersection with the line between townships eleven and twelve; thence due west to the line between ranges five and six east; thence north with the said range line, to the line between townships six and seven, and thence east with the said township line, to the beginning, shall form a new county, and be called the county of Itawamba.

3. . . .That the territory within the following limits, to wit; beginning at the point where the line between townships six and seven, intersects the basis meridian, to the northern boundary line of the state, thence east with the said boundary line, to the line between ranges five and six, east, thence south with the said range line, to the line between townships six and seven; and thence west, with the said townships line, to the beginning; shall form a new county, and be called the county of Tippah.

4. . . .That the territory within the townships seven, eight, nine, ten, and eleven, of ranges one, two, three, four, and five, east of the basis meridian, shall form a new county, and be called the county of Pontotoc.

5. . . .That the territory within the following limits, to wit; Beginning at the point where the line between ranges five and six east, intersects the northern boundary of Oktibbeha county, and running thence with

the said northern boundary, to the eastern boundary of Choctaw county; thence along the eastern and northern boundaries of Choctaw county; to the eastern boundary of Yallobusha county, thence north with the said eastern boundary of Yallobusha county, to the point where the line between townships eleven and twelve intersects the same; thence east with the said township line, to the line between ranges five and six, and thence south with the said range line, to the beginning, shall form a new county, and be called the county of Chickasaw.

6. . . .That the territory within the following limits, to wit; beginning at the point where the line of the basis meridian intersects the northern boundary line of the state, and running thence south with the said basis meridian line, to the centre of township six; thence west through the centre of township six, according to the sectional line, to the centre of range five west; thence north, through the centre of range five west, according to the sectional lines, to the northern boundary line of the state, and thence east with the said boundary line, to the beginning, shall form a new county, and be called the county of Marshall.

7. . . .That the territory within the following limits, to wit; Beginning at the point where the line between townships eleven and twelve intersects the basis meridian, and running thence north, with the line of basis meridian, to the centre of township six; thence west, through the centre of township six; according to the sectional lines, to the centre of range five west; thence south through the centre of range five west; according to the sectional lines, to the northern boundary line of Yallabusha county, thence along the northern and eastern boundary lines of Yallobusha county, to the point where the line between townships eleven and twelve intersects the eastern boundary line of Yallobusha county, and thence east with the said township line, to the beginning, shall form a new county, and be called the county of Lafayette.

8. . . .That the territory within the following limits, to wit; Beginning at the point where the northern boundary line of the state intersects the Mississippi river, and running thence down the said river, to the point where the line between townships two and three intersects the same; thence with the said township line, to the line between ranges nine and ten west; thence south, with the said range line to the centre of township six; thence east through the centre of township six, according to the sectional lines, to the centre of range five west; thence north through the centre of range five west, according to the sectional lines, to the northern boundary line of the state; thence west with the said boundary line, to the beginning, shall form a new county, and be called the county of DeSoto.

9. . . .That the territory within the following limits, to wit; beginning at the point where the line between ranges nine and ten strikes the centre of section six, and running thence south with the said range line, and from its termination in a direct line, to the northern boundary of Tallahatchie county, and thence along the northern boundary of Tallahatchie and Yallobusha counties, to the centre of range five west; thence north through the centre of range five west, according to the sectional lines, to the centre of township six, thence west through the centre of

township six, according to the sectional lines, to the beginning, shall form a new county, and be called the county of Panola.

10. . . .That the territory within the following limits, to wit; beginning at the north western corner of Tallahatchie county, and running thence due north to the dividing line between the Choctaw and Chickasaw tribes of Indians; thence with the said dividing line, to the Mississippi river, thence up the said river, to the point where the line between townships two and three intersects the same; thence with the said township line, to the line between ranges nine and ten west; thence south, with the said range line, and from its termination in a direct line to the northern boundary of Tallahatchie county, and thence west with said northern boundary, to the beginning, shall form a new county, and be called the county of Tunica. 108.

11. . . .That the boundaries of the county of Monroe shall hereafter be as follows, to wit; Beginning at the point one mile due north of the point where the line between townships eleven and twelve intersects the eastern boundary line of the state, and running thence due west to the line between ranges five and six east; thence south with the said range line, to the northern boundary of Oktibbeha county, thence due east to the mouth of the Buttahatchie river; thence according to the present boundaries between the said county of Monroe, and the county of Lowndes, to the eastern boundary line of the state, and thence along the said eastern boundary line to the beginning; and the territory included within the said limits, shall form, and constitute, from, and after the passage of this act, the county of Monroe. 109.

12. . . .That the territory within the following limits, to wit; Beginning at the point where the line between townships twenty-four and twenty-five of the surveys of the late Choctaw cession intersects the Mississippi river, and running thence up the said river, to the point where the dividing line between the Choctaw and Chickasaw tribes of Indians intersects the same; thence with the said dividing line to the point where the line between ranges two and three of the survey of the said Choctaw cession intersects the same; thence with said range line, to the line between townships twenty-four and twenty-five as aforesaid, and thence with the said township line to the beginning, shall form a new county, and be called the county of Coahoma. 110.

13. . . .That the territory within the following limits, to wit; Beginning at the point where the line between townships twenty-four and twenty-five intersects the line between ranges two and three west; and running thence with the said range line, to the point where the same intersects the line, between townships twenty-one and twenty-two; thence east with the said township lines, to the Tallahatchie river, thence down the Tallahatchie and Yazoo rivers, to the point where the old Choctaw boundary line intersects the Yazoo river; thence with the said boundary line, to the point where the line between townships nineteen and twenty leaves the same; thence west with the said township line, to the Mississippi river; thence up the Mississippi river, to the point where the line between townships twenty-four and twenty-five intersects the same, and thence with the said township line, to the beginning, shall form a new county and be called the county of Bolivar. 111.

Sec. 14. . . . That this act shall be in force, and take effect from and after the first day of March next.

108. L. M. 1836, p. 49;
App. Feb. 23, 1836.

AN ACT to Define the Boundary Line Between the Counties of Jackson and Hancock.

Sec. 1. . . . That the boundary line between the counties of Jackson and Hancock below the north line of township four south, of the line of demarcation, in range nine west, shall commence on the sectional line between sections three and four, of said township, and continue due south upon the same, to the east shore of the bay of Biloxi, thence along the said shore, south-east, to where the range line between ranges eight and nine strikes said bay . . .

109. L. M. 1836, pp. 56, 58;
App. Feb. 25, 1836.

AN ACT to Define the Boundaries of a Certain County therein Named, and for Other Purposes.

Sec. 1. . . . That the territory within following boundaries, viz; Townships number five, six, seven, and eight, of ranges number ten, eleven, twelve, and thirteen, east of the basis meridian, shall form a new county to be called the county of Newton.

110. L. M. 1837, pp. 329-331;
App. May 13, 1837.

/Boundaries of Neshoba County, from Act Incorporating the Town of Camden./

Sec. 3. The following limits to wit: Beginning at the south-west corner of township nine of range ten east, thence east with the township line twenty-four miles, thence north to the township line between townships twelve and thirteen, thence west with the last named township line, south, with the range line to the beginning, shall be the limits of Neshoba county.

111. L. M. 1838, p. 124;
App. Feb. 8, 1838.

AN ACT to Attach That Portion of Territory Lying East of the old Choctaw Boundary and the Western Boundary of the County of Scott, to Scott County.

Sec. 1. . . . That all that portion of territory lying east of Pearl river and the old Choctaw boundary line, designating the dividing line

between the Indian and White settlements prior to the treaty of Dancing Rabbit creek, in 1830, from the point where the said boundary line crosses Pearl river, to the point where the same intersects the present western boundary line of the county of Scott, be, and the same is hereby attached to the county of Scott . . .

112. L. M. 1839, p. 226;
App. Feb. 9, 1839.

AN ACT to Change the Boundary Line Between the Counties of Warren and Washington, of This State.

Sec. 1. . . . That the boundary line between Warren and Washington, of this state, shall hereafter be known as follows; commencing at the point on the Yazoo river where the southern boundary of township nine, range six, west of the Choctaw district, intersects it; thence running west on the southern boundary of township nine, range six, seven, eight, and nine west, to the Mississippi river . . .

113. L. M. 1839, p. 227;
App. Feb. 9, 1839.

AN ACT Supplementary to An Act Entitled "An Act to Define the Boundaries of Certain Counties therein named, and for Other Purposes," Passed February the 9th, 1836.

Sec. 1. . . . That the township line dividing townships twenty-four and twenty-five, as laid down in the original act to which this is a supplement, shall hereafter be known and designated as the dividing line between the counties of Bolivar and Coahoma, from the range line between ranges two and three, west, to the point where the same shall first intersect the Mississippi river, running west from said line; thence down the main channel of the said Mississippi, to the south boundary of Bolivar county, so as to include fractional township twenty-five, of range eight, west, in the county of Bolivar . . .

114. L. M. 1840, p. 73;
App. Feb. 22, 1840.

AN ACT to Alter the Boundary Line of the Counties of Hinds and Madison.

Sec. 1. . . . That the boundary line between the counties of Madison and Hinds shall hereafter be as follows, viz; Beginning at that point on Big Black river which is intersected by the range line No 2, (two), west, running thence due south to the present boundary line between the said counties; thence east with the present line, to the basis meridian; thence south to township line No. six, (6), north; thence east to the present line, and then to continue with the line now established by law . . .

115. L. M. 1841, p. 145;
App. Feb. 5, 1841.

AN ACT to Establish a New County in This State, to be Called the County of Harrison.

Sec. 1. . . . That a new county shall be, and the same is hereby created in this state, to be bounded as follows: Beginning at the point where the line dividing ranges thirteen and fourteen strikes the bay of St. Louis, then with said line due north to the Northern boundary of township three, thence due east to the centre of range nine, thence south to the bay of Biloxi, thence south-east to the point Caddi, thence westwardly with the sea shore and the shore of the Bay of St. Louis to the beginning, which country now includes a portion of the county of Hancock, and a portion of the county of Jackson.

Sec. 2. . . . Be it further enacted, That the said county hereby created shall be called the county of Harrison.

116. L. M. 1841, p. 200;
App. Feb. 5, 1841.

AN ACT to Alter the Boundary line of the Counties of Tunica and Panola.

Sec. 1. . . . That the boundary line between the counties of Panola and Tunica, shall hereafter be as follows, viz: From where the west boundary line of range nine, in the Chickasaw purchase strikes the Chickasaw and Choctaw boundary, run west to the Choctaw meridian, thence south to the north-west corner of township twenty-six, of range one east, to the Tallahatchie County line and east with the south boundary of Panola County . . .

117. L. M. 1842, p. 174;
App. Feb. 22, A.D. 1842.

AN ACT to Extend the Jurisdiction of the County of Harrison, and for Other Purposes.

Sec. 1. . . . Be it Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Mississippi, That the county of Harrison shall be bounded on the south by the southern boundary of the State of Mississippi.

118. L. M. 1842, p. 235;
App. Feb. 26, 1842.

AN ACT to Define the Boundary Lines of the Counties of Bolivar and Coahoma.

Sec. 1. . . . That the boundary line between the counties of Tunica and Coahoma shall be as follows, to wit: Beginning on the Mississippi at the point where the line between the Choctaw and Chickasaw districts strike

the same; thence with said line to the eastern boundary of Coahoma county; thence south with said line to the line between township eight and nine of the Chickasaw district; thence east to the meridian line; thence south with the meridian line to the north boundary of township twenty six north; and that the line between the counties of Bolivar and Coahoma shall be as follows, to wit: Beginning on the Mississippi river at the centre of township twenty-six north, of range seven west; thence east with said line to the line between range four and five west, and south to the said line between townships twenty-four and five north . . .

119. L. M. 1843, p. 77;
App. July 25, 1843.

AN ACT to Alter and Define the Boundary Line Between the Counties of Marion and Hancock.

Sec. 1. . . . That the boundary line between the counties of Marion and Hancock shall be as follows, viz: Beginning at the southwest corner of township one, range thirteen west, and running on the township line westerly, parallel with the base line until said boundary line intersects with Pearl River . . .

120. L. M. 1844, p. 216;
App. Jan. 23, 1844.

AN ACT to Establish a New County in This State, to be Called the County of Issaquena.

Sec. 1. . . . That the territory now embraced within the boundaries of Washington county, shall be divided by a line commencing on the Mississippi river between townships thirteen and fourteen, and running east, between said townships, to the western boundary of Yazoo county, and that all that part of Washington county south of said line, from and after the passage of this act, shall be, and is hereby created a new county in this State, called the county of Issaquena, and all that part of said county north of said line, shall compose the county of Washington . . .

121. L. M. 1844, p. 302-303;
App. Jan. 24, 1844.

AN ACT to Attach a Part of Perry County to the County of Harrison.

Sec. 1. . . . That four and one half townships of the Territory now embraced in the county of Perry, viz: the west half of township two, in range nine, west, and the whole of township two, in range ten, eleven, twelve, and thirteen, west, and south of the old demarcation line, be, and the same are hereby attached to, and made a part of, Harrison county . . .

122. L. M. 1844, p. 305.
App. Jan. 26, 1844.

AN ACT to Repeal An Act Entitled An Act to Alter and Define the Boundary Line Between the Counties of Marion and Hancock, Approved July 25, 1843.

Sec. 1. . . . That the above recited act be, and the same is hereby repealed . . .

123. L. M. 1844, p. 219.
App. Feb. 15, 1844.

AN ACT to Establish a New County in This State, to be Called the County of Sun Flower.

Sec. 1. . . . That a new county shall be, and the same is hereby created in this State, to be bounded as follows; Beginning at the corner of township twenty-four and twenty-five, of ranges four and five west, thence east between townships twenty-four and twenty-five, to the line between ranges two and three west, thence south between ranges two and three west to the line between townships twenty-one and twenty-two, thence east between townships twenty-one and twenty-two to the Tallahatchie river, thence down the Tallahatchie river, and down the Yazoo river to the point where the Old Choctaw boundary line intersects it; thence with the said boundary line north, forty-six degrees west, to the point where the line between ranges four and five, west, intersects that line; thence north with the line between ranges four and five west, to the place of beginning which county is now included in the county of Bolivar.

Sec. 2. . . . That the said county hereby created shall be called the county of Sun Flower.

124. L. M. 1844, p. 300.
App. Feb. 21, 1844.

AN ACT to Define More Correctly the Boundary Line Between the Counties of Tunica and Coahoma.

Sec. 1. . . . That the boundary line between the counties of Tunica and Coahoma shall be the dividing line between the Choctaw and Chickasaw nation of Indians, from where said line strikes the Mississippi river, thence in a south eastern direction with said line to where it strikes the meridian of the Choctaw lands, thence as the line now runs . . .

125. L. M. 1846, p. 452.
App. Jan. 22, 1846.

AN ACT to Detach a Portion of the County of Lafayette Therefrom and Attach the Same to the County of Marshall, and for Other Purposes.

Sec. 1. . . . That the territory north of the Tallahatchie river, and east of Tippah river, in the county of Lafayette, shall be attached to, and form a part of the county of Marshall . . .

126. L. M. 1846, p. 465.
App. Feb. 11, 1846.

AN ACT to Attach a Portion of the County of Yazoo to the county of Warren.

Sec. 1. . . . That that portion of township eighteen range eight west, through which the present dividing line between the counties of Yazoo and Warren run, be, and the same is hereby attached to the county of Warren . . .

131.

127. L. M. 1846, p. 501.
App. Feb. 25, 1846.

AN ACT to Repeal a Part of An Act Entitled "An Act to Attach a Part of Perry County to the County of Harrison," Approved January 24th, 1844.

Sec. 1. . . . That so much of the said recited act as attaches the west half of township two, in range nine west, to the county of Harrison, be and the same is hereby repealed . . .

128. L. M. 1846, p. 221.
App. March 2, 1846.

AN ACT to Amend An Act to Define the Boundaries of the Several Counties in This State Passed 29th June, A. D. 1822.

Sec. 1. . . . That the north channel of the Homochitto river, where the same forms an island below the lower or western Natchez and Woodville mail road, so as to include Tanzy Island, in Wilkinson County, be, and the same is hereby declared to be the line of boundary between said counties of Adams and Wilkinson . . .

132.

129. L. M. 1848, p. 229.
App. Feb. 4, 1848

AN ACT to Attach Fractional Township Two, of Range Twelve West to Tunica County.

Sec. 1. . . . That fractional township two, of range twelve west, lying on the Mississippi river below the town of Commerce be, and the same is hereby attached to, and shall form a part of Tunica County . . .

130. L. M. 1848, p. 226.
App. Feb. 23, 1848.

AN ACT to Define the Boundary of Tunica County.

Sec. 1. . . . That the boundaries of the county of Tunica be, and the same are hereby established as follows, viz: Beginning at the northern boundary line of Tallahatchie county, where the section line in the centre

of range two west of the meridian of the Choctaw surveys strikes the same, thence north with said section line to the line between the Choctaw and Chickasaw tribes of Indians, thence with said line to the Mississippi river, thence up said river with its meanders to the point above Commerce where the line between townships two and three strikes said river, thence east with said line to the line between ranges nine and ten west of the Chickasaw surveys, thence south as the line now runs between Desoto and Tunica and Panola to where the same strikes the Tallahatchie line, thence west to the beginning . . .

131. L. M. 1850, pp. 260-261;
App. Feb. 3, 1850.

AN ACT to Annex to Yazoo County, a Portion of the County of Issaquena.

Sec. 1. . . . That the following described line shall hereafter constitute the western and northern boundary of the county of Yazoo, west of the Yazoo river, to-wit: Beginning at the mouth of Big Sunflower on the Yazoo river, running thence up said Sunflower river, to the point where the township line dividing ranges five and six intersects said river, thence north along said township line to the southwest corner of township twelve, range five west, thence diagonally across said township from the south-west corner to the north-east corner thereof; thence north along the township line dividing townships four and five to the line or southern boundary of Washington county; thence east to its junction with the county of Yazoo.

Sec. 2. . . . That from and after the passage of this act, all that portion of territory lying east and south of, or between said line and the Yazoo river, now a part of Issaquena county, be and the same is hereby annexed to the county of Yazoo . . .

132. L. M. 1850, pp. 195-196;
App. Feb. 6, 1850.

AN ACT To Provide for taking the census of the people of Carroll county, on the question of annexing a portion of said county to the county of Holmes.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Mississippi, That at the next general election in November 1851, there shall be submitted to the qualified voters of Carroll county, the question of annexing to the county of Holmes that portion of said county of Carroll, south of the line running between townships sixteen and seventeen, to Peachyhala creek, and south and west of said creek; and it shall be the duty of the managers of said election, at each precinct, in said county of Carroll, to inquire of each voter, as he presents himself to vote, whether he is for or against said annexation, and shall record the vote so given, in a book to be kept for that purpose; and shall make a return thereof, to the Secretary of State; and if a majority of the voters of the said county of Carroll, voting for members of the said lower branch of the State Legislature, shall be found to be in favor of said annexation, it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the State to communicate the fact to the Governor of this State, who shall thereupon by proclamation, declare said territory, as above described, to be annexed to the county of Holmes, and to constitute part thereof.

133. L. M. 1850, pp. 241-242;
App. Feb. 19, 1850.

AN ACT to Change the Line Between Lafayette and Marshall Counties.

Sec. 1. . . . That that portion or part of Lafayette county, north of the Tallahatchie river, from the mouth of Tippah down to Little Spring Creek, be, and the same is hereby detached from Lafayette county and attached to Marshall county . . . 137.

134. L. M. 1850, p. 267;
App. March 5, 1850.

AN ACT to Detach from Washington County, and Add to the County of Yazoo a Portion of the Former County.

Sec. 1. . . . That all that portion of territory of the county of Washington, included within the following boundaries, to-wit: Beginning at the southwest corner of township fourteen, range four west, running thence diagonally across said township, to the northeast corner thereof, thence in same direction, (northeast,) to its intersection with the Yazoo river, thence down said Yazoo river, by the meanderings thereof, to the point where said river intersects the township line dividing ranges two and three west, thence south along said township line, to the township lines dividing townships thirteen and fourteen, thence west to the point of beginning, be, and the same is hereby attached to and made to form a part of the territory of the county of Yazoo . . . 138.

135. L. M. 1852, p. 425;
App. Jan. 27, 1852.

AN ACT to Annex a Portion of Yazoo County to the County of Warren.

Sec. 1. . . . That that portion of the county of Yazoo included in township eighteen, range five east, and sections thirty-five and thirty-six, of township nineteen, range five east, be, and the same is hereby annexed to the county of Warren . . . 139.

136. L. M. 1852, pp. 36-41;
App. March 8, 1852.

AN ACT to Create a New County in This State, to be Called the County of Calhoun.

Sec. 1. . . . That an additional county shall be, and the same is hereby created in this State, to be called the County of Calhoun, to be bounded as follows: Commencing at the northeast corner of township twelve, range one west of the basis meridian, thence east to the north-east corner of township twelve, range one east of the said basis, thence south to the north-east corner of township fifteen, range one east of said basis, thence west to the north-west corner of section three, in township fifteen, range

one east, thence south to the northern boundary line of Choctaw County, thence west eighteen miles, to the south-west corner of township twenty-two, range eight, thence north to the southern boundary line of Lafayette county, thence due east to the western boundary line of Pontotoc county, thence south to the beginning point . . .

137. L. M. 1852, p. 90;
App. Oct. 19, 1852.

AN ACT to Amend an Act Entitled an Act to Establish a New County in this State, to be Called the County of Sunflower, Approved February 15, 1844.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Mississippi, That all the territory in township 21, of range 1 west, of the Choctaw Cession, north of the Tallahatchie River, composed of section 2 and 3, part of section 1, 4, 9, 10, and 11, in said township of 21, range 1 west, be, and the same is hereby, included in the southern boundary line of Tallahatchie County, Mississippi.

And Be it Further Enacted, That this act take effect and be in force from and after its passage. Approved October 19, 1852.

138. L. M. 1854, p. 413;
App. Feb. 10, 1854.

AN ACT to Attach Section No. 4, in Township No. 21, Range 11 East, of Choctaw County to Chickasaw County, in This State, and for Other Purposes.

Sec. 1. . . . That section number four, in township number twenty-one, of range number eleven east, in Choctaw County, be and the same is hereby attached to, and shall be a part of, Chickasaw County, in this State . . .

139. L. M. 1854, p. 448;
App. Feb. 10, 1854.

AN ACT to Annex a Portion of Yazoo County to the County of Warren.

Sec. 1. . . . That the county line between Yazoo and Warren shall hereafter commence on Big Black river, at a point where the eastern line of section twenty-five, in township eight, of range four west crosses said river; and thence running north along the eastern line of sections twenty-five and twenty-four and twenty-three, to the north-west corner of said section twenty-three, thence north along the eastern line to the north-east corner of section fifteen, thence west along the sectional line to a point where the said sectional line strikes the present county line between the said counties of Yazoo and Warren.

Sec. 2. . . . That all the land lying within, and south of the line described in the first section, including the residence of Samuel Marley, now forming a portion of Yazoo, shall be attached to and form a part of the county of Warren . . .

140. L. M. 1854, p. 238;
App. Feb. 27, 1854.

AN ACT to Change the Line Between Lafayette and Marshall Counties.

Sec. 1. . . . That that part of the county of Lafayette north of the Tallahatchie river and east of Okochawalla creek, be and the same is hereby detached from the county of Lafayette, and attached to the county of Marshall . . .

141. L. M. 1854, pp. 487-488;
App. March 2, 1854.

AN ACT to Annex a Part of Tallahatchie County to the County of Sunflower, and for Other Purposes.

Sec. 1. . . . That so much of the county of Tallahatchie as is designated and defined by the following metes and bounds, to-wit: Beginning on the township line between township twenty-one and twenty-two, range one east, at the point where section two and three of twenty-one, range one, east, and section thirty-four and thirty-five, of township twenty-two, range one, east, corner on said township line, thence north nine miles to the point where sections fourteen, fifteen, twenty-two and twenty-three corner in township twenty-three range one, east, thence due west, following the section line, from the corner above designated to the boundary line between Tallahatchie and Sunflower counties, be and the same is hereby detached from said county of Tallahatchie and annexed to and made a part of the county of Sunflower . . .

142. L. M. 1856, pp. 228-258;
App. Feb. 27, 1856.

AN ACT defining the limits and divisions of the State of Mississippi.

SECTION II

Art. 3. The State of Mississippi is divided into the following counties to-wit: Adams, Amite, Attala, Bolivar, Carroll, Calhoun, Chickasaw, Choctaw, Claiborne, Clarke, Copiah, Coahoma, Covington, DeSota, Franklin, Greene, Harrison, Hancock, Hinds, Holmes, Issaquena, Ittawamba, Jackson, Jasper, Jefferson, Jones, Kemper, Lafayette, Lauderdale, Lawrence, Leake, Lowndes, Madison, Marion, Marshall, Monroe, Noshoba, Nowton, Noxubee, Octibbeha, Panola, Perry, Pike, Pontotoc, Rankin, Scott, Simpson, Smith, Sunflower, Tallahatchie, Tippah, Tishomingo, Tunica, Warren, Washington, Wayne, Wilkinson, Winston, Yalobusha, and Yazoo, which are bounded as hereinafter described.

SECTION III

Boundaries of the Counties defined as they existed in 1822, by act of June 29, 1822.

Art. 4. The river Homochitto shall be the dividing line between the counties of Adams and Wilkinson, from its mouth to its intersection with the basis meridian line, and from thence the said river shall be the dividing line between the counties of Wilkinson and Franklin to the mouth of Foster's Creek on said river. See Art. 96. The basis meridian line shall be the dividing line between the counties of Adams and Franklin.

Art. 5. The dividing line between the counties of Jefferson and Claiborne shall be as follows, to-wit: Beginning on the bank of the Mississippi river, at the lower end of the Petit Gulf Hills, running thence a direct course to the most northern point of the tract of land known by the name of Robert Trimbles and Tabor's creek of Bayou Pierre, continuing the same course until it shall intersect the south fork of Bayou Pierre at Elijah L. Clark's wagon ford on said creek; up said creek to the township line between township nine and ten; thence pursuing said line east to the old Choctaw boundary line.

Art. 6. The river Big Black, from its mouth to the old Choctaw boundary line, shall be the dividing line between the counties of Claiborne and Warren. Changed, see Art. 38.

Art. 7. The dividing line between the counties of Warren and Hinds shall be as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the mouth of the Yazoo river; thence up the same to where the former county line strikes said river; thence from said place up the said river with its meanders a distance that shall equal five miles in a direct line; thence south thirty degrees east to Big Black river; thence down the same to the old Choctaw boundary line. See Art. 19.

Art. 8. The dividing line between the counties of Wilkinson and Amite shall be as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the thirty mile post east of the river Mississippi, on the line of demarcation, and running with said township line due north until it intersects the north-east branch of Foster's Creek; thence down said creek to its junction with the Homochitto.

Art. 9. The dividing line between the counties of Amite and Franklin shall be as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the mouth of Foster's Creek, on the Homochitto river, thence up the said river with its meanders to the fourth township line; thence with the said township line due east till it shall intersect the dividing ridge between the waters of the river Homochitto and the east fork of Amite; thence with the summit of said ridge till it intersects the township line between the sixth mile post east from the Mississippi river, being the first range of townships west of Tansopiho running due north, shall be the dividing line between the counties of Amite and Pike and Amite and Lawrence, and between Franklin and Lawrence.

Art. 10. The dividing line between the counties of Pike and Marion shall be as follows, to-wit: Beginning on the line of demarcation at the ninety mile post, east from the Mississippi river, running thence due north on the township line to its intersection with the summit of the dividing ridge between the waters of Boguechitto and Pearl Rivers after the same

crosses the waters of McGee's creek; thence along said ridge until it intersects the southern boundary of Lawrence county.

Art. 11. The dividing line between the counties of Pike, Marion and Lawrence shall be as follows, to-wit: Beginning on the Franklin county line where the middle section line of the fifth township intersects the same; thence east along said line to its intersection with the eastern boundary line of the counties of Marion and Lawrence. See Art. 32.

Art. 12. The dividing line between the counties of Marion and Perry shall be the range line between the thirteenth and fourteenth ranges, from the line of demarcation to the northern boundary of the fifth township line.

Art. 13. The dividing line between the counties of Lawrence and Covington shall be as follows, to-wit: Beginning on the eastern boundary of the eighteenth range line, where it intersects the southern boundary line of Lawrence county; thence north along said range line to its intersection with the dividing ridge between the waters of Leaf and Pearl rivers; thence along the summit of said ridge to its intersection with the Choctaw boundary line. See Art. 27.

Art. 14. The dividing line between the counties of Perry and Green shall be the line that divides the eighthand ninth ranges from the line of demarcation to the northern boundary of the fifth parallel township line.

Art. 15. The dividing line between the county of Covington and Wayne shall be the eastern boundary line of the twelfth range of townships, from the northern boundary of the fifth parallel township running north to the Choctaw boundary line. Changed See Art. 26.

Art. 16. The line of demarcation running east shall be the dividing line between the counties of Hancock, Marion and Perry and between the counties of Jackson and Green, until it shall intersect Leaf river; and from thence the boundary between Green and Jackson shall be down Leaf river till it shall intersect the parallel township line south of the line of demarcation; thence east with said township line to the eastern boundary line of the State. Perry Enlarged see Art. 30, 22, 28.

Art. 17. The fifth parallel township line from the eighteenth range line, running due east to the eastern boundary line of the State, shall be the dividing line between the counties of Perry and Covington, and between the counties of Green and Wayne.

Art. 18. The dividing line between the counties of Hancock and Jackson shall be as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the middle of the bay of Biloxi; thence running a direct course to where the western boundary of the ninth range line intersects the line of Demarcation. See Art. 4.

Art. 19. The county of Hinds shall consist of all that tract of country lately acquired from the Choctaws, except the part laid off to the county of Warren from the Yazoo to Big Black rivers, hereinbefore directed, and excepting also, that part which indents the county of Franklin on the northeast corner of said county, which shall hereafter be annexed to and form a part of the county of Franklin, and the dividing line between the

counties of Hinds and Franklin shall be a straight continuation of the dividing line between the counties of Jefferson and Franklin, until it intersects a point precisely north of the dividing line between the counties of Lawrence and Franklin (See Art. 37).

ART. 20. The county of Monroe shall consist of all that tract of county lying east of the Tombigby river and within the limits of this State. See Art. 78.

SECTION IV

An alteration of the boundaries of certain counties, from the acts of 16th and 21st January, 1823.

ART. 21. The dividing line between the counties of Adams and Jefferson shall be hereafter as follows: beginning on the Mississippi river, at the upper side of E. Roses's old settlement, and running from thence to a direct line to Stover's mound, near Fairchild's Creek; thence running up the south branch of said creek, following its meanders to a place formerly known as John Griffin's Still House Spring, now George Selser's Spring; thence a direct line to the north-east corner of Edmund Andrew's cotton gin; thence a due east course until it intersects the basis meridian line; thence pursuing said line south to the north boundary of township number seven; thence between the counties of Jefferson and Franklin, running due east on the line of the north boundary of township number seven, until it intersects the old Indian boundary line; thence running between the counties of Jefferson and Hinds, along said old Indian boundary north to where the north boundary line of township number nine intersects said line.

ART. 22. The boundary line between the counties of Green, and Jackson, shall, from and after the passage of this act, be as follows, to-wit: Beginning on the Pascagoula river where the first township line south of the line of demarcation crosses said river; thence along said township to its intersection with the dividing line between the counties of Jackson and Hancock; thence north along said line to the line of demarcation, any law to the countrary notwithstanding.

ART. 23. All that tract of county within the following boundaries to wit: beginning at a point on Big Black river, where the northern boundary line of township seven intersects the same; thence due east along said line to where it strikes Pearl river; thence up said river to where the Choctaw boundary line crosses the same; thence down said river to the northern boundary line of Warren county; thence along said boundary line to Big Black river; thence with the same to the beginning shall constitute a county to be called and known by the name of Yazoo. See Art. 40, changing southern line.

ART. 24. All that tract of county lying and being within the following limits and boundaries to-wit: beginning on the eastern boundary line of Claiborne county, where the southern boundary of township three strikes the same; thence east along said line to the Choctaw boundary line; thence southwardly with the same to the northern boundary of Covington county; thence westardly along the old Choctaw boundary line to the south-west corner of the same; thence northwardly with the old Choctaw boundary to the beginning, shall form a new county to be called and known by the name of Copiah.

ART. 25. All that portion of Copiah county west of Pearl river shall form and constitute the county of Copiah; and all that portion of said county east of Pearl river shall form one county, to be known by the name of Simpson in memory of the late honorable Josiah Simpson. Act of January 23, 1824.

SECTION V

The boundary lines defined between Covington, Wayne, Lawrence and Marion, and between Pike, Lawrence and Amite, and between Hancock and Perry. Acts. of 1, 2, and 3, February 1825.

ART. 26. The line dividing the counties of Covington and Wayne shall be the eastern boundary line of the eleventh range of townships, from the northern boundary of the fifth parallel township running north to the Choctaw boundary line.

ART. 27. The dividing line between the counties of Covington and Lawrence shall be as follows, to-wit: beginning on the eastern boundary of the eighteenth range line, where it now intersects the northern boundary of the fifth township line; thence due west four miles; thence due north to Simpson county line any law to the contrary notwithstanding.

ART. 28. All that tract of country lying in the southeast corner of Lawrence county, beginning on the eastern boundary of the eighteenth range line where it now intersects, the southern boundary of Lawrence county line; then due west four miles; then due north three miles; then due east four miles; then due south till it intersects the southern boundary of Lawrence county line, is hereby attached to Marion.

ART. 29. The boundary line between the counties of Pike, Lawrence and Amite shall be as follows: commencing on the western boundary line of Pike county, at the middle of the fifth township, it being on the western boundary line of range seven, and running north to the fifth parallel township line; thence east along said line, to the western boundary of Captain James Miller's company beat; thence south to the middle of said fifth township it being the present northern boundary line of Pike Co.: Provided, however, that the premises on which H. Brister resides, if the same lies adjoining the middle line of the fifth township, as well as all that part of Lawrence county, which is taken in by the lines above mentioned, is hereby attached to the county of Pike. See Art. 32.

ART. 30. All that part of Hancock county contained in township 1 and 2 of ranges 11, 12 and 13, is hereby attached to, and shall be a part of the county of Perry. See Arts. 42-100.

SECTION VI

JONES FORMED OUT OF Covington and Wayne counties, Act of January 24, 1826.

ART. 31. All that part of Covington county lying east of the center of range 14, and all that part of Wayne county lying west of range 9, shall constitute and form a new county, to be known and called by the name of Jones county.

SECTION VII

Boundary line defined between Pike and Lawrence and Washington formed out of Yazoo and Warren. Act. of 1827.

ART. 32. The boundary line between the counties of Pike and Lawrence, shall be as before established by law, with the following amendment to-wit: The same to commence on the fifth parallel township line, where the western boundary line of Granberry Blunt's land joins the same; thence north along said line to the north-west corner of said Blunt's land; thence east until it becomes opposite the eastern boundary line of Jesse S. Brown's land, on which he now resides; and thence south to the fifth parallel township line, so as to include the lands and residence of the above named Granberry Blunt and Jesse S. Brown in the county of Pike.

The aforesaid proposed line shall not extend further north than one mile from the aforesaid fifth parallel township line.

ART. 33. So much of the counties of Yazoo and Warren as lies west of the Yazoo river, beginning on the right bank of said river where the Choctaw boundary line strikes the same, thence along said boundary to the Mississippi river, thence down the said river to a point on the said river, where the east and west line between township seventeen and eighteen strikes the same; thence along said line to where the same strikes Yazoo river; thence up the said last mentioned river to the place of beginning, shall constitute a county, which, shall be called the county of Washington. See Art. 36.

SECTION VIII

The boundaries of Madison, Washington, Yazoo, Warren, Rankin and Hinds further defined. Act of 1828.

ART. 34. So much of the county of Yazoo as lies east of Big Black river, beginning on the east bank of said river, where the Hinds county line strikes the same; thence with said line to Pearl river; thence up said river to the Choctaw boundary line; thence with said boundary line to where it strikes the Big Black; thence down the Big Black river to the beginning, shall constitute a county, which shall be called the county of Madison, Extended, see Arts. 39 and 65.

ART. 35. All that tract of territory lying west of Yazoo river and east of the following line shall form and constitute a part of the Yazoo county, viz: Beginning on the south end of the section line, between sections three and four of township thirteen and range two west, and running due north to the Yazoo river.

ART. 36. The dividing line between the counties of Warren and Washington shall begin on the east bank of the Mississippi river, at the upper end of the plantation of M. Henley, and run so as to intersect the line between the counties of Warren and Yazoo, where the same strikes the Yazoo river.

ART. 37. All that portion of Hinds county lying and being west of Pearl river, shall form and constitute the county of Hinds; and all that portion of Hinds county, east of Pearl river shall form and constitute the county of Rankin, in memory of the late Honorable Christopher Rankin. See Art. 87.

SECTION IX

The boundary line between Warren and Claiborne, Hinds and Madison, and Warren and Yazoo further defined. Act. of 1829.

ART. 38. The dividing line between the counties of Warren and Claiborne shall be: beginning at Big Black river, at a point where the southern line of Hinds county strikes the same; thence down Big Black river to its junction with Big Bogueasha; thence up Big Bogueasha to its junction with Little Bogueasha; thence along Little Bogueasha to its junction with the Mississippi river, nearly opposite the Big Black island.

ART. 39. The parts of fractional township seven in range two and three east of the basis meridian which are in Hinds county, be, and the same is hereby attached to Madison county. Extended, see Art. 65.

ART. 40. The dividing line between the counties of Warren and Yazoo shall hereafter run as follows, to-wit: Beginning on the Yazoo river at the mouth of Collins' Bayou, and run on a direct line to that point on the Big Black river where the north boundary line of township number seven in range four west strikes the same.

SECTION X

Lowndes formed and Perry enlarged. Acts of 1830.

ART. 41. All that portion of Monroe county lying south of a line commencing at a point on the State of Alabama, where a line, running due east from Robinson's Bluff, on the Buttahatchie river, would strike the State line of Alabama; thence from said point due west to said Robinson's Bluff; thence down the said river to its mouth; thence west to the western boundary line of the county of Monroe, as designated by the act of 1829, extending process into the territory occupied by the Chickasaws and Choctaw tribes of Indians, shall form a new county, to be called the county of Lowndes, in memory of the late William Lowndes, Estended, See Art. 43.

ART. 42. The townships one and two in range ten, below the demarcation line are hereby annexed to and shall form a part of the county of Perry, and the fifth township in range fourteen, above the line of demarcation, now included in the county of Marion, shall be, and the same hereby is annexed to and made a part of the county of Perry.

SECTION XI

The limits of Lowndes extended. Acts of 1831.

ART. 43. The limits of Lowndes county are hereby extended to the following boundaries, to-wit: To commence on the State line of Alabama, at the house of William Lucas, and to run from thence in a north-west

direction, so as to crosses the Robinson Road at a place on said Robinson Road known by the name of Wilson's stand, so as to include said Wilson's stand, and from thence on a direct line from the place of beginning, until line strikes the Natchez trace to the northern boundary line of said county of Lowndes. Enlarged see Art. 64.

SECTION XII

Boundary line between Jackson and Hancock, and Holmes and Yazoo. Acts of February, 1833.

ART. 44. The dividing line between the counties of Jackson and Hancock shall be as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the point or place called old French Fort, on the Bay of Biloxi, where the line that divides the eight and ninth ranges strike the same; thence running north with said line, to the fourth parallel township line south of the line of demarcation; thence running west with township line to the western boundary line of the tenth range; thence running north with said boundary line to the south boundary of the county of Perry. Changed see Art. 81.

ART. 45. The territory within the following boundary lines, to-wit: Beginning at Boles' Ferry, on Big Black, in the county of Yazoo and in section twenty-two, in township twelve and range three east; thence on a direct line to Yazoo river, at a point where the township line between townships thirteen and fourteen strikes the same; thence up said river to a point on the same twelve miles north of the township line between townships fifteen and sixteen; thence on a direct line to the corner of the old Choctaw boundary line on Black Creek, known by the name of Gum Corner; thence continuing the same course to Big Black; thence down the same to the beginning, shall constitute a county which shall be called the county of Holmes. See Art. 95.

SECTION XIII

The territory acquired by the United States from the Choctaws by the treaty of Dancing Rabbit Creek, divided into counties. Act of Dec. 1833.

ART. 46. The territory within the following limits, to-wit: beginning on the Tombigbee river at the point which the line between townships sixteen and seventeen strikes the said Tombigbee river, and from thence west with said line between townships sixteen and seventeen to the line between ranges fourteen and fifteen east; from thence south with said line between ranges fourteen and fifteen east to the line between townships twelve and thirteen; from thence east with said line between townships twelve and thirteen to the line between the State of Alabama and the State of Mississippi; and from thence a northern direction with said line between the State of Alabama and the State of Mississippi to the Tombigbee river, and from thence up said river to the place of beginning, shall form a new county to be called Noxubee county.

ART. 47. The territory within townships nine, ten, eleven and twelve of ranges fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, eighteen and nineteen shall form a new county, to be called Kemper county.

ART. 48. All the territory within townships five, six, seven and eight of ranges fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, eighteen and nineteen shall form a new county to be called Lauderdale county, in memory of Col. James Lauderdale, who fell in battle at New Orleans.

ART. 49. The territory within the following limits, to-wit: Beginning on the State line of Alabama, at the point at which the line between townships four and five strikes said State line, and running from thence west with said line between townships four and five to the line between ranges thirteen and fourteen east; from thence south, with said line between ranges thirteen and fourteen east to the southern boundary line of the Choctaw nation; from thence east with said boundary line to northwest corner of the Hogowanne reserve; from thence to the north-east corner of the same; thence east along said boundary line to the point at which the southern boundary of township number one strikes the same; from thence directly east to the State of Alabama, and from thence north with said State line to the place of beginning, shall form a new county, to be called Clarke County.

ART. 50. The territory within the following limits, to-wit: Beginning at the point at which the line between ranges fifteen and sixteen east leaves the line between townships sixteen and seventeen, and running from thence north with said line between ranges fifteen and sixteen, to a point directly west of the junction of the Buttahatchy river wtih the Tombigbee river; from thence west to the line between ranges eleven and twelve east; from thence south with said line between ranges eleven and twelve east to the line between townships sixteen and seventeen, and from thence east with said line between townships sixteen and seventeen to the place of beginning, shall form a new county, to be called Octibbeha county. See Art. 97.

ART. 51. The territory within the following townships, to-wit: Thirteen, fourteen, fifteen and sicteen of ranges ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen and fourteen shall form a new county, to be called Winston County.

ART. 52. The territory within the following limits, to-wit: Beginning at a point on the Big Black river, at which the line between townships sixteen and seventeen crosses the same; from thence up said Big Black river to the point at which the line between ranges six and seven east crosses said river; from thence north with said line between ranges six and seven east, to the line between township twenty-one and twenty-two; from thence east to the line between ranges eleven and twelve east; from thence south with said line between ranges eleven and twleve east to the line between townships sixteen and seventeen, and from thence west with said line between townships sixteen and seventeen to the Big Black river, the place of beginning, shall form a new county to be called Choctaw county. Enlarged, see Art. 62.

ART. 53. The territory within townships twenty-two, twenty-three, twenty-four, twenty-five and twenty-six of ranges one and two west; and township twenty-two, twenty-three, twenty-four, twenty-five and twenty-six of ranges one, two and three east, shall form a new county, to be called Tallahatchie county. Enlarged, see Art. 63.

ART. 54. The territory within the following limits, to-wit: Beginning on the line between townships twenty-one and twenty-two at the point at which the line between ranges eight and nine crosses the line between townships twenty-one and twenty-two and running thence north with said line between ranges eight and nine east, thirty miles; from thence west to the line between ranges three and four east; from thence south with said line between ranges three and four east to the line between townships twenty-one and twenty-two, and from thence east to the place of beginning, shall form a new county to be called Yallobusha county.

ART. 55. The territory within the following limits, to-wit: Beginning on the Big Black river, at the north-east corner of Holmes county and running from thence up said river to the point at which the line between ranges six and seven east crosses said river; from thence north with said line between ranges six and seven east to the line between townships twenty-one and twenty-two; from thence west with said line between townships twenty-two to the Tallahatchie river; from thence down said Tallahatchie river to the north-west corner of Holmes county, and from thence an easterly direction with the northern boundary of Holmes county to the place of beginning, shall form a new county, to be called Carroll county in memory of Charles Carroll of Carrollton. See Art. 102.

ART. 56. The territory within the following limits, to-wit: Beginning at the point at which the line between ranges thirteen and fourteen crosses the line between townships four and five; from thence west with said line between townships four and five to the line between ranges nine and ten east; from thence south with said line between ranges nine and ten east to the southern boundary line of the Choctaw nation, from thence in an eastern direction with said southern boundary line to the place at which the line between ranges thirteen and fourteen would strike said boundary line if extended south to the same; and from thence north with the said line between ranges thirteen and fourteen east to the place of beginning, shall form a new county to be called Jasper county, in honor of Sergeant Jasper.

ART. 57. The territory within the following limits; townships five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven and twelve of ranges ten, eleven, twelve, and thirteen shall form a new county to be called Neshoba county. See Art. 86.

ART. 58. The territory within the following limits, to-wit: Beginning on the line between ranges nine and ten east, at the point at which the line between townships four and five crosses said line between ranges nine and ten east, and from thence south with the said line between ranges nine and ten east to the southern boundary line of the Choctaw nation; from thence west with said southern boundary line to the western boundary line of said Choctaw nation; from thence north with said western boundary line to the point at which the line between townships two and three strikes said western boundary line; from thence west to the line between ranges five and six east; from thence north with said line between ranges five and six east to the line between townships four and five, and from thence to the place of beginning, shall form a new county, to be called Smith county in honor of Major David Smith, of Hinds county.

ART. 59. The territory within the following limits, to-wit: Beginning at the northwest corner of Jasper county and running from thence

north with the line between ranges nine and ten east to the line between townships eight and nine; from thence west with said line between townships eight and nine to the line between ranges five and six east; from thence south with said line between ranges five and six east to the western boundary line of the Choctaw nation; from thence directly south to a point directly west of the line between townships four and five; and from thence east with said line between townships four and five to the place of beginning shall form a new county, to be called Scott county, in memory of Abraham M. Scott, deceased, late governor of this State.

ART. 60. The territory within the following limits to-wit; beginning at the northeast corner of Scott county and running from thence north with the line between ranges nine and ten east to the line between townships twelve and thirteen; from thence west with the line between townships twelve and thirteen to the line between ranges five and six east; from thence south with said line between townships eight and nine, and from thence east to the place of beginning shall form a new county to be called Leake County.

ART. 61. The territory within the following limits, to-wit; beginning at the northeast corner of Leake county, and running from thence west with the line between townships twelve and thirteen to the line between ranges five and six east; from thence south with said line between ranges five and six east to the center of township twelve of range five east; from thence directly west to the Big Black river; from thence up said river to the point at which the line between townships sixteen and seventeen crosses said river; from thence east with the line between townships sixteen and seventeen to the line between ranges nine and ten east; and from thence south to the place of beginning shall constitute a county to be called Attala county.

ART. 62. All the territory lying north of Choctaw county, and within the Choctaw nation, be and the same is hereby attached to said Choctaw county: Provided, said territory north of Choctaw county shall not be taken as part of said Choctaw county in the location of a county site thereof. See Art. 110.

ART. 63. All the territory lying north, and between Tallahatchie county and the boundary line of the Chickasaw nation, shall be and the same is hereby attached to said Tallahatchie county; Provided, That said territory shall not be taken into consideration in the location of the seat of justice for said Tallahatchie county.

ART. 64. All the territory south of the line running from the junction of the Buttahatchie river with the Tombigbee river to the north-east corner of Octibbeha county and east of, and between Octibbeha county and the Tombigbee river, and north of Noxubee county, be and the same is hereby attached to and shall hereafter form and constitute a part of Lowndes County.

ART. 65. The territory south of the line drawn from the western boundary of Leake county through the center of township twelve of range five east and extended west to the old Choctaw boundary of west of Leake county, shall be attached to and form a part of Madison county.

ART. 66. All the territory south of Clarke county known as the Hegowanne Reserve, be and the same is attached to and shall constitute a part of Wayne County.

SECTION XIV

Warren and Yazoo enlarged. Act of Dec. 1833.

ART. 67. All that tract of country situate and being in range two west and west of Yazoo river, in townships fourteen, thirteen, twelve and eleven be, and the same is hereby attached to and shall be a part of the county of Yazoo and that the present boundary line between the counties of Yazoo and Warren be changed so as to commence on the Big Black river at the present boundary line, and from that point run west till it strikes the Yazoo river at the mouth of Little Sunflower or Bear Lake, in township nine, range five west, and the tract of country situate in the south of said line is hereby attached to Warren county.

SECTION XV.

Chickasaw Cession divided into counties. Act of February 1836

ART. 68. The territory within the following limits, to-wit; beginning at the point where the line between townships six and seven intersect the eastern boundary line of the State, and running with the said boundary line to the Tennessee river; thence down the said river to the point where the northern boundary line of the State intersects the same; thence with the said northern boundary line to the line between ranges five and six east of the basis meridian; thence south with the said range line to the line between townships six and seven; thence east with the said township line to the beginning shall form a new county and be called the county of Tishomingo.

ART. 69. The territory within the following limits, to-wit; beginning at the point where the line between townships six and seven intersecting the east boundary line of the State, and running thence with the said boundary line to a point one mile north of its intersection with the line between townships eleven and twelve; thence due west to the line between ranges five and six east; thence north with the said range line between townships six and seven; and thence due east with the said township line to the beginning, shall form a new county, and be called the county of Itawamba.

ART. 70. The territory within the following limits, to-wit; beginning at the point where the line between townships six and seven intersects the basis meridian to the northern boundary line of the State, thence east with the said boundary line to the line between ranges five and six east; thence south with the said range line to the line between townships six and seven, and thence west with the said township line to the beginning, shall form a new county and be called the county of Tippah.

ART. 71. The territory within the townships seven, eight, nine, ten and eleven of ranges one, two, three, four and five east of the basis meridian, shall form a new county and be called the county of Pontotoc.

ART. 72. The territory within the following limits, to-wit; beginning at the point where the line between ranges five and six east intersect the northern boundary of Octibbeha county, and running thence with the said northern boundary to the eastern boundary of Choctaw county; thence along the eastern and northern boundaries of Choctaw county to the

eastern boundary of Yalobusha county; thence north with the said eastern boundary of Yalobusha county to the point where the line between townships eleven and twelve intersects the same; thence east with the said township line to the line between ranges five and six, and thence south with the said line to the beginning, shall form a new county, and be called the county of Chickasaw. See Art. 97.

ART. 73. The territory within the following limits to-wit: Beginning at the point where the line of the basis meridian intersects the northern boundary line of the State, and running thence south with the said basis meridian line to the center of township six; thence west through the center of township six according to the sectional lines, to the center of range five west; thence north through the center of range five west according to the sectional lines, to the northern boundary line of the State, and thence east with the said boundary line to the beginning shall form a new county and be called the county of Marshall. See Art. 98.

ART. 74. The territory within the following limits to-wit: Beginning at the point where the line between townships eleven and twelve intersects the basis meridian, to the center of township six; thence west through the center of township six, according to the sectional lines, to the center of range five west; thence south through the center of range five west, according to the sectional lines, to the northern boundary line of Yalobusha county; thence along the northern and eastern boundary lines of Yalobusha county to the point where the lines between townships eleven and twelve intersect the eastern boundary line of Yalobusha county, and thence east with the said township line to the beginning shall form a new county, and be called the county of Lafayette. See Art. 103.

ART. 75. The territory within the following limits, to-wit: Beginning at the point where the northern boundary line of the State intersects the Mississippi river, and running thence down the said river to the point where the line between townships two and three intersects the same; thence with the said township line to the line between ranges nine and ten west; thence south with the said range line to the center of township six; thence east through the center of township six according to the sectional lines, to the center of range five west; thence north through the center of range five west; according to the sectional line, to the northern boundary line of the State; thence west with the said boundary line to the beginning, shall form a new county, and be called the county of DeSoto.

ART. 76. The territory within the following limits, to-wit: Beginning at the point whche the line between ranges nine and ten strikes the center of section six, and running thence south with the said range line, and from its termination in a direct line to the northern boundary of Tallahatchie county; and thence along the northern boundary of Tallahatchie and Yalobusha counties to the center of range five west; thence north through the center of range five west, according to the sectional lines, to the center of township six, thence west through the center of township six, according to the sectional lines to the beginning, shall form a new county, and be called the county of Panola. See Art. 89.

ART. 77. The territory within the following limits, to-wit: Beginning at the north-western corner of Tallahatchie county and running thence due north to the dividing line between the Choctaw and Chickasaw tribes of Indians; thence with the said dividing line to the Mississippi river; thence up the said river to the point where the line between townships two and three intersects the same; thence with the said township line to the line between ranges nine and ten west; thence south with said range line, and from its termination in a direct line to the northern boundary of Tallahatchie county, and thence west with said northern boundary to the beginning, shall from a new county, and be called the county of Tunica.

ART. 78. The boundaries of the county of Monroe shall hereafter be as follows, to-wit; beginning at the point one mile due north of the point where the line between townships eleven and twelve intersects the eastern boundary line of the State, and running thence due west to the line between ranges five and six east; thence south with the said range line to the northern boundary of Octibbeha county, and thence due east to the mouth of Buttahatchie river; thence according to the present boundaries between the said county of Monroe and the county of Lowndes to the eastern boundary line of the State, and thence along the said eastern boundary line to the beginning, and the territory included within the said limits shall from and after the passage of this act, constitute the county of Monroe.

ART. 79. The territory within the following limits, to-wit: Beginning at the point where the line between townships twenty-four and twenty-five of the survey of the late Choctaw cession intersects the Mississippi river, and running thence up the said river to the point where the dividing line between the Choctaw and Chickasaw tribes of Indians intersects the same; thence with the said dividing line to the point where the line between ranges two and three of the survey of the said Choctaw cession intersects the same; thence with said range line to the line between townships twenty-four and twenty-five as aforesaid; and thence with the said township line to the beginning, shall form a new county, and be called the county of Coahoma. See Art. 85.

ART. 80. The territory within the following limits, to-wit: Beginning at the point where the line between townships twenty-four and twenty-five intersects the line between ranges two and three west, and running thence with the said range line to the point where the same intersects the line between townships twenty-one and twenty-two; thence east with the said township lines to the Tallahatchie river; thence down the Tallahatchie river; thence down the Tallahatchie and Yazoo rivers, to the point where the old Choctaw boundary line intersects Yazoo river; thence with the said boundary line to the point where the line between townships nineteen and twenty leaves the same; thence west with the said township line to the Mississippi river; thence up the Mississippi river to the point where the line between townships twenty-four and twenty-five intersects the same; and thence with the said township line to the beginning, shall form a new county and be called the county of Bolivar. See Arts. 85 and 90.

SECTION XVI

Boundary between Jackson and Hancock and Newton established Acts of 1836

ART. 81. The boundary lines between the counties of Jackson and Hancock below the north line of township four, south of the line of demarcation in range nine west, shall commence on the sectional line between sections three and four of said township, and continue due south upon the same to the east shore of the Bay of Biloxi; thence along the said shore south-east to where the range line between ranges eight and nine strikes said Bay.

SECTION XVII

Boundary of Scott enlarged. Acts 1838.

ART. 83. All that portion of territory lying east of Pearl river and the old Choctaw boundary line, designating the dividing line between the Indian and white settlements prior to the treaty of Dancing Rabbit Creek, in 1830, from the point where the said boundary line crosses Pearl river, to the point where the same intersects the present western boundary line of the county of Scott, be, and the same is hereby attached to the county of Scott.

SECTION XVIII

Boundary of Warren and Washington, Bolivar and Coahoma, Neshoba, Acts of 1839.

ART. 84. The boundary line between Warren and Washington shall hereafter be known as follows: Commencing at the point on the Yazoo river, where the southern boundary of township nine, range six, west, of the Choctaw district intersects it; thence running west on the southern boundary of township nine, range six, seven, eight and nine, west, to the Mississippi river.

ART. 85. The township line dividing township twenty-four and twenty-five as laid down in the original act to which this a supplement, shall hereafter be known and designated as the dividing line between the counties of Bolivar and Coahoma from the range line point where the same shall first intersect the Mississippi river, running west from the said range line; thence down the main channel of the said Mississippi; to the south boundary of Bolivar county, so as to include fractional township twenty-five of range eight west, in the county of Bolivar.

ART. 86. Whereas the legislature of this State on the 13th day of May, A. D. 1837, in the third section of an act entitled "An Act to incorporate the town of Camden in the county of Neshoab and for other purposes" did determine definitely the limits of Neshoba county; and whereas the board of police of said county did, in accordance with the said act, order Hugh Harrison, the county surveyor of said county, to survey and mark the limits of said county, and whereas said surveyor did, in accordance with said act, survey and mark said limits as ordered; therefore, the limits or lines surveyed and marked by the above named surveyor are hereby established as the boundaries of the county of Neshoba: Beginning at the south-west corner of township nine of range ten east; thence east with the township line twenty-four miles; thence north to the township line between twelve and thirteen; thence west with the last named township line to the north-west corner of township twelve of range ten east and thence south with the range line to the beginning, shall be the limits of Neshoba County.

SECTION XIX

Boundary between Hinds and Madison changed. Act of 1840.

ART. 87. The boundary line between the counties of Madison and Hinds shall be as follows, viz: beginning at that point on Big Black river, which is intersected by the range line number two west; running thence due south to the present boundary line between the said counties; thence east with the present line to the basis meridian; thence south to township line number six north; thence east to the present line, and then to continue with the line established by law.

SECTION XX

Boundary of Harrison and line between Panola and Tunica. Act of 1841.

ART. 88. A new county shall be, and the same is hereby created in this State, to be bounded as follows: beginning at the point where the line dividing ranges thirteen and fourteen strikes the Bay of Bay St. Louis; thence with said line due north to the northern boundary of township three, south; thence to the Bay of Biloxi; thence south-east to the point Caddi; thence westwardly with seashore and the shore of the Bay of St. Louis to the beginning, Hancock and a portion of the county of Jackson and said county hereby created, shall be called the county of Harrison. See Art. 94.

ART. 89. The boundary line between the counties of Panola and Tunica shall hereafter be as follows, viz; From where the west boundary line of range nine in the Chickasaw purchase strikes the Chickasaw and Choctaw boundary, run west to the Choctaw meridian; thence south to the north-west corner of Township twenty-six of range one east to the Tallahatchie county line, and east with the south boundary of Panola county.

SECTION XXI

Boundary of Tunica, Coahoma and Bolivar, Act of 1842.

ART. 90. The boundary line between the counties of Tunica and Coahoma shall be as follows, to-wit; beginning on the Mississippi, at the point where the line between the Choctaw and Chickasaw districts strikes the same; thence with said line to the eastern boundary of Coahoma county; thence south with said line to the line between townships eight and nine of the Chickasaw district; thence east to the meridian line; thence south with the meridian line to the north boundary of township twenty-six north; and that the line between the counties of Bolivar and Coahoma shall be as follows, to-wit; Beginning on the Mississippi river at the center of township twenty-six north of range seven west; thence east with said line to the line between ranges four and five west, and south to the said line between townships twenty-four and five north. Changed, see Art. 93.

SECTION XXII

Boundaries of Issaquena, Sunflower, Coahoma and Tunica, and part of Perry attached to Harrison, Acts of 1844.

ART. 91. The territory now embraced within the boundaries of Washington county, shall be divided by a line commencing on the Mississippi river between townships thirteen and fourteen, and running east, between said townships to the western boundary of Yazoo county; and all that part of Washington county south of said line, from and after the passage of this act, shall be, and is hereby created a new county in this State, called the county of Issaquena, and all that part of said county north of said line shall compose the county of Washington. See Art. 104.

ART. 92. A new county shall be, and the same is hereby created in this State, to be bounded as follows: Beginning at the corner of townships twenty-four and twenty-five of ranges four and five west; thence east between townships twenty-four and twenty-five to the line between ranges two and three west, thence south between ranges two and three west to the line between townships twenty-one and twenty-two, thence east between townships twenty-one and twenty-two to the Tallahatchie river; thence down the Tallahatchie river and down the Yazoo river, to the point where the old Choctaw boundary line intersects it; thence with the said boundary line north forty-six degrees west to the point where the line between ranges four and five west intersects that line; thence north with the line between ranges four and five west, to the place of beginning, which county is now included in the county of Bolivar. And the county hereby created shall be called the county of Sunflower.

ART. 93. The boundary line between the counties of Tunica and Coahoma shall be the dividing line between the Choctaw and Chickasaw nations of Indians, from where said line strikes the Mississippi river; thence in a south-eastern direction with the said line to where it strikes the meridian of the Choctaw lands; thence as the line now runs.

ART. 94. Four and one-half townships of the territory now embraced in the county of Perry viz: The west half of township two in range nine west, and the whole of township two in range ten, eleven, twelve and thirteen, west, and south of the old demarcation line, are hereby attached to and made a part of Harrison county.

ART. 95. The board of police of each of the counties of Yazoo and Holmes is hereby authorized and empowered to appoint two commissioners each, whose duty it shall be to re-survey and re-mark the county line between said counties; and said lines, so re-surveyed and re-marked shall be the lines between said counties. See Art. 102.

SECTION XXIII

Boundaries defined between Adams and Wilkinson, Chickasaw and Oktibbeha, Lafayette and Marshall, Yazoo and Warren and Harrison and Perry. Act. of 1846.

ART. 96. The north channel of the Homochitto river, where the same forms an island below the lower or western Natchez and Woodville mail road, so as to include Tanzy Island in Wilkinson county, is hereby declared to be the line of boundary between said counties of Adams and Wilkinson.

ART. 97. The county surveyors of Chickasaw and Okbibbeha counties are hereby required after due notice given to each other, to meet and run that part of the line between said counties; not heretofore established, in accordance with the fifth section of an act to lay off new counties, approved 23d December 1833. The surveyors shall make a joint return to the boards of police in their respective counties; which return shall be entered of record in each police court. See Art. 110.

ART. 98. The territory north of the Tallahatchie river and east of Tippah river, in the county of Lafayette, shall be attached to and form a part of the county of Marshall. See Art. 103.

ART. 99. That portion of township eighteen, range eight west, through which the present dividing line between the counties of Yazoo and Warren runs, is hereby attached to the county of Warren.

ART. 100. So much of the act of January, 1844, as attaches the west half of township two, in range nine west, to the county of Harrison, is hereby repealed.

SECTION XXIV

The boundary of Tunica county further defined. Acts of 1848.

ART. 101. The boundaries of the county of Tunica are hereby established as follows, viz; beginning at the northern boundary line of Tallahatchie county, where the section line in the center of range two west, of the meridian of the Choctaw survey strikes the same; thence north with said section line to the line between the Choctaw and Chickasaw tribes of Indians; thence with said line to the Mississippi river; thence up said river with its meanders, to the point above Commerce, where the line between townships two and three strikes said river; thence east with said line to the line between ranges nine and ten west of the Chickasaw surveys; thence south as the line now runs, between DeSoto and Tunica and Panola, to where same now strikes the Tallahatchie line; thence west to the beginning. Fractional township two of range twelve west, lying on the Mississippi river below, the town of Commerce is attached to and shall form part of Tunica county.

SECTION XXV

Of the boundaries of Carroll, Lafayett and Marshall, Yazoo and Issaquena and Washington and Yazoo. Acts of 1850.

ART. 102. At the next general election in November 1851, there shall be submitted to the qualified voters of Carroll county, the question of annexing to the county of Holmes, that portion of said county of Carroll south of the line running between townships sixteen and seventeen, to Peachyhala Creek, and south and west of said creek; and it shall be the duty of the managers of said election at each precinct in said county of Carroll, to inquire of each voter as he presents himself to vote, whether he is for or against said annexation and shall record the vote so given in a book to be

kept for that purpose; and shall make a return thereof to the Secretary of State, and if a majority of the voters of said county of Carroll, voting for members of the lower branch of the State legislature, shall be found to be in favor of annexation, it shall be the duty of the Secretary of State to communicate the fact to the Governor of this State, who shall thereupon, by proclamation declare said territory as above described, to be annexed to the county of Holmes and constitute part thereof.

ART. 103. That portion or part of Lafayette county north of the Tallahatchie river, from the mouth of Tippah down to Little Spring Creek be and the same is hereby detached from Lafayette county and attached to Marshall county. See Art. 109.

ART. 104. The following described line shall hereafter constitute the western and northern boundary of the county of Yazoo west of the Yazoo river, to-wit; beginning at the mouth of Big Sunflower, on the Yazoo river; running thence up said Sunflower river to the point where the township line dividing ranges five and six intersect said river; thence north along said township line to the south-west corner of township twelve, range five west, thence diagonally across said township from the south-west corner to the north-east corner, thereof; thence north along the township line dividing townships four and five, or southern boundary of Washington county; thence east to the junction with the county of Yazoo and from and after the passage of this act, all that portion of territory lying east and south of or between said line and the Yazoo river, now a part of Issaquena county, be and the same is hereby annexed to the county of Yazoo.

ART. 105. All that portion of territory of the county of Washington included within the following boundaries, to-wit; beginning at the south-west corner of township fourteen range four west; running thence diagonally across said township to the north-east corner thereof; thence in the same direction (north-east) to its intersection with the Yazoo river; thence down said river, by the meanderings thereof to the point where said river intersects the township line dividing ranges two and three west; thence south along said township line to the township line dividing townships thirteen and fourteen; thence west to the point of beginning be, and the same is hereby attached to and made to form a part of the territory of the county of Yazoo.

SECTION XXVI

Of the boundaries of Calhoun, Yazoo and Warren and Sunflower, Acts of January and October, 1852.

143.

ART. 106. An additional county shall be, and the same is hereby created in this State, to be called the county of Calhoun to be bounded as follows; Commencing at the north-east corner of township twelve, range one west of the basis meridian; thence east to the north-east corner of township twelve, range one east of the said basis; thence south to the north-east corner of township fifteen, range one east at said basis; thence west to the north-west corner of section three in township fifteen, range one east; thence south to the northern boundary line of Choctaw county; thence west eighteen miles to the south-west corner of township twenty-two range eight; thence north to the southern boundary line of Lafayette county; thence due east to the western boundary line of Pontotoc county; thence south to the beginning point.

ART. 107. That portion of the county of Yazoo included in township eighteen range five east and section thirty-five, and thirty-six of township nineteen, range five east, be, and the same is hereby annexed to the county of Warren.

ART. 108. All the territory in township twenty-one of range one west of the Choctaw cession north of the Tallahatchie river, composed of section two and three, part of section one, four, nine, ten and eleven in said township of twenty-one, range one west, be and the same is hereby included in the southern boundary line of Tallahatchie county.

SECTION XXVII

Of the boundaries of Lafayette and Marshall, Choctaw and Chickasaw, Yazoo and Warren, and Tallahatchie and Sunflower changed.

ART. 109. That part of the county of Lafayette north of the Tallahatchie river, and east of Okochawalla Creek be, and the same is hereby detached from the county of Lafayette, and attached to the county of Marshall.

ART. 110. Section number four in township number twenty-one of range number eleven east in Choctaw county be, and the same is hereby attached to and shall be part of Chickasaw in this State.

ART. 111. The county line between Yazoo and Warren shall hereafter commence on Big Black river, at a point where the eastern line of section twenty-five in township eight of range four west crosses said river, and thence running north along the eastern line of sections twenty-five and twenty-four to the northeast corner of section twenty-four; thence west along the northern line of sections twenty-four and twenty-three to the north-west corner of said section twenty-three; thence north along the eastern line to the north-east corner of section fifteen; thence west along the section line to a point where said sectional line strikes the present county line, between the said counties of Yazoo and Warren, and all the land lying within and south of the line described in the first section, including the residence of Samuel Marley, now forming a portion of Yazoo, shall be attached to and form a part of the county of Warren.

Approved February 27, 1856.

143. L. M. 1858, pp. 225-226;
App. Nov. 30, 1858.

AN ACT to Define and Remove Doubts Concerning the Southern Boundary of Marion County.

Whereas, doubts have arisen as to the true southern boundary line of the county of Marion, in consequence of an act approved December 16th 1830, entitled an act to establish a permanent seat of justice in the county of Hancock, and for other purposes, defining said boundary line, having been pretermitted in the subsequent codes of laws of this state; therefore

Sec. 1. . . .That so much of the above recited act as relates to the county of Marion be revived as follows: The south boundary line of the county of Marion, shall commence at the south east corner of township number two, south, range thirteen, west, and run due west on the line between townships number two and three, south, to Pearl river . . . 147.

144. L. M. 1859, p. 71;
App. Dec. 6, 1859.

AN ACT the More Particularly to Describe a Portion of the Boundary Line of Scott County.

Sec. 1. . . .That the territory within the following limits, to-wit; Beginning at the point, where the northern boundary line of Scott county intersects the line between ranges five and six east, from thence north with said range line, to where the said line intersects Pearl river, from thence down said river to the Old Choctaw boundary line to where said line intersects the line between ranges five and six east, or so much thereof as has not heretofore been attached to Scott county, be and the same is hereby attached to said county . . .

145. L. M. 1859, pp. 535-536; 148.
App. Feb. 9, 1860.

AN ACT to Annex a Part of Tallahatchie County to the County of Sunflower, and for Other Purposes.

Sec. 1. . . .That so much of the county of Tallahatchie as is designated and defined by the metes and bounds, to-wit; Commencing on the line between said county and the county of Sunflower, at the north-west corner of township twenty-two, of range two west, and following the township lines east to the Tallahatchie river thence southward down said river, with its meanderings to where it is crossed by the southern boundary of Tallahatchie County, then following said boundary lines west, to the corner of same county, and then north with dividing line between said counties to the beginning, be, and the same is hereby detached from the county of Tallahatchie, and annexed to and made a part of the county of Sunflower.

146. L. M. 1856, p. 240; 149.
App. Dec. 1, 1865.

AN ACT to Change the Name of the County of Jones and for Other Purposes.

Sec. 1. . . .That the name of the county of Jones be, and the same is hereby changed to the name of Davis . . .

147. L. M. 1866, p. 29;
App. Oct. 26, 1866.

AN ACT to Create a New County in This State, to be Called the County of Lee.

Sec. 1. . . .That an additional county shall be, and the same is hereby created in this State, to be called the county of "Lee", to be bounded as follows, viz; Commencing at the northeast corner of section three, township seven, range seven east, thence south with the section line between sections two and three, to the southeast corner of section twenty-seven, township eleven, range seven east, where said section line strikes the line of Monroe county, thence west with the line of Monroe county, to the northwest corner of section thirty-one, township eleven, range six east; thence south along the range line one mile, to the corner of Chickasaw county, thence west on the line of Chickasaw county, to the southwest corner of section thirty-three, township eleven, range four east; thence north on section line to the southern boundary of Tippah county; thence east along the line of Tippah and Tishomingo counties to the beginning point . . .

148. L. M. 1867, pp. 367-368;
App. Feb. 9, 1867.

AN ACT To Transfer To The State Of Louisiana The Island Known As Bunch's Bend Island, On The Mississippi River, In Exchange For Island No. 92.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Mississippi, That the island known as Bunch's Bend Island, now a part of the county of Issaquena, in this State, be, and the same is hereby transferred to the State of Louisiana.

Sec. 2. Be it further enacted, That the island known as Island No. 92, now a part of the Parish of Carroll, in the State of Louisiana, shall, when transferred to this State by the Legislature of the State of Louisiana be and constitute a part of the territory of the county of Issaquena, in this State.

149. L. M. 1867, p. 424.
App. Feb. 19, 1867.

AN ACT to Define and Survey the County Line Between the Counties of Wayne and Clarke.

Sec. 1. . . .That the line between the counties of Wayne and Clarke shall be as follows, to wit; to commence at the southern boundary line of the Choctaw Nation, known as the Choctaw boundary line, at a point where said boundary line crosses the range line between ranges thirteen and fourteen, and run thence east, with said Choctaw line, to a point where said Choctaw line crosses the southern boundary line of township number one, and thence east with said township line to the State line . . .

150. Const. 1869, ART XIII, Sec. 2.
Adopted May 15, 1868; ratified Dec. 1. 1869.

/Repeal of Act Changing Name of Jones County./

Sec. 2. All laws now in force in this State, not enacted in furtherence of secession and rebellion, and not repugnant to this Constitution, shall continue in operation until they shall expire by their own limitation or be altered or repealed by the legislature, except the hereinafter mentioned laws, to-wit:

"An Act to change the name of the county of Jones, and for other purposes," Approved December 1st. A. D., 1865 . . .

151. L. M. 1870, p. 129;
App. April 7, 1870.

AN ACT to Create a New County in this State to be Called the County of Lincoln.

Sec. 1. . . . That an additional county shall be, and the same is hereby created in this State, to be called the county of Lincoln, to be bounded as follows, to-wit; On the East by range line between ninth and tenth range, East; on the North by township line between townships eight and nine, except sections three and four, included in the present corporation limits of the town of Wesson; and on the West by the present boundary line between the counties of Copiah and Jefferson; on the South by the present boundary line between the counties of Copiah and Franklin, to a point one mile east of the point where said boundary line intersects the range line separating range five from range six; thence due south to the township line which separates township four from township five; thence East along said township line to the commencing point. 153

Sec. 2. . . . That the boundary line between the counties of Franklin, Amite and Lawrence, be so changed as to make the township line between township four and five, the Southern boundary line of the county of Franklin, from the point where said township line crosses the Homochitto river, to the point on said township line where the Western boundary line of the county of Lincoln, hereby created, intersects said township line and the Western boundary line of the said county of Lincoln shall hereafter form the Eastern boundary line of the said county of Franklin . . .

152. L. M. 1870, pp. 118-119;
App. April 15, 1870.

AN ACT for Establishing the Counties of Alcorn and Prentiss, and for Removing the Seat of Justice of Tishomingo County, and for Changing the Boundary Line of Said County.

Sec. 1. . . . That an additional county shall be, and is hereby created in this State, to be called the county of "Alcorn," and bounded as follows, viz: Commencing at the Tennessee and Mississippi line, at the north east corner of section five, township one, range nine, East of the basis meridian of the Chickasaw survey, and running West by the Tennessee

line to the intersection of said line with the line between ranges four and five; thence South by said range line to the south west corner of township two, range five; thence East to the North west corner of section two, township three, range five; thence South between sections two and three, to the South west corner of section two, township four, range five; thence east between sections two and eleven to the south east corner of section five, township four, range nine, thence North between sections four and five, to the beginning.

Sec. 2. . . .That an additional county shall be, and is hereby created in this State, to be called "Prentiss," and bounded as follows, viz: Commencing at the north east corner of section ten, township four, range nine east, of the basis meridian of the Chickasaw survey, and running West between sections three and ten, to the Western boundary of Tishomingo county; thence South by the present Tishomingo and Tippah county line, and the Western boundary of range six, to the south west corner of township six, range six; thence East by the Southern boundary line of Tishomingo county to the Northwest corner of section two, township seven, range nine; thence East between sections fourteen and twenty-three, to south east corner of section fifteen, township seven, range nine, in the present county of Itawamba; thence North to the beginning.

Sec. 3. . . .That the boundary line between the counties of Tishomingo and Itawamba be changed as follows, viz; Commencing at the North West corner of section two, township seven, range nine, and running South between sections two and three, to the South west corner of section fourteen, township seven, range nine; thence East between sections fourteen and twenty-three, to the Alabama line; thence north to the present line . . .

153. L. M. 1870, p. 124;
App. May 9, 1870.

AN ACT Entitled An Act to create Gronada County.

Sec. 1. . . .That an additional county shall be and is hereby created in this State, to be called Grenada county, to be bounded as follows, viz; Beginning at the North-west corner of township twenty-two, range two, East; thence East, along said township line to the South-west corner of section thirty-four township twenty-three, range three, East; thence North to the North-west corner of said section; thence East along section line to range line four; thence North on said range line to township line twenty-four; thence East along said township line to the North-west corner of section three, township twenty-three, range five, East; thence South to the South west corner of section ten, township twenty-three, range five, East; thence East along section line to the Eastern boundary of range seven East; thence South along said range line to the South-east corner of section thirteen, township twenty-one, range seven, East; thence West along section line to South-west corner of section eighteen, township twenty-one, range two, East; thence North to the Beginning . . .

154. L. M. 1870, p. 122;
App. May 11, 1870.

AN ACT Supplemental to An Act Entitled "An Act for Establishing the Counties of Alcorn and Prentiss, and for Removing the Seat of Justice of Tishomingo County," approved April 15, 1870.

Sec. 1. . . . That so much of the first section of an Act entitled "An Act for establishing the counties of Alcorn and Prentiss, and for removing the seat of Justice of Tishomingo county," approved April 15th, 1870, as defines the boundary lines of the county of Alcorn: shall be, and is hereby so changed as to read as follows, to-wit: Commencing at the South-east corner of section five, township four, range nine, East of the basis meridian of the Chickasaw survey, and running North with section line to the Northern boundary line of the State of Mississippi; thence West with said State line to the intersection of said State line with the range line between ranges four and five, East, of the said basis meridian; thence South with the said range line to the Southwest corner of township two, range five; thence East to the North-west corner of section two, township three, range five; thence South between sections two and three, to the South-west corner of section two, township four, range five; thence East by section line to the beginning . . . 156.

Sec. 3. . . . That as much of the second section of an Act entitled "An Act for establishing the counties of Alcorn and Prentiss, and for removing the seat of justice of Tishomingo county," approved April 15th, 1870, as reads, "thence South between sections two and three to the South-west corner of section fourteen, township seven, range nine," be so amended as to read, "Thence South between sections two and three to the South-west corner of section fourteen, township seven, range seven."

Sec. 4. . . . That the dividing line between the counties of Itawamba and Tishomingo shall be the section line, beginning at the South-west corner of section fourteen, township seven, range nine, East of and running East with section line to the Alabama State line . . .

155. L. M. 1870, p. 126;
App. July 7, 1870. 157

AN ACT to Create a New County in This State to be Called Union County, and to Change the Boundary Lines Between Pontotoc and Lee Counties.

Sec. 1. . . . That an additional county shall be and is hereby created in this State to be called Union County, to be bounded as follows, viz: Commencing at the point on the line between the counties of Tippah and Marshall where the line between townships five and six crosses the basis meridian; thence due East with said township line to the county line of Prentiss county, intersecting it at the North-east corner of township six, range five, East; thence South on line between ranges five and six to the south east corner of section twelve, township eight, range five, East; thence west on line between sections twelve and thirteen, to the North east corner of section thirteen, township eight, range three, East; thence South, half mile on township line between ranges three and four East; thence due West to Mud Creek, in Pontotoc county; thence down said creek to where it empties

into Tallahatchie river; thence down the channel of said river to the point where it crosses the line between the counties of Pontotoc and Lafayette; thence North on said line and county line between the counties of Tippah and Marshall, to the place of beginning . . .

Sec. 9. . . . the boundary line between the counties of Lee and Pontotoc shall hereafter be as follows, viz: commencing at the point on the northern boundary line of Chickasaw County where the line between ranges four and five east crosses said county line, thence north with said range line to the southern boundary of said Union County.

156. L. M. 1870, p. 115.
App. July 21, 1870.

AN ACT to be Entitled An Act to Create A New County in This State to be Called Benton County.

Sec. 1. . . . That the additional county shall be, and is hereby created in this State, to be called Benton county, to be bounded as follows, viz; Commencing at a point on the Tennessee State line, four miles West of the basis meridian; thence South on section lines to the South-west corner of section four, township six, of range one West; thence due East, on section line, to the county line between the counties of Tippah and Marshall; thence North, on said county line, to township line between townships five and six; thence due East on said township line, to the South east corner of section thirty-three, in township five, of range two East; thence due North, on section lines between sections thirty-three and thirty-four, to the South East corner of section sixteen, in township three, and range two East; thence due East, on section line to the South-east corner of section thirteen, in township three, range two, East; thence due North, on range line between ranges two and three, to the South-east corner of section thirty-six, township two, range two, East; thence due East, on township line, to the South east corner of section thirty-one, township two, range three, East; thence due North, on section lines between sections thirty-one and thirty-two, to the Tennessee State line; thence due West, on said State line, to the beginning . . .

157. L. M. 1871, p. 587.
App. March 15, 1871.

AN ACT to Create a New County in This State, to be Called Leflore County, and to Change the Boundary Lines Between Sunflower, Washington and Bolivar Counties.

Sec. 1. . . . That an additional county shall be, an is hereby created in this State, to be called "Leflore County," to be bounded as follows, viz: Commencing at the southwest corner of township seventeen, range two, west; thence southeast along the line of Sunflower, to the Yazoo river; thence up said river, to the northwest corner of Holmes county; thence south-east along the line between Holmes and Carroll counties, to the point at which said line is crossed by the line between sections fourteen and fifteen, township seventeen, range one, east; thence north on said line to the south-west corner of section fourteen, township eighteen, range one east; thence east to the line between ranges one and two; thence

north along said range line to the southern boundary of township nineteen; thence east along said township line to the center of range two east; thence north to Grenada county line, thence west along said line to the southwest corner of Grenada county; thence north on Grenada county line to the southern boundary of township twenty-two; thence west along said line, to the west bank of Tallahatchie river; thence up said river, to the point at which it crossed by the northern boundary line of township twenty-two; thence west on said line, to the southwest corner of Tallahatchie county; thence south, on range line between two and three west, to the beginning.

Sec. 2. . . . That the boundary line between the counties of Washington, Bolivar and Sunflower, be changed as follows, viz: Commencing at the south-east corner of township seventeen, range three west; thence west on township line between sixteen and seventeen to the southwest corner of seventeen, range five west; thence north on range line between five and six to the northern boundary of township twenty; thence east on said township line to the Sunflower line . . . 160.

158. L. M. 1871, p. 647;
App. May 10, 1871.

AN ACT to Change the Boundary Lines of the County of Amite.

Sec. 1. . . . That the boundary line between the counties of Amite and Lincoln, shall be, and is hereby changed as follows, to-wit: The northern boundary line of Amite county shall run east on the northern dividing line between Amite and Franklin, on the northern township lines of township four of ranges two, three, four and five; and that said line shall run thence north on the line that divides township five, range five, and township five, range six, until it reaches section line dividing sections eighteen and nineteen of township five, range six; thence east, on said section line, to the eastern boundary line of township five, range six; thence south to the line dividing townships four and five, range six, so as to add to Amite county sections nineteen to thirty-six, inclusive of township five, range six, now Lincoln county formerly Amite county . . .

159. L. M. 1871, p. 800. 161
L. M. 1872, p. 107.
Passed over veto, May 12, 1871.
Passed again and approved, April 4, 1872.

AN ACT to Create a New County in this State, to be Called Colfax County.

Sec. 1. . . . That an additional county shall be, and is hereby created in this State, to be called "Colfax county," to be bounded as follows, viz; Beginning at a point where the section line running east from the northeast corner of section 24, township 16, range 7, east, intersects the Tombigbee; thence running due west to the northwest corner of section 19, township 16, range 6, east; thence due north to the northeast corner of section 1, township 15, range 5, east; thence west, to the northwest corner

of section 6, township 15, range 4, east; thence south to the southwest corner of section 30, township 15, range 3, east; thence south to the southwest corner of section 26, township 20, range 12 east; thence to the northeast corner of section 26, township 20, range 14, east; thence to the point on Tibbee creek nearest said southeast corner of section 25; thence down the meanderings of said Tibbee creek, making said creek the county line to the county line between Lowndes and Oktibbeha counties; thence south along said line to the southwest corner of section 18, township 19, range 16 east; thence east to the southeast, corner of section 14, township 19, range 16, east, to Catalpa Creek; thence down the meanderings of said creek to its junction with Tibbee creek; thence down the meanderings of Tibbee creek to its junction with the Tombigbee river; thence north following the meanderings of said river, to the point of beginning . . .

160. L. M. 1871, p. 597; Code 1871, sec. 63.
App. May 13, 1871.

AN ACT to Create An Additional County in This State, to be Called Montgomery County, and to Locate the Seat of Justice Thereof.

Sec. 1. . . . That an additional county shall be, and the same is hereby created in this State, to be called "Montgomery County," to be bounded as follows, to wit: Commencing on the southern boundary of Grenada County where it crosses the northwest corner of section twenty-one, township twenty- one, range five, east; thence south along section lines, to the northwest corner of section twenty-one, of township eighteen, range five, east, so as to leave between said points, two tires of sections, on the west side of range five, east, in Carroll county, and from the northwest corner of section twenty-one, township eighteen, range five, east, along section lines to the boundary line of Choctaw county; thence south along said line, to the southwest corner of Choctaw county; thence east, on the line between Choctaw county and Attala county, to the line between ranges eight and nine, east; thence on said line north, to the township line, between township twenty-one and twenty-two; thence west along said line, to the eastern boundary of Grenada county; thence south along said line, to the southeast corner of Grenada county; thence west along said line, to the beginning . . .

161. L. M. 1872, p. 33;
App. Jan. 8, 1872.

AN ACT to Amend Sections 40 and 31, of Article 2, in Chapter II, of the Revised Code of Mississippi of 1871, Entitled "An Act in Relation to State Boundaries and Divisions by Counties, Their Boundaries, and the Districts of Counties for Court Purposes," Approved May 13, 1871.

Sec. 1. . . . That section 40, in article 2, of the above recited Act, be so amended as to read: "Hancock county," established December 14, 1812, is bounded, beginning at a point on East Pearl River where the line between townships 2 and 3 south, in range 18 west, intersects said river;

starting from the middle thereof, thence extending due east along the line dividing townships 2 and 3, through ranges 18, 17, 16, 15 and 14, west, to the line between ranges 14 and 13 west; thence due south along said range line to the middle of the Bay of St. Louis; thence along the middle of said Bay of St. Louis southwardly to its entrance; thence due south to the south boundary of the State of Mississippi in the Gulf of Mexico; thence westwardly along the boundary of said State, including all the islands within six leagues from the shores of the Gulf of Mexico and Lake Borgne to the most eastern junction of Pearl River and Lake Borgne, to the east mouth of Pearl River; thence up along the middle of said river to the place of beginning.

/NOTE: The article amended by this act reads as follows:

"HANCOCK COUNTY (established December 14th, 1812), is bounded by beginning at that point on Pearl river where the lines between townships two and three, south, intersect said river; thence east, on said township lines, to the line between ranges thirteen and fourteen west; thence south, on said range line, to the boundary of the State, on the Gulf of Mexico; thence westwardly, on said boundary to the eastern junction of Pearl river with Lake Borgne; thence up Pearl river, to the beginning"./

Sec. 2. . . .That section 41 of said article 2 be so amended as to read; "Harrison county," established February 5, 1841, is bounded, beginning at northwest corner of township 2 south, in range 13 west; thence extending due east along the line between townships 12 and 2 through ranges 13, 12, 11, and 10, to the line between ranges 9 and 10 west; thence south along said range line to the line between townships 2 and 3 south; thence due east to the section line between section 3 and 4, of township 2 south, in range 9 west; thence due south through the middle of said range 9, to the middle of the Bay of Biloxi; thence along the middle of said Bay of Biloxi to its entrance at the east end of Deer Island; thence due south to the southern boundary of the State of Mississippi on the Gulf of Mexico; thence westwardly along said southern boundary to a point from which a course due north strikes the middle of the Bay of St. Louis; thence due north to entrance of said Bay (including all the islands within six leagues of the shore of the Gulf of Mexico, except the jurisdiction ceded by the State of Mississippi to the United States over Ship Island, and one mile adjacent thereto); thence along the middle of said Bay of St. Louis northwardly to a point from whence the point at which the line between ranges 14 and 13 west, comes to said Bay, bears due north; thence due north to the place of beginning . . .

/NOTE: The article amended by this act reads as follows:

"HARRISON COUNTY (established February 5th, 1841), is bounded by beginning at the northwest corner of township two, range thirteen, west thence east to the line between ranges nine and ten, west; thence south, with said range line, to the line between townships two and three, south; thence east to the center of range nine, west; thence south, on the section lines, to the southern boundary of the state on the Gulf of Mexico, thence westerly, on said boundary line, to the line between ranges thirteen and fourteen, west; thence north, on said range line, to the beginning"./

162. L. M. 1872, p. 110;
App. Feb. 21, 1872.

AN ACT to Create the County of Pearl, and to Provide for its Organization.

Sec. 1. . . .That the county of Pearl be, and the same is hereby created, and shall be bounded by beginning at the point in the middle of Pearl river in the center between townships five and six, in the county of Hancock; thence running east, through ranges 18, 17, 16, 15, and 14, to the line between ranges 13 and 14; thence north, on said range line, to the line between townships two and three, south between Marion and Hancock counties; thence west, on said township line, to Pearl river; thence down the center of said river to the point of beginning . . .

163. L. M. 1872, p. 201;
App. March 5, 1872.

AN ACT to Define the Limits of Tishomingo and Itawamba Counties, and for Other Purposes.

Whereas, a mistake occurred in the Revised Code of 1871, in defining the boundary line between Tishomingo and Itawamba Counties, by which a portion of the territory of Tishomingo county, hereinafter described, was added to Itawamba County . . . therefore.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Mississippi, That the boundary line between the counties of Tishomingo and Itawamba shall be as follows, viz; Commencing at the southwest corner of section fourteen, township seven, range nine, east of the base meridian of the Chickasaw survey and running east, on section lines to the Alabama State line.

Sec. 2. . . .That the territory lying north of said line . . . shall be, and is hereby added to the county of Tishomingo . . .

164. L. M. 1872, p. 202.
App. April 4, 1872.

AN ACT to Define the Boundary Lines of Pontotoc County.

Whereas, as the boundary lines between Pontotoc and Union, and Pontotoc and Lee Counties, as defined in the new Code, are uncertain and unintelligible . . . therefore.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Mississippi, That the boundary lines between Pontotoc and Union, and Pontotoc and Lee Counties, shall be and exist as defined in the Act of the Legislature, approved July 7th, 1870, for the organization of Union County, to-wit; Beginning on the basis meridian line of the Chickasaw surveys, at a point where the same crosses the Tallahatchie river; thence up said river with its meanderings, to the mouth of Mud creek; thence up said

creek, with its meanderings, to the middle of the east boundary line of section thirteen, in township eight, of range one, east; thence east of the middle of the boundary line of section thirteen, in township eight, of range three, east; thence north along the range line to the northwest corner of section eighteen in township eight, of range four, east; thence east to the north-east corner of section thirteen in township eight of range four, east; thence south along the line between ranges four and five, to the southeast corner of township eleven, range four, east; thence along the south boundary line of said township eleven to the basis meridian; thence north along said basis meridian to the point of beginning . . .

165. L. M. 1873, p. 360.
App. Jan. 23, 1873.

AN ACT to Change the Boundary Lines of Union, Pontotoc, and Lee Counties.

Whereas, in the formation of the new county of Union by the Last Legislature of the State of Mississippi, The boundary lines between the counties of Lee and Pontotoc was so changed that one hundred and sixty-eight square miles of the territory of the county of Lee was attached to Pontotoc county and the new county of Union, without the knowledge or consent of the citizens of the territory so taken . . . therefore.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Mississippi, That the boundary lines between the counties of Union and Lee be so changed that hereafter the boundary line between said counties shall begin at the northeast corner of section one (1), township seven (7), range five (5), east, and run west on the township line to the north-west corner of section six (6), township seven (7), range five (5), east; thence south on the range line, between ranges four and five, to the south-east corner of section twenty-four, township eight (8), range four (4) east; and that the boundary lines between Pontotoc and Union be changed so as to begin at the south-east corner of section twenty-four (24), township eight (8), range four (4) east and run west on the section line to the south-west corner of section nineteen (19), township eight (8), range four (4) east; thence north on the range line, between three and four, one mile; thence west on the section line to the western boundary of Pontotoc county and thence north on said boundary line, to the middle of the Tallahatchie river, where said line will connect with the western boundary of Union County . . .

166. L. M. 1873, p. 202.
App. April 4, 1873.

AN ACT to Repeal An Act Entitled An Act to Change the Boundary Lines of the County of Amite.

Sec. 1. . . . That an act entitled an Act to change the boundary lines of the county of Amite, approved May 10, 1871, be, and the same is hereby repealed; and the boundary between the counties of Amite, Franklin, and Lincoln as hereby declared to be as established by the Act creating the county of Lincoln . . .

167. L. M. 1873, p. 139,
App. April 15, 1873.

AN ACT to Create Tate County.

Sec. 1. . . . That an additional county shall be, and is hereby created in this State, to be called Tate, to be bounded as follows; beginning at the southeast corner of DeSoto county, running by section lines east three miles; thence north nine miles; thence west three miles; thence north seven miles; thence west on section line to the Coldwater river, following said river in its course, to the boundary line between DeSoto and Tunica Counties; thence south on said boundary line to the north-west corner of Panola county; thence east on the boundary line between DeSoto and Panola to the place of beginning . . .

168. L. M. 1873, p. 352.
App. April 17, 1873.

AN ACT to Change the Boundary Line Between the Counties of Warren and Yazoo.

Sec. 1. . . . That the boundary line heretofore established between the counties of Warren and Yazoo be, and the same is hereby so changed as to hereafter be as follows, to wit: Beginning at a point on Big Black river where range line between ranges three and four crosses the same; thence up said line to north-east corner of section 24, township 8, range 4 west; thence west to south-west corner of section 14; thence north to north-west corner of same section; thence west to southwest corner of section 7, on range line of 4 and 5; thence up said line to the north-east corner of section 36, township 9, range 5 west; and thence west to north-west corner section 35; thence north to north-east corner of section 22; and west to the Yazoo river on line between sections 16 and 21 . . .

169. L. M. 1873, p. 35.
App. Nov. 1, 1873.

AN ACT to Change the Boundary Line Between the Counties of Winston and Neshoba.

Sec. 1. . . . That the line between the counties of Winston and Neshoba be changed as follows: Beginning at a point on the present line between said counties, at the northeast corner of section two, township twelve, range thirteen; running thence south on the section line between sections one and two, township twelve, range thirteen, one-half mile; thence due west two miles to the section line between sections three and four, township twelve, range thirteen; thence north on said section line one-half mile to the northwest corner of section three, township twelve, range thirteen to the present line between the counties, it being the intent of this Act to detach from the county of Neshoba the north half of sections two and three, township twelve, range thirteen, and add the same to the county of Winston . . .

170. L. M. 1874, p. 136.
App. April 6, 1874.

AN ACT Entitled An Act to Change the Boundary Line of Union County.

Sec. 1. . . .That the boundary line of Union County be changed viz; Beginning at the northwest quarter of section 1, township six, range five; thence running south to the northwest corner of section 12, township seven range five; thence west three miles to the northwest corner of section nine, township seven, range five; thence south to the south-east corner of section eight, township eight range five, thence west two miles to the present line of Union county; and all township six, range five, east of the above described line shall be attached to the county of Prentiss, and all of township seven and eight west of said line be attached to and be a part of Union county . . .

173.

171. L. M. 1874, p. 220.
App. April 6, 1874.

AN ACT to Create an Additional County in This State, to be Called Sumner, and to Change the Boundary Lines of Choctaw County.

Sec. 1. . . .That a new county shall be and is hereby created in this State to be called Sumner, to be bounded as follows, Beginning at the northwest corner of township twenty-one, range eight, east; thence east on township line to the north-east corner of township twenty-one, range eleven east; thence south to the southeast corner of township twenty, range eleven east; thence west on township line to within one mile of Big Black river; thence southwest, parallel with Big Black river, to a point one mile south of where said river intersects the range line between ranges seven and eight; thence north on said range line to the point of beginning; Provided, That no territory shall be taken from Oktibbeha county . . .

L. M. 1875, p. 56.
172. App. Feb. 9, 1875.

AN ACT to Amend Section XXXVII, Article Two, Chapter Two, of the Revised Code of 1871, in reference to the Boundary Lines of Franklin County.

Sec. 1. . . .That section thirty-seven, article two, chapter two, of the Revised Code of 1871, be, and the same is hereby so amended as to read as follows: That the boundary lines of Franklin county shall hereafter be the following, that is to say by beginning at the north-west corner of township seven, range one east; thence east with the township line to a point one mile east of the range line, between ranges five and six, east; thence south on the section line one mile from said range line to the township line, between townships four and five, east; thence west with said township line to the Homochitto river; thence down, with the meanderings of said river, to the basis meridian line; thence north on said meridian line to the beginning . . .

/NOTE: The Section of the Code of 1871 amended by the above Act reads: "Franklin County is bounded by beginning at the northwest corner of township seven, range one east; thence east, with the township line, to the old Choctaw boundary, where it crosses the Homochitto river; thence southerly, with said river, until it intersects the Choctaw boundary line; thence easterly, with said boundary, to a point one mile or section east of the range line between ranges five and six east; thence south, on the section lines, one mile from said range line, to the township line between townships four and five, east; thence west, with said township line, to the Homochitto river; thence down, with the meanderings of said river, to the basis meridian line; thence north, on said meridian line, to the beginning."/

173. L. M. 1875, p. 25.
App. March 2, 1875.

AN ACT to Change the Boundary Lines of the Counties of Sumner, Choctaw and Winston, and for Other Purposes.

Sec. 1. . . . That the boundary lines of the county of Sumner be, and the same are hereby changed, as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the southeast corner of said county, thence south on range line, to the south-east corner of section one, township nineteen (19), range eleven (11), east; thence west on sectional line to a point where section line crosses Big Black river; thence down said river, the meanderings of said river forming the line of said county, to a point where township line between township eighteen (18) and nineteen (19) crosses said river; thence west on said township line to range line, between ranges seven (7) and eight (8); thence north on said range line to township line between township twenty-one (21) and twenty-two (22); thence east on said township line to range line between ranges ten (10) and eleven (11); thence east on section line to Colfax County; thence south on the western boundary line of said Colfax county to the south-west corner of said county; thence west on section line to the range line between ranges eleven (11) and twelve (12); thence south to the place of beginning.

Sec. 2. . . . That the east boundary line of the county of Montgomery be, and the same is hereby changed, as follows, to-wit; Beginning at the north-west corner of section six (6), township eighteen (18), range eight (8), east; thence east on township line between township eighteen (18) and nineteen (19), to a point where said township line crosses Big Black river, thence down said river, the meanderings of said river forming the line to a point where said rivers crosses the line between sections fifteen (15) and sixteen, township eighteen (18), range eight (8), east; thence south on said section line to the south-east corner of section thirty-three (33), township seventeen (17), range eight (8).

Sec. 3. . . . That the boundary lines of Choctaw County, be and the same are hereby changed, as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the north-east corner of section twelve (12), township nineteen (19), range eleven (11), east; thence west on section line to a point where said section line crosses Big Black river; thence down said river, the meanderings of said river forming the line to where said river crosses the line between sections

sections fifteen (15) and sixteen (16), township eighteen (18), range eight (8), thence south on said section line to the south-west corner of section thirty-four (34), township seventeen (17), range eight (8), thence east on township line between township sixteen (16) and seventeen (17), to northeast corner of township sixteen (16), range nine (9); thence south on range line between ranges nine (9) and ten (10), to south-west dorner of township fifteen (15), range ten (10),; thence east on township line between township fourteen (14) and fifteen (15), to south-east corner of township fifteen (15) range ten (10); thence east to the south-east corner of township sixteen (16), range eleven (11); thence north on range line to the north-east corner of said township sixteen (16), range eleven (11); thence east to the south-west corner of county of Oktibbeha; thence north along the line of the western boundary of said county to beginning.

Sec. 4. . . .That all the territory lying in township sixteen (16), range thirteen (13), and township sixteen (16), range twelve (12), heretofore included in the county of Choctaw, by virtue, of an Act entitled "An Act to create an additional county in this state to be called the county of Sumner, and to change the lines of Choctaw County," approved April 6, 1874, shall, from and after the passage of this Act, be and is hereby included in and made a part of the county of Winston . . .

174. L. M. 1875, p. 237.
App. March 5, 1875.

AN ACT to Change the County Lines of Harrison and Jackson Counties.

Sec. 1. . . .That the west half of township number two, south, in range number nine, west, be, and the same is hereby detached from Jackson county, and is hereby attached to and shall hereafter be a part of Harrison county, in this State . . .

175. L. M. 1876, p. 272.
App. Feb. 2, 1876.

AN ACT to alter and define the boundary Line between the Counties of Covington and Marion, in part, and for Other Purposes.

Whereas, the provisions of an Act of the Legislature of this State, entitled An Act to alter and define the boundary lines between the counties of Covington, Marion, Lawrence and Wayne, approved on the first day of February, 1825, the territory embracing twelve sections of land described and bounded in section 3 of said Act, were attached to the county of Marion; but this change in the boundary was never discovered by the acting officers of either Marion or Covington counties; and whereas also the citizens and officers of both Marion and Covington counties since A. D. 1825, considered and treated these twelve sections as belonging to or embraced in Covington.

Sec. 1. . . .That the said territory, described by its boundaries in section three of an Act approved February 1st 1825, entitled an act to alter and define the boundary lines between the counties of Covington, Wayne, Lawrence and Marion, be and the same is hereby attached to and made a part of the county of Covington . . .

176. L. M. 1876, p. 270.
App. by limitation, March 6, 1876.

AN ACT to Change the Boundary Lines of Tate County.

Sec. 1. . . .That all that portion of Tate county lying north of the township line running between townships three and four, is hereby added to and declared to be, a part of the county of DeSoto.

Sec. 2. . . .That all that portion of Tunica county lying east of the thread of Coldwater river, and north of a line which is the projection of the south boundary line of Tate county, west, following section lines to an intersection with the thread of said river, is hereby added to and declared to be, a part of Tate County . . .

177. L. M. 1876, p. 271.
App. by limitation, March 13, 1876.

AN ACT to Change the Boundary Lines of Benton County.

Sec. 1. . . .That the boundary line of Benton county be changed, viz; Commencing at a point on the Tennessee line, three miles west of the basis meridian, thence running west on State line one mile, thence south on section lines to the south-west corner of section four, township six, of range one west, thence due east on section line to the basis meridian, thence north on said basis meridian to township line between townships five and six, and all of range one west, east of said line, shall be attached to the county of Benton, and all of township six, south of said line, shall be attached to and be a part of Marshall County . . .

178. L. M. 1876, p. 57.
App. by limitation, March 29, 1876.

AN ACT to Create an Additional County in This State, to be called Sharkey County, and to change the Boundary Lines of Warren, Issaquena and Washington Counties.

Sec. 1. . . .That a new county shall be called Sharkey, to be bounded as follows, to-wit; Commencing at the north-west corner of section three, township thirteen, range seven, west, thence in a direct line to the north line of township fourteen, thence east along said township line between township fourteen and fifteen to the east line of Washington county, the north-west corner of township fourteen range four west; thence down the west boundary of Yazoo County to where it connects with Sunflower river, following the meanderings thereof, to the south line of township ten, range five west; thence west along said township south line to the northwest corner of township nine, range seven west; north on the range line between ranges seven and eight to the east prong of Steel's Bayou; thence up said east prong, following the meanderings thereof to section twenty-two, township thirteen, range seven west; thence west along the south line of said section twenty-two to the southwest corner thereof; thence north to the bogin ing point.

Sec. 2. . . .That the north boundary line of Issaquena county shall begin at the northwest corner of section three, township thirteen, range seven west; thence along the township line between townships thirteen and fourteen west to the Mississippi river; thence down the Mississippi river to the northwest corner of Warren county; thence east along said county line to the southwest corner of township nine, range seven west; thence south along the range line between ranges two and three, to the Yazoo river; thence along the Yazoo river to range line between ranges three and four east; thence north along said range line to the Issaquena county line; thence east along the present line between Warren and Issaquena counties, to the southeast corner of Issaquena county; thence along the eastern boundary of said county to the south line of township ten in said county; thence west along the township line between townships nine and ten, to northwest corner of township nine, range five west, being the southwest corner of Sharkey county; thence along the western boundary of Sharkey county to the beginning, to-wit; northwest corner of section three, township thirteen range seven, west.

Sec. 3. . . .That the northern boundary of Warren County shall be so changed as to make the Yazoo river the line in range three east, giving to Issaquena county all of township seventeen and eighteen, range three east, lying north of the Yazoo river, and in no other way to effect the boundary of said county of Warren.

Sec. 4. . . .That the boundary line of Washington county be so altered as to make the south boundary thereof the line between townships fourteen and fifteen, from the east edge of said county to the northwest corner of section three, township fourteen, range seven west, and from thence south on section lines to the southwest corner of section thirty-four, township fourteen, range seven, west; thence on the township line to the Mississippi river, the present boundary between Issaquena and Washington counties . . .

179. L. M. 1876, p. 39.
App. March 31, 1876.

AN ACT to Change the Boundary Lines of Tishomingo County.

Sec. 1. . . .That section ten (10), of township four (4), range nine (9), now in Prentiss County, shall be hereafter attached to and compose part of Tishomingo County; and this Act shall take effect on its passage.

180. L. M. 1876, p. 128.
App. April 10, 1876.

AN ACT to Change the Name of the County of Colfax.

Sec. 1. . . .That the name of the county of Colfax be and the same is hereby changed to the name of Clay.

181. L. M. 1876, p. 276.
App. April 14, 1876.

AN ACT to Change and Define the Dividing Line Between the Counties of Marion and Pearl.

Sec. 1. . . .That all that portion of Marion county lying and being south of the 31st degree of latitude, be and the same is hereby attached to the county of Pearl, and shall be and compose a part of the said Pearl county, and the said 31st parallel line shall hereafter be the boundary line between said counties . . .

182. L. M. 1876, pp. 253, 254.
App. April 14, 1876.

AN ACT Supplemental to and Amendatory of an Act Entitled An Act to Change the Boundary Lines of Benton County which became a law by limitation, March 13th, 1876.

Sec. 1. . . .That the boundary lines between Benton and Marshall Counties be changed so as to run as follows: Beginning at a point four miles west of the basis meridian, and running due west on State line two miles; thence due south on section lines, to the southwest corner of section six, township three, range one, west. Thence due east on section lines, to the southeast corner of section four, township three, range one, west. Thence due south on section lines, to the southwest corner of section three, township six, range one, west, and all of range one west, east of said line shall be, and is hereby declared a part of Benton County; and all west of said line shall be, and is hereby declared to be a part of Marshall County . . .

183. L. M. 1877, p. 59.
App. Jan. 26, 1877.

AN ACT to Correct a Mistake in the Boundary Lines Between Carroll and Leflore Counties.

Sec. 1. . . .That the boundary line between Carroll and Leflore counties commencing at the Holmes County line on the south, shall run from thence to the northwest corner of township eighteen, range two east, as now fixed by law; said boundary line from the northwest corner of said township to the Grenada county line, shall hereafter be fixed as follows: Commencing at said northwest corner of said township, running east on township line, to the southeast corner of section thirty-two in township nineteen, of range two east; thence north by section lines to the northeast corner of section seventeen, township twenty, range two east; thence west by section lines to the middle of the Yalobusha river; thence north in the centre of said river and by the meanderings of the same to the Grenada county line; and all of the territory of Leflore county now lying east of the line herein defined is hereby annexed to and made a part of Carroll County

184. L. M. 1877, p. 51.
App. Feb. 1, 1877.

AN ACT to create an additional county in this State to be Called Quitman.

Sec. 1. . . . That a new county shall be, and is hereby created in this State, to be called Quitman, and bounded as follows, to-wit; Beginning at the northeast corner of Coahoma County, and running thence south with the boundary line between Tunica and Coahoma counties to the northeast corner of section 33, township 28, range 2 west; running thence west with the north line of section 33, 32, and 31 to the range line between ranges 2 and 3, west of the Choctaw survey; thence south with said range line to the township line between 26 and 25; thence east with said township line to the range line between ranges 1 and 2 east; thence north with said range line to the boundary line between the Chickasaw and Choctaw cessions; thence northwest with said line to the dividing line between Panola and Tunica counties; thence north with said county line to the northeast corner of township 7, range 10 west of the Chickasaw survey; thence west with the northern line of said township to the northwest corner thereof; thence south with the west line of said township to the township line between 7 and 8; thence west with said township line to the beginning . . .

185. L. M. 1878, p. 213.
App. Feb. 21, 1878.

AN ACT to change the boundary lines of Lawrence and Lincoln counties, and for other purposes.

Sec. 1. . . . That all of fractional section 35 and 36, township nine, north, Range nine east, south of the Choctaw boundary line, be, and the same are hereby, taken from said Lawrence county, and added to, and made a part of, said county of Lincoln . . .

186. L. M. 1878, pp. 153, 154.
App. Feb. 28, 1878.

AN ACT to Repeal An Act entitled "An Act to create Pearl County and to provide for its organization," approved February 21, 1872, and for other purposes.

Sec. 1. . . . That an Act entitled "An Act to create Pearl County, and to provide for its organization," approved February 21, 1872, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Sec. 2. . . . That an Act entitled "An Act to change and define the dividing line between the counties of Marion and Pearl," approved April 14, 1876, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. . . . That the boundary line between the counties of Marion and Hancock, as it stood prior to the passage of the aforesaid Act, creating the County of Pearl, is hereby reestablished . . .

187. L. M. 1878, p. 212.
App. March 2, 1878.

AN ACT to change the boundary lines of DeSoto County.

Sec. 1. . . . That the boundary lines of DeSoto county be changed so as to run north on the section line from the north east corner of section four, township three, and range five west, to the northern boundary line of the State of Mississippi, and all that part of Marshall county that lies west of said line, namely the west half of townships one and two, in range five, west, is hereby added to, included in and declared to be a part of DeSoto County, the same being all that part of Marshall county that formerly was included in DeSoto County, and was added to, and declared to be apart of, and attached to Marshall county by the fourteenth section of an act to create Tate county, approved April 15, 1873 . . .

188. L. M. 1878, p. 214.
App. March 5, 1878.

AN ACT to amend an Act entitled "an Act to create an additional county in this State to be called Sharkey county, and to change the boundary lines of Warren, Issaquena and Washington counties."

Sec. 1. . . . That section one of an Act entitled, "an Act to create an additional county in this State to be called Sharkey county," which became a law by limitation March 29, 1876, be and the same is hereby amended so as to more accurately define the boundary lines of Sharkey county as follows, to-wit: Commencing at the northwest corner of section three (3), township thirteen (13), range seven (7), west; thence in a direct line to the north line of township fourteen (14); thence east along said township line between townships fourteen (14) and fifteen (15), to the east line of Washington county, the northeast corner of township fourteen (14), range four (4), west; thence down the west boundary of Yazoo county to where it connects with the Sunflower river, following the meanderings thereof to the south line of township ten (10), range five (5), west; thence west along said township south line to the northwest corner of township nine (9), range seven (7), west; thence north on the range line between ranges seven (7) and eight (8), to its intersection with the east prong of Steel's Bayou; thence up said east prong following the meanderings thereof to Indian bayou; thence up said Indian bayou following its meanderings to where it intersects the west boundary line of section twenty-seven (27), township thirteen (13), range seven (7), west; twenty-two (22), fifteen (15) ten (10) and three (3), to the place of beginning.

Sec. 2. . . . That the north boundary line of Issaquena County shall begin at the northwest corner of section three (3), township thirteen (13), range seven (7), west; thence along the township line between townships thirteen (13) and fourteen (14) west, to the Mississippi River; thence down the Mississippi to the northwest corner of Warren County; thence east along said county line to the southwest corner of township nine (9), range (7), west; thence south along the range line between ranges two and three to the Yazoo river; thence along the Yazoo river to range line between ranges three and four, east; thence north along said range line to the Issaquena County line;

thence east along the present line between Warren and Issaquena counties, to the southeast corner of Issaquena county; thence along the eastern boundary of siad county, to the south line of township (10), in said county; thence west along the township line between townships nine (9), and (10), to the northwest corner of township (9), range seven (7), west, being the southwest corner of Sharkey county; thence along the western boundary of Sharkey County to the beginning, to-wit: Northwest corner of section three (3), township thirteen (13), range seven (7), west . . . 191.

189. L. M. 1880, p. 207.
App. March 5, 1880.

AN ACT to Define the Western Boundary Line of Clay County.

Sec. 1. . . . That the western boundary line of Clay County shall be as follows, to-wit: Commencing at the northwest corner of section thirty, township fifteen, range three, east, and running south along the line between ranges two and three, east, to the intersection of said range line with the old Chickasaw boundary line, thence north 77.03 east on said line to the north west corner of fractional section thirty-five, township twenty-one, range twelve east, thence south on the sectional line to the southwest corner of section twenty-six, township twenty, range twelve, east . . . 192.

190. L. M. 1880, p. 209.
App. March 5, 1880.

AN ACT to Change the Boundary Lines of Pike and Lawrence Counties, and to Correct the Boundary Lines of Lawrence and Marion Counties, and for Other Purposes.

Sec. 1. . . . That sections nineteen to thirty-six inclusive, township five, range ten, east, in Pike County be and the same are hereby taken from the territory of Pike County and added to and make a part of Lawrence County. 193.

Sec. 3. . . . That the boundary lines between Lawrence and Marion Counties as expressed in the Code of 1871, be corrected as follows, to-wit; thence south on the section lines to the southeast corner of section seventeen (17), township five, range eighteen, west; thence west on section lines through the center of township five, ranges eighteen and nineteen west, to Pearl river; and strikes out all from the words "and nineteen west," to the words "thence down said river."

NOTE: Chapter 2 Article II, of the Code of 1871, which is corrected above, reads as follows:
Sec. 53. "Lawrence County . . . . is bounded be beginning at the old Choctaw boundary, where the line between ranges nine and ten crosses the same; thence easterly, with said boundary, to a point two miles east of the range line between eighteen and nineteen, west; thence south, on section lines, to the southeast corner of section thirty-two, township six, range eighteen, west; thence east, on the line between townships five and six, to Pearl River; thence down said river, to the center of township five;

thence west, on section lines, through the center of said township, to the line between ranges nine and ten, east; thence north, on said range line, to the beginning . . ."

191. L. M. 1882, p. 148.
App. Jan. 30, 1882.

AN ACT to Change the Name of Sumner County to Webster County.

Sec. 1. . . . That the name of Sumner County, in this State, be changed to Webster County, by which name it shall hereafter be known and called . . .

192. L. M. 1882, p. 120;
App. Feb. 28, 1882.

AN ACT Changing the Boundary of Montgomery and Carroll Counties.

Sec. 1. . . . That the boundary line between Montgomery and Carroll Counties, be changed as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the northwest corner of section 19, township 18, range 6 east; thence south along range line between ranges 5 and 6 to the southwest corner of section 19, township 18, range 6 east; thence east along section line to the northeast corner section 27, township 18, range 6 east; thence south along section line to the southwest corner of section 35, township 17, range 6 east.

Sec. 2. . . . That all territory north and east of the line described in section 1 of this act, now in Carroll County, is hereby detached from Carroll County and attached to Montgomery County, and that all territory south and west of said line now in Montgomery County is hereby detached from Montgomery County and attached to Carroll County . . .

193. L. M. 1882, p. 119.
App. March 7, 1882.

AN ACT to Amend Sections 24 and 94 Revised Code of 1880, as to the Boundaries of Adams and Wilkinson Counties, and to Determine and Define the Same.

Sec. 1. . . . That the stream heretofore known as Coasting Bayou, and flowing through Wilkinson County, be and the same is hereby declared to be, as to its main channel, in law, as it is in fact, the channel of the Homochitto river, and the same is hereby made the dividing line and boundary between the said counties of Adams and Wilkinson through its entire course.

Sec. 2. . . . That nothing in this act is to be construed as changing the boundaries of said counties, as to Tansy Island, as now existing and defined by law . . .

194. L. M. 1882, p. 118.
App. March 7, 1882.

AN ACT to Define and Survey the County Line Between the Counties of Clarke and Wayne.

Sec. 1. . . .That the line between the counties of Clarke and Wayne shall be as follows, to wit: To commence at a point where the Choctaw boundary line crosses the range line between ranges thirteen and fourteen, and run thence east, with said Choctaw boundary line to the north-west corner of the Hiawanee reserve, thence direct to the north 198.
west corner of said Hiawanee reserve, and thence along said Choctaw boundary line to the Alabama State line.

195. L. M. 1884, p. 132.
APP. Feb. 7, 1884.

AN ACT to Repeal An Act Entitled An Act to Amend Sections 24 and 94, Revised Code of 1880, as to the Boundaries of Adams and Wilkinson Counties, and to Determine and Define the Same. Approved March 7, 1882.

Sec. 1. . . .That the act entitled an act to amend sections 24 199.
and 94, Revised Code of 1880, as to the boundaries of Adams and Wilkinson counties, and to determine and define the same approved, March 7, 1882, be and the same is hereby repealed; and that said sections 24 and 94 of the Revised Code of 1880 be and the same are hereby re-enacted . . .

196. L. M. 1884, p. 131.
App. Feb. 27, 1884.

AN ACT to Change the Boundary Lines of Marion, Pike and Lawrence Counties.

Sec. 1. . . .That all that portion of Marion county lying and being in township four, and in township five, range eleven east, also that portion of Pike County lying and being in township five, range eleven east, be and the same is hereby taken from the territory, respectively, of Marion and Pike counties, and that the same be added unto and made a part of the county of Lawrence . . .
200.

197. L. M. 1884, p. 133.
App. March 14, 1884.

AN ACT to Change the Boundary Lines of Jasper County.

Sec. 1. . . .That at the next general election the board of registrars for Jasper county shall submit to the qualified electors of said county, the question of a transfer of all that portion of Jasper county west of Talahula creek and south of the Base line, to the county of Jones; that said election shall be held in accordance with the law made and provided for the election of county officers.

The electors shall have written or printed on their ballots the words, "Transfer" or "No Trnasfer." The board of registrars shall canvass the votes and ascertain the result, and furnish to the chancery clerk of the county a certified copy of the same, which he shall file and safely keep in his office . . .

/NOTE: This election evidently failed, as the Code of 1892 gives the same boundaries for the two counties involved as the Code of 1871. (Code 1871, ch. 2, secs. 47 49; Code 1892, ch. 18, secs. 375, 377)/

198. L. M. 1886, pp. 185, 186.
App. Feb. 18, 1886.

AN ACT to Define and Make Clear the Boundaries Between the Counties of Clay and Lowndes in This State.

Sec. 1. . . . That the boundaries between the counties of Clay and Lowndes in this State shall be as defined in section thirty-six (36), chapter two (2), of the Code of 1880, and that all laws or parts of laws heretofore passed establishing different boundaries between said counties be and the same are hereby repealed . . .

199. L. M. 1886, p. 153.
App. Feb. 25, 1886.

AN ACT to Amend Sections 34 and 52 of the Revised Code of 1880, of the State of Mississippi, so as to Change the Dividing Line of the Counties of Claiborne and Jefferson of said State.

Whereas, By the Act of the Legislature of the State of Mississippi, approved June 29, 1822, the dividing line between the counties of Jefferson and Claiborne of said State was declared to be as follows, to-wit; "Beginning on the bank of the Mississippi river, at the lower end of the Petit Gulf hills running thence, a direct course to the most northern point of the tract of land known by the name of Revert Trimble's on Tabor's creek, of Bayou Pierre, at Elijah L. Clark's wagon ford on said creek; thence up said creek to the township line between townships nine and ten; and thence pursuing said line east to the old Choctaw boundary line;" . . . The said dividing line . . . is hereby declared to be the dividing line between the said counties of Claiborne and Jefferson . . .

200. L. M. 1890, p. 495.
App. Feb. 13, 1890.

AN ACT to Amend An Act Entitled An Act to Create An Additional County in This State to be Called Sharkey County, and to Change the Boundary Lines of Warren County, Issaquena County and Washington County; Which Became a Law by Limitation March 29th, 1876.

Whereas, By section two of said act the western boundary of Issaquena county terminates at the Mississippi river and follows said river downward

downward to the north-west corner of Warren County; and whereas by this change of the western boundary of Issaquena county a considerable quantity of land formerly embraced in the territory of Issaquena county, lying west of the eastern bank of said river in Township 13, Range 10, west, in Township 12, and 10, west, was taken from said county, which land is in Mississippi and does not constitute a part of any county, owing to said changes; therefore.

Sec. 1. Be it Resolved by the Legislature of the State of Mississippi, That the act aforesaid be and is hereby amended as to read; that the western boundary of Issaquena county shall be and is hereby established as fixed before the passage of the act aforesaid, and that all lands lying west of the Mississippi river in Township 13, Range 10 west, and Township 12, Range 10 west, be and are hereby restored to said county of Issaquena . . . 203.

201. L. M. 1890, p. 89.
App. Feb. 22, 1890.

AN ACT to Create the County of Pearl River and to Provide for its Organization.

Sec. 1. . . .That the county of Pearl River be and the same is hereby created and shall be bounded as follows; By beginning at the point in the middle of Pearl river, in the centre between townships four and five in the county of Hancock, thence running east through ranges 18, 17, 16, 15 and 14 to the line between ranges 13 and 14 west; thence north on said line to a point one mile north of the 31st parallel of north latitude; thence west to the dividing line between ranges 15 and 16; thence south to said 31st parallel; thence west along said 31st parallel to the centre of Pearl river; thence southward along the thread of the stream to the point of beginning . . .

202. L. M. 1894, p. 100.
App. Feb. 10, 1894.

AN ACT to Amend Section 355 of the Annotated Code of Mississippi in Reference to the County Line Between Carroll and Leflore Counties.

Sec. 1. . . .That section 355 of the annotated code be amended so as to read as follows; Carroll county (established December 23, 1833) is bounded by beginning at the middle of the Yalobusha river at the point at which line drawn from the center of township 21, range 2 east, would intersect said river; thence east on section lines to the northwest corner of section 21, township 21, range 5 east; thence south to the northwest corner of section 21, township 18, range 5 east; thence east to the northwest corner of section 19, township eighteen, range 6 east; thence south one mile to the section line; thence east to the northeast corner of section 27, township 18, range 6 east; thence south to the southwest corner of section 35, township 17, range 6 east; thence west to Big Black river; thence with the middle of said river to the northeast corner of Holmes county; thence with the boundary line of Holmes county to the point at which it 204.

touches the range line between ranges 1 and 2 east; thence north to the northwest corner of township 18, range 2 east; thence east on township line to the southeast corner of section 32, in township 19, of range 2 east; thence north by section lines to the northeast corner of section 17, township 20, range 2 east; thence west by section lines to the middle of Yalobusha river; thence north in the middle of said river and by the meanderings to the beginning . . .

203. L. M. 1896, p. 137.
App. March 11, 1896.

AN ACT to Amend Sections 388 and 397 of the Annotated Code of 1892 in Reference to the Boundary Line Between Marion and Pearl River Counties.

Sec. 1. . . .That section 388 of the annotated code of 1892 be and the same is amended so as to read as follows; Section 388, Marion County, established December 9, 1811, is bounded by beginning on the line between ranges 11 and 12 east, at the southwest corner of section 18, township 5, range 12 east; thence east with section lines to Pearl River; thence up said river with its meanderings to where the line between sections 13 and 24, in township 5, north, range 20 west, intersects said river; thence east with section lines to the southeast corner of section 17, township 5, range 18 west; thence north with section lines to the northeast corner of section 5, township 5, range 18 west; thence east with township lines to the range line between ranges 14 and 15 west; thence south on the range line to the township line between townships 4 and 5; thence east on said township line to the line between ranges 13 and 14 west; thence south on said range line to a point one mile north of the 31st parallel of latitude; thence west along said parallel to the range line between ranges 11 and 12 east; thence north along said range line to the point of beginning . . .

397. Pearl River county, established, February 22, 1890, is bounded by beginning at a point on the State line in Pearl River where a prolongation of the line between townships 4 and 5 south of the 31st parallel of latitude strikes the same; thence east to the line between ranges 13 and 14 west; thence north to a point one mile north of the 31st parallel of latitude; thence west along a line parallel with said 31st parallel of latitude to the line between ranges 15 and 16 west; thence south to said parallel of latitude; thence west along said parallel of the centre of Pearl River; thence southward down the State line in Pearl River to the place of beginning . . .

204. L. M. 1896, p. 135.
App. March 19, 1896.

AN ACT to Amend Sections 355 and 384 of the Annotated Code so as to Correct a Mistake in and Adjust the Boundary Line Between Carroll and Leflore Counties, and to relieve the Owners of Certain Lands of Double Assessment and Taxation thereon, and Allow Redemption thereof.

Sec. 1. . . .That section 355 of the annotated code be amended so as to read as follows, viz; 355. Carroll County (established December 23,

1833) is bounded by beginning at the middle of the Yalobusha river at the point at which a line drawn from the center of township twenty-one, range two east, would intersect said river; thence east on section lines to the northwest corner of section twenty-one, township twenty-one, range five east; thence east to the northwest corner of section twenty-one, township eighteen range five east; thence east to the northwest corner of section nineteen, township eighteen, range six east; thence south one mile to the section line; thence east to the north east corner of section twenty-seven, township eighteen, range six east; thence south to the southwest corner of section thirty five, township seventeen, range six east; thence west to Big Black river; thence with the middle of said river to the northeast corner of Holmes county; thence with the boundary line of Holmes county to the point at which said line is crossed by the line between sections fourteen and fifteen, township seventeen, range one east; thence north with said section line to the southwest corner of section fourteen, township eighteen, range one east; thence east to the range line between ranges one and two east; thence north to the northwest corner of township eighteen, range two east; thence east to the southeast corner of section thirty-two, township nineteen, range two east; thence north to the northeast corner of section seventeen, township twenty, range two east; thence west by section lines to the middle of the Yalobusha river; thence north with the middle of said river to the beginning . . .

Sec. 2. That section 384 of the annotated code be so amended as to read as follows, viz:. 384. Leflore county (established March 15, 1871), is bounded by beginning at the southwest corner of township seventeen, range two west, thence southeast to the Yazoo river; thence up said river to the northwest corner of Holmes county; thence southeast along the line of Holmes county to the point at which said line is crossed by the lines betwe n sections fourteen and fifteen, township seventeen, range one east; thence north with section line to the southwest corner of section fourteen, township eighteen, range one east; thence east to range line between ranges one and two east; thence north on said line to the northwest corner of township eighteen, range two east; thence east to the southeast corner of section thirty-two, township nineteen, range two east; thence north to the northeast corner of section seventeen, township twenty, range two east; thence west by section lines to the middle of the Yalobusha river; thence with its meanderings to the Grenada county line to the southern boundary of township twenty-two; thence west along said line to the west bank of the Tallahatchie river; thence up said river to the point at which it is crossed by the northern boundary of township twenty-two; thence west on said line to the southwest corner of Tallahatchie county; thence south on the range line between ranges two and three west, to the beginning . . .

206.

205. L. M. 1898, p. 102.
App. Jan. 28, 1898.

AN ACT to Amend Sections 420 and 392 of the Annotated Code of 1892 Relating to the Boundary Lines of Winston and Neshoba Counties.

Sec. 1. . . . That section 420 of the annotated code of 1892 be amended to read as follows:

Winston county, (established December 23, 1833), is bounded by beginning at the northwest corner of township sixteen, range twelve, east; thence east on the township line to the northeast corner of township sixteen, range fourteen east; thence south on the range line to the southeast corner of township thirteen, range fourteen east; thence west on the township line to the northeast corner of section two, township twelve, range thirteen, east; thence south on the section line one-half mile; thence west to the line between sections three and four, same township; thence north on section line to the northwest corner of section three, in said township twelve, range thirteen; thence west on the township line to the southwest corner of township thirteen, east; thence north on the range line to the southeast corner of township thirteen, range ten, east; thence north on the range line to the southwest corner of township fifteen, range ten, east; thence east on the township line to the southeast corner of said township; thence north on the line between ranges ten and eleven to northeast corner of said township sixteen, range eleven east, which is the beginning . . .

Sec. 2. Amend section 392 of the annotated code of 1892 so as to read as follows; Neshoba county (established December 23, 1833), is bounded by beginning at the northwest corner of township twelve, range ten, east; thence east on the township line to the southeast corner of township thirteen range twelve, east; thence south with range line to the northwest corner of township twelve, range thirteen, east; thence east with the township line to the northeast corner of section four, township twelve, range thirteen, east; thence south on the line between sections three and four one-half mile; thence east to the line between sections one and two, township twelve, range thirteen, east; thence north to the northeast corner of section two, township twelve, range thirteen, east; thence east on the township line to the range line between ranges thirteen and fourteen, east; thence south on said range line to the line between townships eight and nine north; thence west on said township line to the line between ranges nine and ten east; thence north on said range line to the beginning . . .

206. L. M. 1904, p. 143.
App. Feb. 19, 1904.

AN ACT Authorizing the Creation of a New County to be Called Lamar, and Providing for the Organization of the same.

Sec. 1. . . .That there is hereby authorized to be created the county of Lamar, and the same shall be bounded as follows; By a line run by commencing at the northwest corner of township 5, range 16 west of Saint Stephen's meridian, thence running east along the township line to the northeast corner of township 5 north, range 15 west; thence along the range line to the southeast corner of township 5 north, range 15 west; thence east along the township line to the northeast corner of township 4 north, range 14 west; thence south along the range line to a point one mile north of the thirty-first parallel of latitude, thence west to the line between ranges 15 and 16 west, thence south along the range line to the thirty-first parallel of latitude, thence west along said thirty-first parallel to the line between ranges 16 and 17, thence along said line to the place of beginning . . .

207. L. M. 1904, pp. 146-151
App. March 10, 1904.

AN ACT To Amend an Act Approved on 19th Day of February, 1904, Entitled "An Act Authorizing the Creation of a New County, to be Called Lamar, and Providing for the Organization of the Same.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Mississippi, authorizing the creation of a new county, to be called Lamar, and providing for the organization of the same," be, and the same is hereby, amended so as to read as follows:

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Mississippi, that there is hereby authorized to be created the county of Lamar, which shall be composed of that part of Marion county comprising the second judicial district thereof, which said territory is bounded and described by a line run as follows: Commencing at the north west corner, township 5, range 16 west of St. Stevens' meridian, thence running east along the township line to the northeast corner of township 5 north, range 15 west, thence along the range line to the southeast corner of township 5 north, range 15 west, thence east along the township line to the northeast corner of township 4 north, range 14 west; thence south along the range line to a point one mile north of the thirty-first parallel of latitude, thence west to the line between ranges 15 and 16 west, thence south along the range line to the thirty-first parallel of latitude thence west along said thirty-first parallel to the line between ranges 16 and 17, thence along said line to the place of beginning. And that part of Pearl River county contiguous to said above-described territory, circumscribed by line run as follows: Beginning at the point where the line between sections 33 and 34, township 1, north, range 15 west intersects the thirty-first parallel of north latitude, and running east along said thirty-first parallel to a point where the line between sections 2 and 3, township 1, south, range 15 west intersects said thirty-first parallel, thence south along line between sections 2 and 3 to corner of sections 2, 3, 10, and 11, township 1, south, range 15 west thence east along line between first and second tiers of sections south of said thirty-first parallel to the corner common to sections 5, 6, 7, and 8, township 1 south, range 14 west, thence north along line between sections 5 and 6 to said thirty-first parallel, thence east to the point where a line drawn centrally north and south through section 32, township 1 north, range 14 west, intersects said thiry-first parallel, thence north one mile to the line between Pearl river and Marion counties, thence west along said line separating said counties to the point where it intersects the line between sections 33 and 34, township 1 north, range 15 west, thence south along section line to point of beginning. 209.

208. L. M. 1906, p. 179.
App. March 31, 1906.

AN ACT Authorizing the Creation of a New County to be Called Jefferson Davis, and Providing for the Organization of the Same.

Sec. 1. . . .That there is hereby authorized to be created the county of Jefferson Davis, which shall be composed of that part of Lawrence County described and bounded as follows, to-wit; For a point of beginning

commence where the present line between Covington and Lawrence Counties intersects the old Choctaw boundary line, thence westward along the old Choctaw boundary line to a point where the same is intersected by the line between section 11 and 12 in Township No. 9, north, of Range 20, west; thence due south along section lines to the line between Townships 6 and 7, Range 20, west; thence due east along said township line one mile; thence due south to the boundary line between Lawrence and Marion Counties; thence due east along the boundary line between Lawrence and Marion Counties to the southeast corner of Lawrence county, as the same now stands; thence due north along the present boundary line of Lawrence and Marion Counties to the southwest corner of Covington County; thence due north along the present boundary line between Lawrence and Covington Counties to where the same intersects the old Choctaw boundary line, the point of beginning and that part of Covington County contiguous to the above described territory bounded as follows, to wit; For a point of beginning commence where the present boundary line between Lawrence and Covington Counties intersects the old Choctaw boundary line; thence due south along said boundary line between said counties to the line between Townships 5 and 6 in Range 18, west (the southwest corner of Covington County); thence due east along the southern boundary line of Covington County to where the same is intersected by section line between sections 34 and 35, Township 6 north of Range 16; thence due north along section line to Bowie Creek; thence north westwardly up the middle or thread of said creek to where the same crosses the line between townships 7 and 8; thence due west along said township line to the line between Ranges 17 and 18, west; thence due north along said range line to the old Choctaw boundary line; thence westwardly along the old Choctaw boundary line to the point of beginning . . .

209. L. M. 1906, p. 174.
App. April 19, 1906.

AN ACT Authorizing the Creation of a New County to be Called Forrest, and Providing for the Organization of the Same.

Sec. 1. . . . That there is hereby authorized to be created the county of Forrest, and the same shall be composed of that part of Perry County now comprising the Second Judicial District thereof, which said territory is described as follows, to wit;

Begin at the northeast corner of Township 5, north, of Range 12, west of St. Stephen's meridian, then run south along the line dividing Ranges 11 and 12 to the southeast corner of Township 1, south, of Range 12, west, then run west along the line dividing Harrison and Perry Counties to the southwest corner of Township 1, south, of Range 13, west, then run north along the line dividing Pearl River and Lamar Counties from Perry County to the southeast corner of Township 5, north, of Range 14, west, then run west along the line dividing Perry and Lamar Counties to the southwest corner of said last named township, then run north along the line dividing Perry and Lamar Counties to the northwest corner of said last named township, then run east along the line dividing Jones and Perry Counties to the point of beginning . . .

210. L. M. 1908, pp. 174, 175.
App. Feb. 27, 1908.

AN ACT to amend sections 447 and 464 of the Code of 1906 so as to define the boundary lines of Pontotoc and Lee Counties.

Whereas, The boundary line between Pontotoc and Lee Counties, as defined in the Code of 1880, 1892, and 1906 is not the true and correct boundary line of said counties, as fixed by the acts of 1870 and 1872, and is not the boundary line as recognized by said counties since 1870; therefore-

Sec. 1. . . . By the Legislature of the State of Mississippi, That Section 447 of the Code of 1906 be amended so as to read as follows:

447 (383). Lee county (established October 26, 1866,) is bounded by beginning at the southwest corner of section seven, township eight, range five, east;thence east with the section line to the southeast corner of section eight, in the same township; thence north on the section lines to the southeast corner of section five, township seven, range seven, range five, east; thence east to the southwest corner of section one, in the same township; thence north to the northwest corner of the same section; thence east on the township line to the northeast corner of section three, township seven, range seven, east; thence south on section lines to the northeast corner of section thirty-four, township eleven, range seven, east; thence west on section lines to the line between ranges five and six, east; thence south on said range line to the line between township eleven and twelve; thence west on said township line to the southeast corner of section thirty-six, township eleven, range four,east; thence north on range line between four and five to the northeast corner of section twenty-five, township eight, range four, east; thence north on range line between four and five to the point of beginning . . . 212.

Sec. 2. That section 464, of the code of 1906 be amended so as to read as follows:

464 (400). Pontotoc County (established February 9, 1836) is bounded by beginning on the basis meridian of the Chickasaw survey at the northwest corner of section nineteen, township eight, range one, east; thence east on the section lines to the northwest corner of section nineteen, township eight, range four, east, thence south to the southwest corner of section nineteen, township eight, range four, east; thence east to the northwest corner of section thirty, township eight, range five, east; thence south on range lines between four and five to the southeast corner of section thirty-six, in township eleven, range four, east; thence west on line between township eleven and twelve to the basis meridian; thence north to the point of beginning . . .

211. L. M. 1908, pp. 221-224;
App. March 18, 1908.

AN ACT Authorizing the Holding of an Election in Certain Territory in Hancock County To Ascertain if Said Territory Shall be Transferred from Hancock County to Pearl River County, and Providing for Redistricting Said Counties in the Event Said Election Results Favorably.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted . . . that the election commissioners of Hancock County shall, within thirty days after the approval of this Act, . . . list . . . the qualified electors residing in the territory of Hancock County, described as follows: beginning at a point where the range line between township 5 south, range 15 west, and township 5, range 16 west crosses the boundary line between Hancock County and Pearl River County, thence south on said range line nine miles to the southeast corner of section 13, township 6 south of range 16 west; thence west to the northeast corner of section 21, township 6 south of range 16 west, thence south to the southeast corner of said section 21, township 6 range 16 west, thence west to the northwest corner of section 30, township 6 south of range 16 west, thence south along range line between range 16 and 17 to southeast corner of section 1, township 7, south of range 17 west; thence west to Pearl river; thence up said river to the northwest corner of Hancock County, thence west to point of beginning . . . and shall order an election to be held in said territory to determine whether said territory shall be transferred from Hancock County to Pearl River County . . .

212. L. M. 1908, p. 173.
App. March 20, 1908.

AN ACT to make definite the boundary line between the counties of Pike and Lawrence and to amend sections 445 and 463 of the Code of 1906.

Sec. 1. . . . . That section 445, code of 1906, be amended so as to read as follows:

445 (381), Lawrence county (established Dec. 22, 1814,) is bounded by beginning at the southwest corner of township five, range ten, east; thence east along the line separating townships four and five to the northeast corner of section five; thence south with the east boundary line of section five to the northeast corner of the southeast quarter of section five; thence east along the half section line of section four to the northeast corner of the southeast quarter of section four; thence south with the east boundary of section four to the southeast corner of section four; thence east along the south boundary line of section three to southeast corner of southwest quarter of section three; thence south along the half section line of section ten, to the center of section ten; thence east along the half section line of sections ten, eleven and twelve to the southeast corner of the southwest corner of the northwest quarter of section twelve; thence north along the east boundary of the southwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section twelve to the northeast corner of the southwest quarter of the northwest quarter, section twelve; thence east along the south boundary line of the northeast quarter of the northwest quarter of section twelve to the southeast corner of the northwest quarter of section twelve; thence north along the half section line of section twelve to the northeast corner of the northwest quarter of section twelve; thence east along the north boundary line of section twelve to the northeast corner of section twelve until it intersects the line between ranges eleven and twelve, east; thence north along the range line to the center of township five, at the southwestern corner of section eighteen of township five, range twelve, east; thence east along the center of said township to Pearl river; thence up said river to the line between the sections in the center of township five, ranges twenty, nineteen and eighteen, west; thence east a

said center line to the southeast corner of section seventeen, township five, range eighteen, west; thence due north along section line to the old Choctaw boundary; thence westerly along the Choctaw boundary to the point where the same is intersected by the range line between ranges nine and ten, east; thence south with said range line to the place of beginning ...

Sec. 2. . . . That section 463 of the code of 1906 be amended to read as follows:

463. Pike County (established Feb. 9, 1815,) is bounded by beginning at the northwest corner of township four, range seven, east on the township line to the northeast corner of section five; thence south with east boundary line of section five to the northeast corner of the southeast quarter of section five; thence east along the half section line of section four to the northeast corner of the southeast quarter of section four; thence south with the east boundary of section four to the southeast corner of section four; thence east along the south boundary line of section three to the southeast corner of the southwest corner of section three; thence south along the half section line of section ten to the center of section ten; thence east along the half section lines of section ten, eleven and twelve to the southeast corner of the southwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section twelve; thence north along the east boundary of the southwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section twelve to the northeast corner of the southwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section twelve; thence east along the south boundary line of the northeast quarter of the northwest quarter of section twelve to the southeast corner of the northeast quarter of the northwest quarter of section twelve; thence north along the half section line of section twelve to the northeast corner of the northwest quarter of section twelve; thence along the north boundary line of section twelve to the northeast corner of section twelve until it intersects the line between ranges eleven and twelve, east; thence south with said range line to the boundary line between the states of Mississippi and Louisiana; thence west on said boundary line to the line between ranges six and seven, east; thence north on said line to the boginning . . . 214.

213. L. M. 1910, p. 236.
App. March 16, 1910.

AN ACT Authorizing the Creation of a New County to be Called George County, and Providing for the Organization of same, and Fixing the Town of Lucedale as the County Site thereof.

Sec. 1. . . . That there is hereby authorized to be created the county of George, which shall be composed of that part of Greene County described and bounded as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at the northwest corner of section 6, township 1, south range 8, west and from thence running south along the lines dividing Greene and Perry Counties, to a point dividing township 1 south, and township 2 south; thence running east along said township line to the Mississippi and Alabama State line; thence running north along said State line to a point dividing township 1, south, and township 1, north; thence running west along said township line back to the point of beginning.

And that part of Jackson County contiguous to the above described territory and described and bounded as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the northwest corner of section 3, township 2 south, range 9 west, and run south along the line dividing Jackson and Harrison Counties to a point dividing township 3 south and township 4 south, and from thence run east along the line dividing township 3 south and township 4 south to the Mississippi and Alabama state line, thence run north along said state line to a point dividing township 1 south and township 2 south; thence run west along said township line back to the place of beginning. ...

214. L. M. 1910, pp. 278-283
App. March 16, 1910.

AN ACT Authorizing a new county to be called Walthall and Providing For the Organization of the Same.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted . . . that there is hereby authorized to be created the county of Walthall, which shall be composed of that part of Marion County described and bounded as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the southwest corner of township 1 north, range 12 east of the meridian of Washington, said corner being on the Mississippi and Louisiana state line, running north to the northwest corner of section 19, township 3 north, range 12 east; thence east to the northeast corner of section 21, township 3 north, range 12 east; thence south to the southeast corner of section 33, township 3 north, range 12 east; thence south to the southeast corner of section 13, township 2 north, range 12 east; thence east to the northeast corner of section 21, township 2 north, range 13 east; thence south to southeast corner of section 33, township 1 north, range 13 east; thence west along the Mississippi-Louisiana state line to the place of beginning. And that part of Pike county contiguous to the above described territory described and bounded as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the southwest corner of section 36, township 1 north, range 9 east of the meridian of Washington, and running north to the north boundary of township 2 north, range 9 east, to the northwest corner of section 1, said township and range; thence east to the northeast corner of section 1, township 2 north, range 9 east; thence running north to north boundary of township 4, range 9 east; to the northeast corner of section 1, said township and range; thence east along north boundary of said township 4, to the northeast corner of section 5, township 4, range 11 east; thence south with east boundary line of section 5, to the northeast corner of the southeast quarter of section 5; thence east along the half section line of section 4, to the northeast corner of the southeast quarter of section 4; thence south with east boundary of section 4 to the southeast corner of section 4; thence east along the south boundary line of section 3, to the southeast corner of the southwest quarter of section 3, thence south along the half section line of section 10 to the center of section 10; thence along the half section lines of section 10, 11, and 12, to the southeast corner of the southwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section 12; thence north along east boundary of the southwest quarter of northwest quarter of section 12 to the northeast corner of the southwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section 12; thence east along the south boundary line of the northeast quarter of the northwest quarter of

section 12 to the southeast corner of the northeast quarter of the northwest quarter of section 12; thence north along the half section lines of section 12 to the northeast corner of the northwest quarter of section 12; thence east along the north boundary line of section 12 to the northeast corner of section 12 until it intersects the line between ranges 11 and 12 east; thence south with said range line to the boundary line between the states of Mississippi and Louisiana; thence west on said boundary line to the southwest corner of the aforementioned section 36, township 1, north, range 9 east, the point of beginning.

Sec. 2. The Governor . . . shall appoint three commissioners from the territory to be taken from Marion County, and . . . three commissioners who shall be residents of the proposed new county to be taken from the county of Pike. It shall be the duty of the commissioners . . . to hold elections in their respective territories . . . submitting to the qualified electors the question of the creation of the new county and also the location of the county site. ...

/NOTE: See following entry./

214A. L. M. 1912, p.415.
App. March 2, 1912.

AN ACT Authorizing the creation of a new county to be called Walthall, and Providing for the Organization of the Same.

Sec. 1. . . . that there is hereby authorized to be created the county of Walthall, which shall be composed of that part of Marion County described and bounded as follows, to-wit: Beginning on the Mississippi-Louisiana state line at the southwest corner of township 1 north, range 12 east, the same being the southwest corner of Marion County, and run north along the range line between ranges 11 and 12 east sixteen miles to the northwest corner of section 18 in township 3 north, range 12 east; thence east along the north boundary of section 18 in township 3 north, range 12 east one-half mile to the one-quarter section corner on the north line of said section 18, thence south along the half section line of sections 18, 19, 30 and 31 in township 3 north, range 12 east, four miles to the one-quarter section corner on the south line of said section 31; thence east along the township line between townships 2 and 3 one and one-half miles to the northeast corner of section 5 in township 2 north, range 12 east; thence south along the east boundaries of section 5, 8, and 17 in township 2 north, range 12 east, three miles to the southeast corner of said section 17; thence east along the north boundary of sections 21, 22, 23, and 24 in township 2 north, range 12 east, four miles to the northeast corner of section 24 in township 2 north, range 12 east; thence south along the range line between ranges 12 and 13 one and one-half miles to the one-quarter section corner on the west line of section 30 in township 2 north, range 13 east; thence east along the one-half section line of said section 30, one-half mile to the northeast corner of the southwest quarter of said section 30; thence south along the one-half section line of sections 30 and 31 in township 2 north, range 13 east, one and one-half miles to the one-quarter section corner on the south side of said section 31; thence east along the township line between townships 1 and 2, one-half

mile to the northeast corner of section 6 in township 1 north, range 13 east; thence south along the east boundary line of said section 6 one mile to the northwest corner of section 8 in township 1 north, range 13 east; thence east along the north boundary of sections 8, 9, 10, 11, and 12 in said township 1 north, range 13 east, five miles to the northeast corner of said section 12; thence south along the range line between ranges 13 and 14, five miles to the south-east corner of section 36 in township 1 north, range 13 east, this point being on the Mississippi-Louisiana state line; thence west along said line twelve miles to the place of beginning. And that part of Pike County contiguous to the above described territory described and bounded as follows: Beginning on the Mississippi-Louisiana state line at the southeast corner of Section 36 in Township 1 North, Range 9 East, the same being on the south line of Pike County, Mississippi, and run north along the west boundaries of Sections 36, 25, 24, 13, 12 and 1 in Township 1, 2, 3 and 4 respectively of Range 9 East, to the northwest corner of Section 1 in township 4 North, Range 9 East; thence east along the north boundary of said Township 4, nine miles to the northeast corner of Section 5 in Township 4 North, Range 11 East; thence south along the east boundary of said Section 5 to the northeast corner of the south-east quarter of said section; thence east along the half section line of Section 4, Township 4 North, Range 11 East to the northeast corner of the southeast quarter (1/4) of said Section Four (4); thence south along the east boundary of said Section Four (4) to the southeast corner of said section; thence east along the south boundary of Section Three (3), in Township Four (4), North, Range Eleven (11) East to the southeast corner of the southwest quarter (1/4) of said Section Three (3) thence south along the half section line of Section Ten (10) Township four (4) Range Eleven (11) East, to the center of said Section ten (10), thence east along the half section line of section ten (10), Eleven (11), and Twelve (12) in Township Four (4), North, Range Eleven (11) East, to the south-east corner of the southwest quarter (1/4) of the northwest quarter (¼ of the said section 12 thence north along the east boundary of the southwest quarter ¼ of the northwest quarter ¼ of said Section twelve to the north-east corner of the southwest quarter ¼ of the northwest quarter ¼ of said Section twelve (12); thence east along the south boundary of the northeast quarter ¼ of the northwest quarter ¼ of said Section twelve (12) to the southeast corner of the northeast quarter ¼ of the northwest quarter ¼ of said Section Twelve (12) thence north along the half section line of said Section Twelve (12) to the northeast corner of the northwest quarter ¼ of said Section twelve (12) thence east along the north boundary of said Section twelve (12) to the northeast corner of same, this point being on the range line between Ranges Eleven (11) and Twelve (12) East; thence south along said range line twenty-three (23) miles to the Mississippi-Louisiana State line; thence west along said State line fourteen (14) miles to the place of beginning. ...

Sec. 3. Said /election/ commissioners . . . shall, during the month of August, 1913, give 8 months notice in the manner required by law for special elections; and during the month of April, 1914, and after the 26th day of said month, hold elections in their respective districts. ... There shall be printed on the tickets used in said tickets the words "For Walthall County" and "Against Walthall County". ... If a majority of those voting have separately voted therefor, . . . the Governor shall issue his proclamation declaring the said county of Walthall created . . .

215. L. M. 1912, p. 424
App. Feb. 27, 1912

AN ACT to Authorize and Empower the Board of Supervisors of Wilkinson County and the Board of Supervisors of Adams County to Have the Boundary Line, or any part thereof, Between the Said two Counties, Surveyed, Defined, and Marked.

Sec. 1. . . . The Board of Supervisors of Wilkinson County and the Board of Supervisors of Adams County are hereby authorized and empowered to have the boundary line, or any part thereof, between the two counties, surveyed, defined, and marked.

Sec. 2. That the boundary line, or any part thereof, between the said counties, when properly surveyed, defined, and marked, in the judgment of the Board of Supervisors of Wilkinson County and the Board of Supervisors of Adams County, shall constitute the legal boundary between the said two counties.

216. L. M. 1912, p. 402.
App. March 16, 1912

AN ACT amending House Bill 293 of the Laws of 1912, entitled: "An Act authorizing the creation of a new county to be called Stone County, and providing for the organization of same, and fixing the Town of Wiggins as the county site thereof," approved 24th day of February, 1912, to read as follows:

Sec. 1. . . . That there is hereby authorized to be created the County of Stone, which shall be composed of that part of Harrison County described and bounded as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at the northeast corner of Section 4, Township 2 South, Range 9 West; thence running west to the northwest corner of Township 2 South, Range 13 West; thence south to the southwest corner of Township 3 South, Range 13 West; thence east to the southeast corner of Section 33, Township 3 South, Range 9 West; thence running north to the place of beginning.

And that part of George County contiguous to the above described territory, and described and bounded as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the southeast corner of Section 3, Township 3 South, Range 9 West; thence running east to the southeast corner of Section 34, Township 3 South, Range 8 West; thence north to the northeast corner of Section 22, Township 3 South, Range 8 West; thence west to the northeast corner of Section 21, Township 3 South, Range 8 West; thence north to the northeast corner of Section 4, Township 3 South, Range 8 West; thence west to the northeast corner of Section 4, Township 3 South, Range 9 West, thence south to the point of beginning.

*And that part of Forrest County contiguous to the above described territory, and described and bounded as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the northwest corner of Section 6, Township 2 South, Range 13 (11) West; thence running north to the southwest corner of Section 18, Township 18, Township 1 (2) South, Range 13 west; thence east to the southeast corner of section

16, township 1 (2) south, range 13 west; thence north to the northeast corner of section 4, township 1 (2) south, range 13 west; thence east to the northeast (northwest) corner of township 1 (2) south, range 12 west; thence south to the southeast corner of township 1 (2)south, range 12 west; thence west to the point of beginning. ...

*NOTE: The paragraph in reference to Forrest County is printed as it now appears in the enrolled act. The figures and words in parentheses and black face type (underlined) are as it was originally enrolled and signed by the Governor. I will not certify as to the correctness of this act, it having been tampered with since being signed by the Governor.

Joseph W. Power,
Secretary of State.

Sec. 3. . . . The Governor . . . shall appoint three commissioners from the territory proposed to be taken from Harrison County, . . . and three commissioners from the territory proposed to be taken from Forrest County. It shall be the duties of said commissioners, within thirty days after the approval of this act, to hold elections in their respective districts, submitting to the qualified electors thereof the question of the creation of the aforesaid new county . . . and if it shall appear . . . that a majority voting thereon voted therefor, . . . the Governor shall issue his proclamation declaring the county of Stone created.

/NOTE: The Act to which this is an amendment was approved Feb. 24, 1912, and is found in L. M. 1912, p. 394. The differences between the two, as relating to boundaries, are too slight to justify the copying of the original act, of which the amendment is a correction. Evidently the elections ordered above did not carry. See next entry./

217. L. M. 1916, p. 593
App. Jan. 6, 1916.

AN ACT Authorizing the Creation of a New County to be Called Stone, and Providing for the Organization of the Same and Fixing the Town of Wiggins as the County Site thereof.

Sec. 1. . . . there is hereby authorized to be created the county of Stone, which shall be composed of that part of Harrison County described as follows: Beginning at the northwest corner of section 6, township 2 south, range 13 west; thence running south with the western boundary line of Harrison County to the southwest corner of section 31 township 4 south, range 13 west; thence running east to the southeast corner of section 36, township 4 south, range 13 west; thence running north to the northeast corner of section 25, township 4 south, range 13 west; thence running east to the southeast corner of section 21, township 4 south, range 9 west; thence running north along the eastern boundary line of the said Harrison County to the northeast corner of section 4, township 2 south, range 9 west; thence running west along the northern boundary line of said Harrison county to the point of beginning. ...

Sec. 3. The Governor . . . shall appoint three commissioners from the territory proposed to be taken from Harrison County, . . . it shall be the duty of the commissioners so appointed . . . to hold elections in the territory herein described, submitting to the qualified voters therein the question of the creation of the new county, . . . and if a majority of those voting thereon vote therefor, the Governor shall issue his proclamation declaring the said county of Stone created.

218. L. M. 1918, p. 368.
App. March 28, 1918.

219.

AN ACT Authorizing the Creation of a new County to be Called Humphreys County and Providing for the Organization of the Same.

Sec. 1. . . . That there is hereby authorized to be created the county of Humphreys, which shall be composed of portions of the lands now situated in Washington, Yazoo, Holmes, Sharkey, and Sunflower counties and described as follows: Beginning at the intersection of the centre line of Sunflower river with the boundary line between Washington and Sunflower counties; thence in a southerly direction with the meanders of Sunflower river and along its center line to its intersection with the north boundary line of Sharkey county; thence east along said county line to the northeast corner of township fourteen (14) north, range five (5) west; thence south along the east boundary lines of township fourteen (14) north, range (5) west and township thirteen (13) north, range five (5) west to the southwest corner of township thirteen (13) north, range four (4) west; thence east along the south boundary line of township thirteen (13) north, range four (4) west and township thirteen (13) north, range three (3) west to the south east corner of township thirteen (13) north, range three (3) west; thence north along the east line of said township thriteen (13) north, range three (3) west to the north east corner of the same; thence east along the south line of township fourteen (14) north, range two (2) west to the southwest corner of section thirty-six (36) township fourteen (14) north, range two (2) west; thence north along the line between sections thirty-five (35) and thirty-six (36), township fourteen (14) north, range two (2) west to the center line of the Yazoo river; thence in a northwesterly direction with the meanders of the Yazoo river and along its center line to its intersection with the center line of Tchula lake, thence with the meanders of Tchula lake and along its center line to its intersection with the line between sections nineteen (19) and twenty (20), township fifteen (15) north, range one (1) west; thence north along the section lines to the center line of the Yazoo river; thence in a southwesterly direction with the meanders of the Yazoo river and along its center line to the Choctaw boundary line; thence in a northwesterly direction along the Choctaw boundary line to its intersection with the east line of township sixteen (16) north, range three (3) west; thence along said township line and along the east line of township seventeen (17) north, range three (3) west, to the north east corner of section thirteen (13) township seventeen (17) north, range three (3) west; thence west along the section lines to the north west corner of section eighteen (18), township seventeen (17) north, range three (3) west; thence south along the west boundary line of township seventeen (17) north, range three (3) west to the boundary line between Sunflower and Washington counties, thence west along said boundary line to the point of beginning. Said description above embraces portions of Washington, Yazoo, Holmes, Sharkey and Sunflower counties . . .

Sec. 2. The Governor . . . shall appoint fifteen commissioners, three from that portion of Washington County, three from that portion of Yazoo County, three from that portion of Sunflower County, and three from that portion of Sharkey County to be embraced in Humphreys County, all of whom shall be residents of the proposed new county. It shall be the duty of the said commissioners . . . to hold elections in their respective districts submitting to the qualified electors residing therein the question of the creation of the proposed new county; and . . . if it shall appear that a majority voting thereon voted therefor, the Governor shall issue his proclamation declaring the said Humphreys County created.

219. L. M. 1934, pp. 510-511.
App. March 14, 1934.

AN ACT to Amend Sections 3924 and 3942 of the Code of 1930, so as to properly and correctly define the boundary line between the counties of Lamar and Pearl River.

Sec. 1. 3924. Lamar County is bounded and described as commencing at the northwest corner of township five, north, range sixteen west; thence running south along the range line between ranges sixteen and seventeen to the thirty-first parallel of latitude, said point being the south-west corner of township one, north range sixteen west; thence east along the said thirty-first parallel of latitude to the south-east corner of township one, north, range sixteen, west; thence north one mile to the north boundary line of Pearl River County as it existed prior to the adoption of the Code of 1930; thence east, parallel with said thirty-first parallel of latitude, to the section line between sections twenty-seven and twenty-eight township one, north, range fifteen, west; thence south to the thirty-first parallel of latitude; thence east to the north-east corner of section three, township one, south, range fifteen, west; thence south to the south-east corner of section three, township one, south, range fifteen, west; thence east along section lines to the section corner common to sections five, six, seven, and eight in townships one, south, range fourteen, west; thence north to the thirty-first parallel of latitude; thence east to the center or half-section line of section thirty-two of township one, north, range fourteen, west; thence north on half-section line of section thirty-two, township one, north, range fourteen, west, to the south line of section twenty-nine; thence east along section lines to the range line between ranges thirteen and fourteen, west; thence north along said range line to the northeast corner of township four, north, range fourteen, west; thence west to the north-west corner of said last mentioned township; thence north along the range line between ranges fourteen and fifteen to the northeast corner of township five, north, range fifteen west; thence west twelve miles to the point of beginning . . .

Sec. 2. 3942. Pearl River county is bounded by beginning at a point on the State line in Pearl River where the thirty-first parallel of latitude crosses said river and running east along said parallel to the south-east corner of township one, north, range sixteen, west; thence north one mile to the line which was the north boundary line of Pearl River County prior to the adoption of the code of 1930; thence east, parallel with the thirty-first degree of latitude, to the section line between twenty-seven and twenty-eight, township one, north, range fifteen, west; thence south to the

said thirty-first parallel of latitude; thence east to the north-east corner of section three, township one, south, range fifteen, west; thence south to the south-west; thence east along section lines to the section corner common to sections five, six, seven, and eight in township one, sections five, six, seven and eight in township one, south range fourteen, west; thence north to said thirty-first parallel of latitude; thence east one half mile to the center of section thirty-two of township one, north, range fourteen, west; thence north on half-section line of said section thirty-two to the south line of section twenty-nine; thence east along section lines to the range line between ranges thirteen and fourteen west; thence south to the said thirty-first parallel of latitude which point is the south-east corner of section thirty-six, township one, north, range fourteen, west; thence east along the said thirty-first parallel of latitude to the north-east corner of section one, township one, south, range fourteen, west; thence south on the range line to the south-east corner of township four, south, range fourteen, west; thence west to the south-east corner of township four, south, range sixteen, west; thence south on the range line nine miles to the south-east corner of section thirteen, township six, south, range sixteen, west; thence west to the north-east corner of section twenty-one, township six, south, range sixteen, west; thence south to the south-east corner of said section twenty-one, township six, south, range sixteen, west; thence west to the north-west corner of section thirty, township six, south, range sixteen, west; thence along range line between ranges sixteen and seventeen to the south-east corner of section one, township seven south, range seventeen, west; thence west to Pearl River; thence north along the middle of said river to the point of beginning.

III. LAWS RELATING TO THE DIVISION OF COUNTIES INTO JUDICIAL DISTRICTS

220. L. M. 1858, pp. 55-56.
App. Dec. 2, 1858.

AN ACT in Relation to the Circuit and Chancery Courts in the County of Hinds.

Sec. 1. . . . the said county shall be divided into two districts to be called the First and Second Districts of Hinds County,

Sec. 2. Be it further enacted, that the First District aforesaid shall be composed of that portion of Hinds County included in Township five of Range one east, embracing therein the city of Jackson.

221. L. M. 1859-60, pp. 139-140.
App. Dec. 14, 1859.

AN ACT in Relation to the Circuit and Chancery Courts of Tishomingo County.

Sec. 1. . . . For the purpose of holding the Circuit Courts of the County of Tishomingo, the said county shall be divided into two districts, to be called the First and Second Districts of Tishomingo County; and the Circuit Court for the First District shall be held in the city of Corinth, . . . and the Circuit Court for the Second District shall be held in the town of Jacinto . . .

Sec. 2. The First District shall be composed of that portion of Tishomingo County composing the second and fifth police districts thereof.

222. L. M. 1859-60, pp. 200-201.
App. Jan. 23, 1860.

AN ACT Supplemental to and Amendatory of An Act in Relation to the Courts of Tishomingo County Approved Dec. 14, 1859.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted . . . that the second section of said act be so amended that the portion of said county of Tishomingo composing the second and fifth Police Districts shall be the second judicial district of said county, and that the remainder of the territory of said county shall compose the first judicial district thereof.

223. L. M. 1859-60, p. 285;
App. Jan. 24, 1860.

AN ACT to Annex Certain Additional Townships to the First District of the Chancery and Circuit Courts of Hinds County.

Sec. 1. . . .there shall be and is hereby annexed to the said first district, all that portion of Hinds County embraced in township six, range one east, and also that portion of Hinds County embraced in Township six, range one west . . .

227.

224. L. M. Nov. 1859-Feb. 1860, pp. 370-375;
App. Feb. 9, 1860.

AN ACT in Relation to the Circuit and Chancery Courts of the County of Lawrence.

Sec. 1. Be it Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Mississippi, That for the purpose of holding the circuit courts of the county of Lawrence, the said county shall be divided into two districts, to be called the first and second districts of Lawrence county; and the circuit court for the first district of said county shall be held in the town of Monticello, and the circuit court for the second district shall be held in the town of Brookhaven.

228.

Sec. 2. Be it Further Enacted, That the first district aforesaid shall be composed of that portion of Lawrence county known and designated as the Monticello, North-eastern and South-eastern police district.

Sec. 3. Be it further Enacted, That the second district aforesaid shall be composed of that portion of Lawrence county known and designated as the Bogue Chitto and Fair River police district.

225. L. M. 1861, p. 35;
App. Jan. 21, 1861.

AN ACT to Annex Township 3 Range 1 West to the First District of the Chancery and Circuit Courts of Hinds County.

Sec. 1. . . .there shall be and is hereby annexed to the said First District all that portion of Hinds County embraced in Township 3 Range 1 West . . .

226. L. M. 1867, pp. 647-650;
App. Feb. 13, 1867.

AN ACT to Regulate the Terms of the Circuit and Chancery Courts in the County of Chickasaw.

Sec. 1. Be it Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Mississippi, That for the purpose of holding the Circuit and Chancery Courts of the County of Chickasaw, the said county shall be divided into two districts,

to be called the First and Second Districts of Chickasaw County, and the said Courts for the First District of said county, shall be held at the Court House in the town of Houston, the said Courts for the Second District shall be held at the town of Okolona.

Sec. 2. . . .the Second District aforesaid shall be composed of that portion of Chickasaw County which lies north and east of Chauquatoncha creek, embracing therein the town of Okolona, and the first district shall be composed of and embrace all the remaining portion of said county.

227. L. M. 1870, p. 111.
App. May 26, 1870.

AN ACT to Define the Limits of the First District of the Chancery and Circuit Courts of Hinds County.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted . . . that the First District of the Chancery and Circuit Courts of Hinds County shall hereafter include all that portion of said county lying east of the line running north and south through said county, and dividing Range two west from Range one East, being that portion of Hinds County embraced in Range one west and Range one East, and containing the following described Townships, to-wit: Townships 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7, of Range one west, and fractional townships 4, 5, and 6 of range one East, and fractional township 6, of Range two East . . .

228. L. M. 1873, pp. 166-170.
App. March 24, 1873.

AN ACT to Divide the County of Yalobusha into two Circuit and two Chancery Court Districts, and for Other Purposes.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Mississippi , that the boundary lines of Yalobusha county be, and are hereby extended so as to include and embrace the following territory now belonging to and comprising a part of Lafayette county, commencing at the southwest corner of section thirty-four, township ten, range five west; running thence north two miles along the county line dividing Panola and Lafayette counties, to the south corner of section twenty-two, township ten, range five west; thence east twelve miles, to the southwest corner of section thirty-four, township ten, range three west.

Sec. 2. Be it further enacted, that for the purpose of holding two Circuit and two Chancery Courts of Yalobusha county, the said county shall be divided into two districts, to be called the First and Second Circuit and Chancery Court Districts of Yalobusha county; and the Circuit Court for the First District of said county shall be held at the courthouse in the town of Coffeeville, and the Circuit Court for the Second District of said county, shall be held at Water Valley,

Sec. 3. Be it further enacted, That the Second District aforesaid shall be composed of that portion of Yalobusha county which lies north of the line which divides the Choctaw and Chickasaw survey, beginning at the southwest corner of section thirty-three (33) township eleven (11), range three (3) west running west eighteen miles to the line of the Chickasaw and Choctaw cession; thence along said line in a northwesterly direction to the dividing line between the counties of Yalobusha and Tallahatchie; thence north to the Panola county line; thence east to the northeast corner of section four (4), township eleven (11), range five (5), west; thence north to the southwest corner of section fifteen (15), township ten (10), range five (5), west; thence east twelve miles to the southwest corner of section fifteen (15), township ten (10), range three (3), west; thence south to the beginning point.

229. L. M. 1873, pp. 161-166.
App. April 10, 1873.

AN ACT in Relation to the Circuit Court in the County of Carroll.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Mississippi, That for the purpose of holding the Circuit Court of the county of Carroll, the said county shall be divided into two districts, to be called the First and Second Districts of Carroll County, and the Circuit Court for the First District of said county shall be held in the town of Carrollton, commencing on the third Monday of May and November in each year, and continuing twelve days, if business so long require it; and the Circuit Court for the Second District shall be held in the town of Vaiden, commencing on the second Monday after the third Monday in May and November in each year, and continuing six days, if business so long require it.

Sec. 2. Be it further enacted, That the Second District aforesaid shall be composed of all that portion of said county lying east and south of a line commencing at the west corner of Montgomery County; thence west on section line to the range line between ranges four and five east; thence south on said line to the southeast corner of township seventeen, range four east; thence west on township seventeen, range three east; thence south to the Holmes county line, shall constitute the Second; the remainder of the county shall constitute First District.

230. L. M. 1874, pp. 81-83.
App. March 28, 1874.

AN ACT Supplemental to and Emendatory of An Act in Relation to the Circuit Court of the County of Carroll, Approved April 10, 1873.

Sec. 2. Be it further enacted, that said Act be and the same is hereby amended in the second section thereof, by striking after the word "commencing", in the fourth line of said section, the remainder of said section and substituting the following words, to-wit: "At the southwest corner of Montgomery County; thence west on section lines to the range line between ranges four and five; thence south on said range line to the

southeast corner of section twenty-four, township eighteen, range four east; thence west on section line to the range line between ranges three and four; thence south on said range line to township line between townships seventeen and eighteen; thence west on the township line to the Leflore County line; thence south on the county line to the Holmes County line, which shall constitute the second district, and the remainder of the county shall constitute the first district.

231. L. M. 1878, pp. 147, 151.
App. February 26, 1878.

AN ACT to Divide the County of Panola into two Circuit and Chancery Court Districts, and for Other Purposes.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Mississippi, That for the purpose of holding two circuit and chancery courts of Panola County, the said county shall be divided into two districts, to be called the first and second circuit and chancery court districts of Panola county;

Sec. 2. Be it further enacted, That that portion of Panola county lying north of the Tallahatchie river, and described as follows, shall constitute district number one, viz; commencing at a point where the said river intersects the east boundary line of said county thence with the meandering of said river in a southwest direction to a point where said river intersects the east boundary line of section thirty-two, (32), township (8) eight, range seven (7), west, in said county, Thence running due north on section line to the northeast corner of section twenty, (20) in the same township and range, thence running due west on the section line to the western boundary line of said county. The above described lines constituting the southeast and south boundary line of the first district, and all that portion of said county lying south of said Tallahatchie river, and that portion of said county lying north of said river and west and south of the following described lines, shall constitute the second district, viz: Commencing at a point where the Tallahatchie river intersects the east boundary line of Panola county, thence southwest with the meanderings of said river to a point where it intersects the east boundary line of section thirty-two (32), township eight (8), range seven (7), west in said county, Thence running due north on section line to the northeast corner of section twenty (20), same township and range. Thence running due west on section line to the western boundary line of said county. The above described lines constituting the northwest and north boundary line of the second district.

232. L. M. 1880, pp. 145-149.
App. Jan. 31, 1880.

AN ACT to Divide the County of Panola into two Circuit and Chancery Courts Districts, and for Other Purposes.

Sec. 1. . . .for the purpose of holding two circuit and chancery courts of Panola County, the said county shall be divided into two districts to be called the first and second circuit and chancery court districts of Panola County . . .

Sec, 2. . . .the following described line shall be the dividing line between the first and second districts of Panola County, viz: Commencing at a point where the Tallahatchie river intersects the eastern boundary line of said county, thence with the meanderings of said river in a southwest direction to a point where said river intersects the north boundary line of section twenty-four (24), township eight (8), range seven (7) west, in said county; thence running due west from said point of intersection on section lines to the northeast corner of section nineteen (19), township eight (8), range nine (9) west to point of intersection with the western boundary of said county, and all of said county lying north of said line shall constitute the first district, and all of said county lying south of said line shall constitute the second district.

234.

233. L. M. 1882, pp. 96-101.
App. Feb. 13, 1882.

235.

AN ACT to Repeal an Act Entitled "an Act in Relation to the Circuit Court in the County of Carroll," approved April 10, 1873, and "an Act supplemental to and Amendatory of the same, approved, March 28, 1874, and to Provide for Recording Deeds, Deeds of Trust, etc., in the Second Circuit and Chancery Court District of said County, and for other Purposes.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Mississippi, That an act entitled "an act in relation to the circuit court in the county of Carroll," approved April 10, 1873, and an act entitled "an act supplemental to and amendatory of an act in relation to the circuit court of the county of Carroll," approved March 28, 1874, be and the same are hereby repealed, and the following enacted in lieu thereof, to-wit: That for the purpose of holding two circuit and chancery courts of Carroll county, the said county shall be divided into two districts to be called the first and second circuit and chancery court districts of Carroll county; and the circuit court for the first disrrict shall be held at the courthouse in the town of Carrollton, and the circuit court for the second district of said county shall be held at the courthouse in the town of Vaiden.

Sec. 2. Be it further enacted, That the second district aforesaid shall be composed of all that portion of Carroll county lying east and south of a line commencing at the southwest corner of Montgomery county; thence west on the section line to the range line between ranges four and five; thence south on said range line to the southeast corner of section twenty-four, township eighteen, range four east, thence west on section line to the range line, between ranges three and four; thence south on said range line to township line between townships seventeen and eighteen; thence west on township line to the Leflore county line; thence south on the county line to the Holmes county line; the remainder of the county north and west of this line shall constitute the first district.

234. L. M. 1888, pp. 74-79
App. March 6, 1888

AN ACT to Divide the County of Marion into two Circuit and Chancery Districts, and for Other Purposes.

Sec. 1. ...for the purpose of holding two circuit and chancery courts in the county of Marion the said county is hereby divided into two districts. All that portion of the territory of the said county lying on the eastern side of a line between ranges sixteen and seventeen west shall constitute the second district of Marion County, and the remainder of the territory of said county shall constitute the first district of Marion County.

235. L. M. 1892, pp. 362-374;
App. Feb. 19, 1892.

AN ACT to divide the county of Coahoma into two Circuit Court and Chancery Court Districts, and for other purposes.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Mississippi, That for the purpose of holding annually two circuit courts and two chancery courts in Coahoma county, the said county shall be divided into two districts to be called the first and second circuit and chancery court districts of Coahoma County . . .

Sec. 2. The following described lines shall be the line of division between the first and second districts of said county of Coahoma, to-wit: Beginning on the eastern boundary of said county at the southeast corner of section nine, in township twenty-nine, range two, west, and running thence west, following the section lines to the southeast corner of section seven, running thence north to the northeast corner of section seven, and thence west along the north section line of said section line of said section seven to the center of Yazoo Pass, where said Yazoo Pass crosses said line, all being in said township twenty-nine, range two, west; following the thread of the stream of said Yazoo Pass to the point where said Yazoo Pass crosses the east and west section line between sections eleven and fourteen, in township twenty-nine, range three, west, near the northwest corner of said section fourteen, where the said Yazoo Pass forms the west boundary of lot four in said section fourteen; thence west along the section line between said section eleven and fourteen to the northeast corner of section fifteen; thence south to the southeast corner of section fifteen; thence west to the southwest corner of section fifteen; thence south to the southeast corner of section thirty-three; thence west along township line between townships twenty-eight and twenty-nine, to the southwest corner of said section thirty-three, all of said last sections being in township twenty-nine, range three, west; thence south to southwest corner of section nineteen, on the range line between ranges three and four, all of said last named sections being in township twenty-eight, range three west thence south to the northeast corner of section ten, in township twenty-seven, range four west; thence west to the northwest corner of section nine; thence south to the northeast corner of section twenty-one; thence west to the northwest corner of section twenty; thence south to the southeast corner of section nineteen; thence west to the southwest corner of section nineteen the rang

the sourhwest corner of section nineteen on the range line between ranges four and five, said last named section being in township twenty-seven, range four, west; thence south to the southeast corner of section twenty-five, in township twenty-seven, range four west; thence west to the quarter post or corner on the north line of section thirty-four, said line being township line between townships twenty-six and twenty-seven, all of said last named sections being in township twenty-seven, range five west; thence south to the quarter post or corner of the south line of section three, in township twenty-six, range five west; thence west to the southeast corner of section five; thence south to the northeast corner of section seventeen thence west to the northwest corner of section seventeen; thence south to the southwest corner of section seventeen on the southern boundary of Coahoma County, all of said last named sections being in township twenty-six, range five west; . . . All territory to the north, northwest, and west of said given line and between said given line and the Mississippi river shall constitute and be embraced in the first district of said county, and all other lands in said county lying to the south, southeast, and east of said line division, shall constitute and be embraced within the second district thereof.

236. L. M. 1892, pp. 392-395
App. March 4, 1892.

AN ACT to Divide the County of Perry into two Circuit and Chancery Court Districts, and for Other Purposes.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Mississippi, that for the purpose of holding two circuit and two chancery courts in the county of Perry, the county is hereby divided into two districts. All that portion of the county east of the line dividing ranges eleven and twelve, shall constitute the first district, and all of the territory lying west of said line shall constitute the second district of Perry County. The courthouse and seat of justice shall be and remain at Augusta, for the first district, and the courthouse and seat of justice for the second district shall be at Hattiesburg . . .

237. L. M. 1896, pp. 128-135
App. March 20, 1896.

AN ACT to Divide the County of Choctaw into two Circuit Court and Chancery Court Districts, and for Other Purposes.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted . . . that for the purpose of holding annually two Circuit courts and two Chancery Courts in Choctaw County, the said County shall be divided into two districts, to be called the first and second circuit and chancery court districts of Choctaw County . . . The district in which Chester is situated shall be known and called the first district, and that in which Ackerman is situated shall be known and called the second district.

Sec. 2. The following described lines shall be the line of division between the first and second districts, . . . to-wit; beginning at the north boundary line of the said county of Choctaw, between ranges ten and

eleven east, in said county, and running thence south with said range line to the southeast corner of section twelve, township seventeen, range ten east, in said county; thence west with the said section lines to the Montgomery County line at the southwest corner of section ten, township seventeen, range eight east, in said county of Choctaw. All the territory in said county lying west of said line running north and south, and all the territory lying north of the said line running east and west, shall constitute the first district, and all the other territory in the said county shall compose the second district.

238. L. M. 1896, pp. 89-90.
App. March 23, 1896.

AN ACT To Change the Boundary Line Dividing Yalobusha County into Two Judicial Districts.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted . . . that the boundary line dividing the first and second districts of Yalobusha county shall be and the same is hereby changed to run as follows, to-wit: Commencing at the southeast corner of Section one, township twenty-five, range seven east, at the Calhoun County line, go thence west with the section lines to the range line between ranges four and five east, thence south with said range line to the southeast corner of section thirteen, township twenty-five, range four east; thence west with section lines to the western boundary of Yalobusha county. That part of Yalobusha county lying north of this line shall be the second judicial district of Yalobusha county, and that part south of this line the first district; provided, that at the election by the people of Yalobusha county, which shall be ordered by the board of supervisors of said county and is required by this act to be held during the year 1896, upon a petition of not less than fifty qualified electors of said county . . . two thirds of those voting in said election assent thereto.

239. L. M. 1900, pp. 102-114.
App. March 1, 1900.

AN ACT To Divide the County of Bolivar into two Circuit Court and Chancery Court Districts, to Authorize the Board of Supervisors of Said County to Issue Bonds to the Amount of $30,000 and to Sell Same for the Purpose of Erecting a Courthouse and Jail, and for Other Purposes.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted . . . that for the purpose of holding annually two circuit courts and two chancery courts in Bolivar County, the said county shall be divided into two districts, to be called the first and second circuit and chancery court districts of Bolivar County . . . The district in which Rosedale is situated shall be known and called the first district, and that in which Cleveland shall be situated shall be known and called the second district.

Sec. 2. The following named and described lines shall be the line of division between the first and second districts of said county of Bolivar, to-wit: Beginning at that point where the range line between ranges six and seven intersect the southern boundary line of said county; and running thence north along and with said range line to that point corner to sections

one (1) and twelve (12) in township twenty-four (24) and in range seven (7) and section six (6) and seven (7) in township twenty-four (24) and range six (6) and running thence east to corner common to sections four (4) and five (5), eight (8) and nine (9), in township twenty-four (24), and in range six (6), and running thence north to township line between townships twenty-four (24) and twenty-five (25), and running thence east along and with said last named township line to point common to sections three (3) and four (4) in township twenty-four (24) and in range six (6), and sections thirty-three (33) and thirty four (34) in township twenty - five (25) in range six (6), and running thence north to township line between townships twenty-five (25) and twenty-six (26), and running thence east along and with said last named township line to corner common to sections one (1) and two (2) in township twenty-five (25) in range six (6) and sections thirty-five (35) and thirty-six (36) in township twenty-six (26) in range six (6), and thence north to that point where the line between sections twenty-three (23) and twenty-four (24) in township twenty-six (26) in range six (6) intersects the northern boundary line of said county. All territory lying to the north, northwest and west of said line, and all territory between the said line and the Mississippi river, shall constitute and be embraced in the first judicial district of said county, and all other lands in said county, and all territory in said county lying to the south, southeast and east of said line of division shall constitute and be embraced in the second judicial district of said county.

240. L. M. 1900, pp. 115-125.
App. March 3, 1900.

AN ACT to Divide the County of Tallahatchie into Two Circuit and Chancery Court Districts, and to Fix the Jurisdiction of the Courts, and to Provide for Holding Same in Each District, and to Locate a County Site in the Second District Thereof, and to Provide for the Building of a Court House and Jail therein, and for the Transcribing of all Muniments of Title of Lands Lying within the Second District of Said County, and to Provide for the Payment of all Expenses Incurred in Carrying out the Provisions of this Act.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Mississippi, That for the purpose of creating two circuit and chancery court districts in the county of Tallahatchie, said county shall be divided into two districts, to be called the first and second circuit and chancery court districts of Tallahatchie county. [This Section also provides that the county seat of the Second District shall be at Webb.]

Sec. 2. The following described lines shall be the line of division between the first and second districts of said Tallahatchie county, to-wit: Beginning at the northeast corner of section 3 on the line between Quitman and Tallahatchie counties, township 25 north, range 1 east; running thence with said section line south to the southeast corner of section 27, township 24 north, range 1 east; thence due east with the section lines between sections 26 and 35, and 25 and 36, same township and range, to a point where said section line intersects the range line between range 1 east and range 2 east; thence south with said range line to the southern boundary of said county, and all that portion of Tallahatchie county lying west and south of said line, shall be and constitute the second district thereof, and all that

portion of Tallahatchie county lying north and east of said line, shall be and constitute the first district thereof.

Sec. 24. That this act shall take effect and be in force from and after a majority of the qualified voters of said second district have voted therefor at an election to be held in said district on the 15th day of May, 1900.

241. L. M. 1900, pp. 196-198.
App. March 10, 1900.

AN ACT to Authorize the Board of Supervisors of Choctaw County to submit to the Qualified Electors of Said County the Question whether the Two Judicial Districts of Said County shall be Consolidated with the County Seat of the County at Ackerman.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Mississippi, That upon a petition for that purpose signed by a majority of the qualified electors of Choctaw county, the board of supervisors shall submit to the qualified electors of said county, at a time to be fixed by said board, the question whether the two judicial districts of said county shall be consolidated with the county seat at Ackerman.

/NOTE: This election did not carry. See entry 251./

242. L. M. 1902, pp. 184-193.
App. Feb. 15, 1902.

AN ACT to Divide the County of Tallahatchie into Two Circuit and Chancery Court Districts, and to fix the Jurisdiction of the Courts, and to Provide for holding same in each District, and to Provide for the Location of a County Site in the Second District Thereof, and to Provide for the Building of a Court House and Jail therein, and for Transcribing of all Muniments of Title to Lands lying within the Second District of Said County, and to Provide for the Payment of all expenses incurred in carrying out Provisions of this Act.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Mississippi, That for the purpose of creating two Circuit and Chancery Court Districts in the County of Tallahatchie, said county shall be divided into two districts, to be called the First and Second Circuit and Chancery Court districts of Tallahatchie County;

Sec. 2. The following described lines shall be the line of division between the first and second districts of Tallahatchie County, to-wit: Beginning at the northwest corner of Section 3, township 25 north, range 1 west, in said county, running thence due south on section lines in the middle of range 1 east to the south line of township 23, thence east to the southeast corner of the county, and all that part of the county east and north of said line shall constitute and be known as the First District, and all that part of the county lying west and south of said lines shall constitute and be known as the Second District.

Sec. 20. /Provides for an election to determine location of county seat of Second District./

243. L. M. 1906, pp. 206-215
App. Feb. 20, 1906.

AN ACT to Divide the County of Jones into two Circuit and Chancery Court Districts, and to fix the Jurisdiction of the Courts, and to Provide for Holding same in each District, and to Locate the County Seat in the Second District thereof, and to Provide for the Building of A Courthouse and Jail therein, and for the Transcribing of all Muniments of Title of Lands Lying within the Second District of said County, and to Provide for the Payment of all Expenses Incurred in Carrying out the Provisions of this Act.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Mississippi, That, for the purpose of creating two Circuit and Chancery Court Districts in the county of Jones, said county shall be divided into two districts, to be called the First and Second Circuit and Chancery Court Districts, of Jones County; and the Circuit Court for the First District thereof shall be held at the courthouse in the town of Ellisville. The Circuit Court for the Second District of said county be held in the city of Laurel, the first Monday of November.

Sec. 2. The following territory shall constitute and comprise the said Second District of Jones County, to-wit; All that portion of the present county of Jones lying north of a line beginning at the northeast corner of Section 25, in township 8, north, of Range 10, west, on the present boundary line between the county of Jones and the county of Wayne and running thence west along section lines to the northwest corner of Section 27, Township 8, north, of Range 14, west, on the boundary line between the county of Jones and the county of Covington. And all that territory in the present county of Jones lying south of said linr shall comprise and constitute the First District of Jones County.

244. L. M. 1906, pp. 197-205
App. Feb. 20, 1906.

AN ACT to Divide the County of Jasper into two Circuit and Chancery Court Districts, and to fix the Jurisdiction of the Courts, and to Provide for Holding same in each District, and to Locate the County Seat in the Second District thereof, in the Town of Bay Springs, and to Provie for the Building of A Courthouse and Jail therein, and for Transcribing all Muniments of Title of Lands lying within the Second District of said County, and to Provide for the Payment of all Expenses Incurred in carrying out the Provisions of this Act.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Mississippi, That, for the purpose of creating two Circuit and Chancery Court Districts in the county of Jasper, said county shall be divided into two districts, to be called the First and Second Circuit and Chancery Court Districts of Jasper County.

Sec. 2. The following described line shall be the line of division between the First and Second Districts of the said Jasper County, to-wit: Beginning at that point on the northern boundary line of Jasper County where the range line between ranges 11 and 12 east crosses same and running south along said range line to the base line, thence south from the northwest corner of section 4, township 10, range 11 west, running with the section line to the southwest corner of section 21, township 10, range 11 west, to the southern boundary line of said county and all of that portion of Jasper County lying west of said line shall be and constitute the second district thereof, and all that portion of Jasper County lying east of said line shall be and constitute the First District thereof.

245. L. M. 1906, pp. 185-197
App. April 18, 1906

AN ACT To Divide the County of Harrison into two Circuit and Chancery Court Districts, and to Fix the Jurisdiction of the Courts, and to Provide for Holding Same in Each District, and to Provide for the Location of a County Site in the Second District thereof, and to Provide for the Building of a Courthouse and Jail Therein, and for Transcribing of Muniments of Title to Lands Lying within the Second District of Said County, and to Provide for the Payment of all Expenses Incurred in Carrying out the Provisions of this Act.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Mississippi, That, for the purpose of creating two Circuit and Chancery Court Districts in the County of Harrison, elections shall be held in that portion of said county hereinafter described as the territory to constitute the Second District of said county, in the manner hereinafter provided, and within the time hereinafter provided . . .

Sec. 2. If said Second District is created, that part of Harrison County described as follows shall constitute the same, viz: That part of said county described as circumscribed by a line run by beginning at the point where the line separating townships 4 and 5 south intersects the line between Harrison and Jackson Counties, and running thence west along said township line between townships 4 and 5 to the southeast corner of Pearl River County; thence north to the Perry County line; thence east along the Perry County line to the Jackson County line; thence south along the Jackson County line to the point of beginning; and all the remainder of said county shall lie within and constitute the First District of Harrison County.

246. L. M. 1908, p. 216
App. by limitation March 21, 1908.

/AN ACT Repealing An Act to Divide Harrison County into Two Judicial Districts./

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Mississippi, that Chapter 167 of the Acts of the Legislature of 1906, providing for the division of Harrison County into circuit and chancery coutt districts be, and is hereby, repealed.

247. L. M. 1906, pp. 215-224
App. March 20, 1906.

AN ACT to Divide Newton County into two Circuit and Chancery Court Districts, and to fix the Jurisdiction of the Courts, and to Provide for Holding same in Second District thereof, and to Provide for the Building of the Courthouse and Jail therein, and for the Transcribing of all Muniments of Title of Lands lying within the Second District of said County, and to Provide for the Payment of All Expenses Incurred in Carrying out the Provisions of this Act.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Mississippi, That for the purpose of creating two Circuit and Chancery Court Districts in the County of Newton said county shall be divided into two districts, to be called the First and the Second Circuit and Chancery Court Districts of Newton County.

Sec. 2. The following territory shall constitute and comprise the said Second District of Newton County, to-wit: Beginning at the northwest corner of Section 7, north, Township 6, Range 10, east, in said county. thence south along the line between Newton and Scott Counties to the southwest corner of Newton County, thence east along the line between Newton and Jasper Counties to the southeast corner of Newton County; thence north along the line between Newton and Lauderdale Counties to the northeast corner of Section 12, Township 6, Range 13, east; thence west along the section line to the point of beginning. The territory embraced in the remaining port of said county of Newton shall comprise and constitute the First District of said county.

Sec. 24. It shall be the duty of the Election Commissioners to . . . fix a time for an election provided . . .

Sec. 25. If the election be held as provided for in Section 24 of this act shall result in favor of the establishment of the Second District, the other provisions of this act with reference to the establishment of said district shall become of full force and effect; otherwise said district shall not be established and the provisions of this Act shall not become operative.

/NOTE: This election failed to carry and the Second District was not established./

248. L. M. 1906, pp. 225-231
App. April 2, 1906.

AN ACT to Divide the County of Webster into two Circuit Court and Chancery Court Districts, and for Other Purposes.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Mississippi, That for the purpose of holding annually two Circuit Courts and two Chancery Courts in Webster County the said county shall be divided into two districts, to be called the First and Second Circuit and Chancery Court Districts of Webster County.

Sec. 2. The following described lines shall be the lines of division between the First and Second Districts of said county of Webster, to-wit; Beginning at a point on the west boundary line of said county, on the section line between Townships 20 and 21, running thence east along said township and section line ten miles to the southeast corner of section 34, Township 21, Range 9; thence south along said section line three miles to the southeast corner of section 15, Township 20, Range 9; thence east along said section line three miles to the township line between Townships 20 and 21, Range 10, thence east along said township line to the eastern boundary line of said county.

Sec. 22. This act shall take effect and be in full force and effect from and after a majority of the votes cast therefor in said county, at an election to be held in said county August 10, 1906 . . . The returns of this election to be made by the Election Commissioners to the Board of Supervisors of said county, who shall enter same on the minutes.

/NOTE: This election failed to carry and the proposed district was not established./

249. L. M. 1912, pp. 367-376
App. March 15, 1912.

AN ACT to Divide Newton County into two Circuit and Chancery Court Districts, and to fix the Jurisdiction of the Courts, and to Provide for Holding same in Each District, and to Locate the County Site in the Second District therein, and for the Transcribing of all Muniments of Title of Lands Lying within the Second District of said County, and to Provide for the Payment of All Expenses Incurred in Carrying out the Provisions of this Act.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Mississippi, That for the purpose of creating two Circuit and Chancery Court Districts in the County of Newton, said county shall be divided into two districts to be called the First and Second Circuit and Chancery Court Districts, of Newton County.

Sec. 2. The following territory shall constitute and comprise the said Second District of Newton County, to-wit: Beginning at the Northwest corner of Section 6, North, Township 6, Range 10, East, in said County, thence South along the line between Newton and Scott Counties to the Southwest corner of Newton County; thence East along the line between Newton and Jasper Counties to the Southeast corner of Newton County; thence North along the line between Newton and Lauderdale Counties to the Northeast corner of Section 1, Township 6, Range 13, East; thence West along the section line to the point of beginning. The territory embraced in the remaining part of said county of Newton shall comprise and constitute the First District of said county.

Sec. 24. On petition of twenty per cent of the qualified electors of said county calling for an election to determine whether the county shall be divided into Districts as herein provided . . . it shall be the duty of the said Election Commissioners, within fifteen days from the filing of said petition, to . . . fix the time for holding such election . . .

Sec. 25. If the election be held as provided for in Section 24 of this act shall result in favor of the establishment of the said Second District, then the other provisions of this Act . . . shall immediately become of full force and effect; otherwise said district shall not be established and the provisions of this Act shall not become operative.

/NOTE: This election failed to carry and the proposed district was not established./

250. L. M. 1912, pp. 385-394
App. March 16, 1912.

AN ACT to Divide the County of Smith into two Circuit and Chancery Court Districts Under Stated Conditions, and to Fix the Jurisdiction of the Courts, and to Provide for Holding the same in each District: and to Locate the County Seat in the Second District thereof, and to Provide for the Building of A Court House and Jail therein, and for the Transcribing of All Muniments of Title of Lands Lying within the Second District of said County, and to Provide for the Payment of All Expenses Incurred in Carrying out the Provisions of this Act.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Mississippi, That for the purpose of creating two circuit and chancery court districts in the County of Smith, said county shall be divided into two districts, to be called the First and Second Circuit and Chancery Court Districts of Smith County.

Sec. 2. The following territory shall constitute and comprise the said Second District of Smith County, to-wit: All that portion of the present county of Smith comprising Beats 2 and 3.

Sec. 24. It shall be the duty of the regular election commissioners of the said county to call a meeting within fifteen days of the passage of this Act, and provide for holding an election herein provided for in said county to be held on the 9th day of July, 1912 . . . The creation of the proposed Judicial District shall be determined by a majority vote of the qualified voters of said county voting in said election.

/NOTE: This election failed to carry and the proposed district was not established./

251. L. M. 1922, pp. 430-432
App. March 28, 1922.

AN ACT to Authorize the Board of Supervisors of Choctaw County to Submit to the Qualified Electors of said County the Question Whether the two Judicial Districts of said County shall be Consolidated with the County Seat at Ackerman, and Consolidating said Districts if Authorized by the Electors.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted . . . that the Board of Supervisors of Choctaw County shall submit to the qualified electors of said county at a time to be fixed by said board within eighteen months from and after the passage of this act the question whether the two judicial districts of said county shall be consolidated with the county seat at Ackerman, and the court house at Chester be conveyed to the Chester Consolidated School District for school purposes.

Sec. 3. That upon said election being held as provided . . . if it shall appear that said consolidation . . . was authorized by two-thirds of the voters voting in the election, then said board shall so declare . . . on the minutes of the board an order declaring the results, and that the two judicial districts are consolidated . . .

/NOTE: This election carried and the Chester District was accordingly abolished./

252. L. M. 1930, pp. 100-103;
App. April 14, 1930.

AN ACT To Submit to the Qualified Electors of Coahoma County, Mississippi, The Question of the Removal of the County Site of Said County from Friars Point, and the Location of Said County Site and Providing For Carrying into effect the Result of Such Election if the Same should be Determined in Favor of Removal.

Sec. 1. . . . It shall be the duty of the Board of Supervisors of Coahoma County, Mississippi, within fifteen days after the passage of this bill, to provide for the holding of an election in the county of Coahoma, at which election there shall be submitted to the qualified voters of said county the question as to whether or not the County site of said County shall be removed from Friars Point toward the center of Coahoma County, and the re-location thereof at Clarksdale, which is toward the center of the county, or such other point as the said qualified voters shall determine.

Sec. 7. If the county site of Coahoma County shall be removed from Friars Point in accordance with said election, then all the provisions of that certain Act of the Legislature of the State of Mississippi, being Chapter 93 of the Laws of 1892, entitled, "An Act to Divide the County of Coahoma into two Circuit and Chancery Court Districts, and for other Purposes," approved February 19, 1892, shall be of no further force and effect . . .

/NOTE: Other sections of this Act made the consolidation of the two Judicial Districts effective on the result of the election's being announced, no further legislature action being necessary. The election resulted in a vote for the removal of the county site from Friars Point./

INDEX
(Numbers refer to entry numbers)

Adams County

1798 Created by proclamation, 33
1802 Wilkinson County formed from, 35
Boundary with Jefferson County established, 38
1809 Franklin County formed from, 44
1810 Boundary with Wilkinson County established, 47
1811 Commissioners appointed to mark boundary with Jefferson County, 48
1822 Boundary with Wilkinson County defined, 66
1823 Boundary with Jefferson County altered, 70
1846 Boundary with Wilkinson County defined, 128
1856 Laws relating to boundaries with Wilkinson, Franklin, and Jefferson Counties re-enacted, 142(4), 142(21), 142(96)
1882 Boundary with Wilkinson County altered, 193
1884 Act of 1882 altering boundary with Wilkinson County repealed, 195
1912 Board of Supervisors authorized to survey and mark boundary with Wilkinson County, 215

Alcorn County

1870 Created from Tishomingo and Tippah Counties, 152
Boundary line altered, 154

Amite County

1808 Created from Wilkinson County, 41. (This act was not carried into effect.)
1809 Created from Wilkinson County, 42
1810 Boundary with Franklin County established, 47
1811 Marion County formed from, 49.

Amite County (cont.)

1819 Part of Franklin County annexed, 56
1821 Part of Wilkinson County annexed, 62
1822 Boundaries with Wilkinson Pike, and Lawrence Counties defined, 66
1825 Boundaries with Pike and Lawrence Counties defined, 76
1856 Laws relating to boundaries with Wilkinson, Pike, Lawrence, and Franklin Counties re-enacted, 142(8), 142(9), 142(29)
1870 Boundaries with Franklin, Lawrence Counties altered, 151
1871 Boundaries with Lincoln and Franklin Counties altered, 158
1873 Act of 1871 changing boundaries with Lincoln and Franklin Counties repealed, 166

Arkansas, State of

1888 Adjustment of boundary with State of Mississippi proposed, 32

Attala County

1833 Created, 106
1856 Creating act re-enacted, 142(61)

Bainbridge County

1823 Created from Covington County, 68
1824 Creating act repealed, 72

Benton County

1870 Created from Tippah and Marshall Counties, 156
1876 Part annexed to Marshall County, 177
Boundary with Marshall County altered, 182

Bolivar County

1836 Created, 107
1839 Boundary with Coahoma County altered, 113
1842 Boundary with Coahoma County defined, 118
1844 Sunflower County formed from, 123
1856 Creating act re-enacted, 142(80)
Act altering boundary with Coahoma County re-enacted, 142(85)
Act forming Sunflower from, re-enacted, 142(92)
1871 Boundaries with Sunflower and Washington Counties altered, 157
1900 Divided into two judicial districts, 239

Bourbon, County of

1785 Created by Legislature of Georgia, 5

Calhoun County

1852 Created, 136
1856 Creating act re-enacted, 142(106)

Carroll County

1833 Created, 106
1850 Election ordered on ceding part to Holmes County, 132
1856 Creating act re-enacted, 142(55)
Act ordering election re-enacted, 142(102)
1871 Montgomery County formed from, 160
1873 Divided into two judicial districts, 229
1874 Boundaries of judicial districts altered, 230
1877 Boundary with Leflore County altered, 183
1882 Boundary with Montgomery County altered, 192
Boundaries of judicial districts altered, 233
1894 Boundary with Leflore County altered, 202

Carroll County (cont.)

1896 Boundary with Leflore County altered, 204

Chickasaw County

1836 Created, 107
1854 Part of Choctaw County annexed, 138
1856 Creating act re-enacted, 142(72)
Acts affecting boundaries re-enacted, 142(97), 142(110)
1867 Divided into two judicial districts, 226
1880 Boundary with Clay County altered, 187

Chickasaw Nation

1786 Treaty of Hopewell made with the United States, 7
1816 Treaty made with the United States as Council House, 22
1833 Treaty of Pontotoc Creek made with the United States, 28

Choctaw County

1833 Created, 106
1854 Part annexed to Chickasaw County, 138
1856 Creating act re-enacted, 142(52), 142(62)
1874 Sumner County formed from, 171
1875 Boundaries altered, 173
1896 Divided into two judicial districts, 237
1900 Consolidation of judicial districts proposed, 241
1922 Judicial districts consolidated, 251

Choctaw Nation

1765 Treaty of Mobile made with Great Britian, 3
1786 Treaty of Hopewell made with the United States, 6
1801 Treaty of Fort Adams made with the United States, 11
1802 Convention of Fort Confederation signed, 13

Choctaw Nation (cont.)

1803 Treaty of Hoe Huckintoopa made with the United States, 15
1805 Treaty of Mount Dexter made with the United States, 19
1816 Treaty of cession made with the United States, 23
1821 Treaty of Doak's Stand made with the United States, 26
1831 Treaty of Dancing Rabbit made with the United States, 27

Claiborne County

1802 Created from Jefferson County, 37
1803 Boundary with Jefferson County established, 39
1811 Commissioners appointed to mark boundary with Jefferson County, 48
1820 Boundary with Jefferson County defined, 60
1822 Boundary with Jefferson and Warren Counties defined, 66
1828 Boundary with Jefferson County defined, 85
1829 Boundary with Warren County defined, 87
Commissioners appointed to mark boundary with Jefferson County, 90
1856 Laws relating to boundaries with Jefferson and Warren Counties re-enacted, 142(5), 142(6), 142(38)
1886 Boundary with Jefferson County altered, 199

Clarke County (Alabama)

1812 Created from Washington County (Alabama), 51

Clarke County

1833 Created, 106
1856 Creating act re-enacted, 142(49)
1867 Boundary with Wayne County surveyed, 149
1882 Boundary with Wayne County surveyed, 194

Clay County

1876 Name changed from Colfax, 180
1880 Boundary with Chickasaw County altered, 189
1886 Boundary with Lowndes County defined, 198
See also Colfax County

Coahoma County

1836 Created, 107
1839 Boundary with Bolivar County altered, 113
1842 Boundaries with Bolivar and Tunica Counties defined, 118
1844 Boundary with Tunica County defined, 124
1848 Part annexed to Tunica County, 129
1856 Creating act re-enacted, 142(79)
Laws affecting boundaries re-enacted, 142(85), 142(90), 142(93)
1892 Divided into two judicial districts, 235
1930 Judicial districts consolidated, 252

Colfax County

1871 Created from Lowndes and Oktibbeha Counties, 159
1876 Name changed to Clay, 180
See also Clay County

Copiah County

1823 Created from Hinds County, 71
1824 Boundaries defined, 74
1856 Creating act re-enacted, 142(24)

Covington County

1819 Created from Lawrence and Wayne Counties, 55
1822 Boundaries with Lawrence, Wayne, and Perry Counties, defined, 66
1823 Bainbridge County formed from, 68
1824 Act creating Bainbridge County repealed, and Boundaries restored, 72

Covington County (cont.)

1825 Boundaries with Wayne and Lawrence Counties altered, 75
1826 Jones County formed from, 78
1830 Process from county extended to adjacent Indian territory, 93
Adjacent Indian territory annexed, 96
1856 Laws affecting boundaries with Lawrence, Wayne, Perry, Greene, and Jones Counties re-enacted, 142(13), 142(15), 142(17), 142(26), 142(27), 142(31)
1876 Boundaries with Wayne, Lawrence, and Marion Counties defined, 175
1906 Jefferson Davis County formed from, 208

Davis County

1865 Name changed from Jones, 146
1869 Name changed to Jones, 150
See also Jones County

DeSoto County

1836 Created, 107
1856 Creating act re-enacted, 142(75)
1876 Tate County formed from, 176
1878 Boundary with Marshall County altered, 188

Forrest County

1906 Created from Perry County, 209
1912 Stone County proposed to be formed from, 216

France

1803 Treaty with the United States ceding Louisiana made, 14

Franklin County

1808 Created from Adams and Wilkinson Counties, 41 (This act never carried into effect.)
1809 Created from Adams County, 44

Franklin County (cont.)

1810 Boundaries with Wilkinson and Amite Counties established, 47
1811 Marion County formed from, 49
1819 Part annexed to Amite County, 56
1822 Boundaries with Wilkinson and Lawrence Counties defined, 66
1856 Laws affecting boundaries with Adams, Wilkinson, Amite, Lawrence, and Hinds Counties re-enacted, 142(4), 142(9), 142(19)
1870 Boundaries with Amite and Lawrence Counties altered, 151
1871 Boundaries with Amite and Lincoln Counties altered, 158
1873 Boundaries with Amite and Lincoln Counties altered, 166
1875 Boundaries corrected, 172

George County

1910 Created from Greene and Jackson Counties, 113
1912 Stone proposed to be formed from, 216

Georgia, State of

1732 Charter granted by George II, 2
1785 Creates County of Bourbon, 5
1802 Cedes rights to Mississippi Territory to the United States, 12

Great Britian

1765 Treaty of Mobile made with the Choctaw Nation, 3
1783 Definitive Treaty of Peace made with the United States,

Greene County

1811 Created from Wayne County, 49
1820 Perry County formed from, 59
1822 Boundary with Jackson County altered, 65

Greene County (cont.)

1822 Boundaries with Perry, Jackson, and Wayne Counties defined, 66
1823 Boundary with Jackson County altered, 67
1830 Acts of officers in territory disputed with Jackson County validated, 100
1856 Laws affecting boundaries with Perry, Jackson, Covington, and Wayne Counties re-enacted, 142(14), 142(16), 142(17), 142(22)
1910 George County formed from, 113

Grenada County

1870 Created, 153

Hancock County

1812 Created from Mobile County, 52
1819 Boundary with Jackson County altered, 58
1822 Boundaries with Marion, Perry and Jackson Counties defined, 66
1824 Boundary with Jackson County altered, 73
1825 Part annexed to Perry County, 77
1828 Act of 1824 altering boundary with Jackson County repealed, 81
1830 Boundary with Jackson County defined, 94
Boundary with Jackson County altered, 95, 97
Part annexed to Perry County, and boundary with Jackson County defined, 99
1831 Surveyors appointed to run and mark boundary with Jackson County, 102
1833 Boundary with Jackson County altered, 104
1836 Boundary with Jackson County altered, 108
1841 Harrison County formed from, 115
1843 Boundary with Marion County altered, 119

Hancock County (cont.)

1844 Boundary with Marion County altered, 122
1856 Laws affecting boundaries with Jackson, Marion, and Perry Counties re-enacted, 142(16), 142(18), 142(30), 142(44), 142(81)
1858 Boundary with Marion County defined, 143
1872 Boundaries altered, 161
1872 Pearl County formed from, 162
1878 Pearl County abolished and boundaries restored, 186
1890 Pearl River County formed from, 201
1908 Election ordered on question of territory disputed with Pearl River County, 211

Harrison County

1841 Formed from Hancock and Jackson Counties, 115
1842 Boundaries extended, 117
1844 Part of Perry County annexed, 121
1846 Act of 1844 annexing part of Perry repealed, 127
1856 Creating act re-enacted, 142(88)
Laws affecting boundaries with Perry County re-enacted, 142(94), 142(100)
1872 Boundaries altered, 161
1875 Part of Jackson annexed, 174
1906 Divided into two judicial districts, 245
1908 Law dividing into judicial districts repealed, 246
1912 Stone County proposed to be formed from, 216
1916 Stone County formed from, 217

Hinds County

1821 Created from lands ceded by Treaty of Doak's Stand, 63
1822 Boundary defined, 66
1823 Yazoo and Copiah Counties formed from, 71
1828 Rankin County formed from, 83
1829 Part annexed to Madison, 89
1840 Boundary with Madison altered, 114

Hinds County (cont.)

1856 Laws affecting boundaries re-enacted, 142(7), 142(19), 142(34-37), 142(39), 142(87)
1858 Divided into two judicial districts, 220
1860 Boundaries of judicial districts altered, 223
1861 Boundaries of judicial districts altered, 225
1870 Boundaries of first judicial district defined, 227

Holmes County

1833 Created from Yazoo, 103
1850 Election ordered on annexing part of Carroll County, 132
1856 Creating act re-enacted, 142(45)
Laws relating to boundaries re-enacted, 142(95), 142(102)
1918 Humphreys County formed from, 218

Humphreys County

1918 Created from parts of Yazoo, Holmes, Washington, Sharkey, and Sunflower Counties, 218

Issaquena County

1844 Created from Washington County, 120
1850 Part annexed to Yazoo County, 131
1856 Creating act re-enacted, 142(91)
Act annexing part to Yazoo County re-enacted, 142(104)
1867 Islands exchanged with Carroll Parish (La.), 148
1876 Sharkey County formed from, 178
Boundary with Washington County altered, 178
1878 Boundaries with Washington Sharkey, and Warren Counties altered, 188
1890 Boundaries with Washington Sharkey, and Warren Counties altered, 200.

Itawamba County

1836 Created, 107
1856 Creating act re-enacted, 142(69)
1870 Boundary with Tishomingo County altered, 152, 154
1872 Boundary with Tishomingo County altered, 163

Jackson County

1812 Created from Mobile County (Ala.) 52
1819 Boundary with Hancock County altered, 58
1822 Boundary with Greene County altered, 65
Boundaries with Greene and Hancock Counties defined, 66
1823 Boundary with Greene County altered, 67
1824 Boundary with Hancock County altered, 73
1828 Act of 1824 altering boundary with Hancock County repealed, 81
1830 Boundary with Hancock County defined, 94
Boundary with Hancock County altered, 95
Boundary with Hancock County altered, 97
Boundary with Hancock County defined, 99
Acts of officers in territory disputed with Greene County validated, 100
1831 Surveyors appointed to run and mark boundary line with Hancock County, 102
1833 Boundary with Hancock County altered, 104
1836 Boundary with Hancock County altered, 108
1841 Harrison County formed from, 115
1856 Laws affecting boundaries re-enacted, 142(16), 142(18), 142(22), 142(44), 142(81), 142(88)
1875 Part annexed to Harrison County, 174
1910 George County formed from, 113

Jasper County

1833 Created, 106
1856 Creating act re-enacted, 142(56)
1884 Election ordered on changing boundary line with Jones County, 197
1906 Divided into two judicial districts, 244

Jefferson County

1802 Name changed from Pickering, 36
Claiborne County formed from, 37
Boundary with Adams County established, 38
1803 Boundary with Claiborne County established, 39
1809 Boundary with Adams County defined, 46
1811 Commissioners appointed to mark boundaries with Adams and Claiborne Counties, 48
1820 Boundary with Claiborne County defined, 60
1822 Boundary with Claiborne County defined, 66
1823 Boundary with Adams County altered, 70
1828 Boundary with Claiborne County defined, 85
1829 Commissioners appointed to mark boundary with Claiborne County, 90
1856 Boundaries with Claiborne and Adams Counties re-defined, 142(5), 142(21)
1886 Boundary with Claiborne County altered, 199
See also Pickering County

Jefferson Davis County

1906 Created from Covington and Greene Counties, 208

Jones County

1826 Created from Covington and Wayne Counties, 78

Jones County (cont.)

1830 Process from county extended into Indian territory, 93
Indian territory annexed, 96
1856 Creating act re-enacted, 142(31)
1865 Name changed to Davis, 146
1868 Name restored to Jones, 150
1906 Divided into two judicial districts, 243
See also Davis County

Kemper County

1833 Created, 106
1856 Creating act re-enacted, 142(47)

Lafayette County

1836 Created, 107
1846 Part annexed to Marshall, County, 125
1850 Boundary with Marshall County altered, 133
1854 Part annexed to Marshall County, 140
1856 Creating act re-enacted, 142(74)
Laws affecting boundaries with Marshall County re-enacted, 142(98), 142(103), 142(109)
1873 Part annexed to Yalobusha County, 228

Lamar County

1904 Created from Marion and Pearl River Counties, 206, 207
1934 Boundary with Pearl River County defined, 219

Lauderdale County

1833 Created, 106
1856 Creating act re-enacted, 142(48)

Lawrence County

1814 Created from Marion County, 53
1819 Covington County formed from, 55

Lawrence County (cont.)

1819 Part annexed to Marion County, 57
1822 Boundaries with Amite, Marion, Franklin, Pike, and Covington Counties defined, 66
1825 Boundaries with Covington and Wayne Counties altered, 75
Part annexed to Marion County 75
Boundaries with Amite and Pike Counties defined, 76
1827 Boundary with Pike County defined, 80
1856 Laws affecting boundaries with Amite, Pike, Franklin, Covington, and Marion Counties re-enacted, 142(9), 142(11), 142(13), 142(27), 142(28), 142(29), 142(32)
1860 Divided into two judicial districts, 224
1870 Lincoln created from, and boundaries with Amite and Franklin Counties altered, 151
1876 Boundaries with Marion, Covington, and Wayne Counties defined, 175
1878 Boundary with Lincoln County altered, 185
1880 Boundary with Marion and Pike Counties altered, 190
1884 Boundary with Marion and Pike Counties altered, 196
1906 Jefferson Davis County created from, 208
1908 Boundary with Pike County defined, 212

Leake County

1833 Created, 106
1856 Creating act re-enacted, 142(60)

Lee County

1866 Created, 147
1870 Boundary with Pontotoc County altered, 155

Lee County (cont.)

1872 Boundaries with Pontotoc and Union Counties altered, 164
1873 Boundaries with Pontotoc and Union Counties altered, 165
1908 Boundary with Pontotoc County defined, 210

Leflore County

1871 Created, 157
1877 Boundary with Carroll County altered, 183
1894 Boundary with Carroll County altered, 202
1896 Boundary with Carroll County altered, 204

Lincoln County

1870 Created from Lawrence County, 151
1871 Boundaries with Amite and Franklin Counties altered, 158
1873 Act of 1871 altering boundaries with Amite and Franklin Counties repealed, 166
1878 Boundary with Lincoln County altered, 185

Louisiana, Province of

1803 Ceded to the United States by France, 14

Louisiana, State of

1867 Islands exchanged with State of Mississippi, 31
1888 Adjustment of boundary with State of Mississippi proposed, 32

Lowndes County

1830 Created from Monroe County, 92
1831 Boundaries extended, 101
1833 Boundaries extended, 106
1856 Creating act re-enacted, 142(41)

Lowndes County (cont.)

1856 Laws affecting boundaries re-enacted, 142(43), 142(64)
1871 Colfax County formed from, 159
1886 Boundary with Clay County defined, 198

Madison County

1828 Created from Yazoo County, 82
1829 Part of Hinds annexed, 89
Process from county extended into adjacent Indian territory, 91
1830 Indian territory annexed, 96
1833 Indian territory annexed, 106
1840 Boundary with Hinds County altered, 114
1856 Creating act re-enacted, 142(34)
Laws relating to boundaries with Hinds, Warren, Yazoo, Warren, and Rankin Counties re-enacted, 142(34-37), 142(39), 142(65), 142(87)

Marion County

1811 Created from Wayne, Franklin, and Amite Counties, 49
1814 Lawrence County formed from, 53
1815 Pike County formed from, 54
1819 Part of Lawrence annexed, 57
1822 Boundaries with Pike, Perry, Lawrence, and Hancock Counties defined, 66
1825 Part of Lawrence County annexed, 75
1830 Part annexed to Perry County, 98
1843 Boundary with Hancock County altered, 119
1844 Act of 1843 altering boundary with Hancock County repealed, 122
1856 Acts relating to boundaries with Pike, Lawrence, Hancock, and Perry Counties re-enacted, 142(10), 142(11), 142(12), 142(16), 142(28), 142(42)

Marion County (cont.)

1858 Boundary with Hancock County defined, 143
1875 Boundaries with Lawrence, Covington, and Wayne Counties defined, 175
1876 Part of annexed to Pearl County, 181
1880 Boundary with Lawrence County altered, 190
1884 Boundary with Lawrence and Pike Counties defined, 196
1888 Divided into two judicial districts, 234
1896 Boundary with Pearl River County altered, 203
1904 Lamar County formed from, 207
1910 Walthall County proposed to be formed from, 214
1912 Walthall County formed from, 214A

Marshall County

1836 Created, 107
1846 Part of Lafayette County annexed, 125
1850 Boundary with Lafayette County altered, 133
1854 Part of Lafayette County annexed, 140
1856 Creating act re-enacted, 142(73)
Laws relating to boundaries with Lafayette County re-enacted, 142(98), 142(103), 142(109)
1870 Benton County formed from, 156
1876 Part of Benton County annexed, 177
Boundary with Benton County altered, 182
1878 Boundary with DeSoto County altered, 187

Mississippi Territory

1798 Created, 10
1804 Territory south of 31st parallel annexed, 16
Territory south of Tennessee annexed, 18
1812 Territory south of 31st parallel annexed, 21

Mississippi, State of

1817 Admitted to Union, 24
1838 Boundary with Tennessee established, 29
1856 Boundaries defined, 30
1867 Territory exchanged with the State of Louisiana, 31
1888 Adjustment of boundaries with states of Louisiana and Arkansas proposed, 32

Mobile County (Ala.)

1812 Created by proclamation, 50
Jackson and Hancock Counties formed from, 52

Monroe County

1821 Created, 61
1822 Boundary defined, 66
1829 Process from county extended to adjacent Indian territory, 91
1830 Lowndes County formed from, 92
Indian territory annexed, 96
1836 Indian territory annexed, 107
1856 Creating act, and acts relating to boundaries, re-enacted, 142(20), 142(41), 142(78)

Montgomery County

1871 Created from Carroll County, 160
1875 Boundary altered, 173
1882 Boundary with Carroll County altered, 192

Noshoba County

1833 Created, 106
1836 Newton County created from, 109
1837 Boundary defined, 110
1856 Creating act re-enacted, 142(57)
Act appointing surveyors to mark boundary re-enacted, 142(86)
1873 Boundary with Winston County altered, 169
1898 Boundary with Winston County defined, 205

Newton County

1836 Created from Noshoba County, 109
1906 Division into two judicial districts proposed, 247
1912 Division into two judicial districts proposed, 249

Noxubee County

1833 Created, 106
1856 Creating act re-enacted, 142(46)

Oktibbeha County

1833 Created, 106
1856 Creating act re-enacted, 142(50)
Act appointing surveyors to mark line with Chickasaw County re-enacted, 142(97)
1871 Colfax formed from, 159

Orleans, Territory of

1804 Created, 17

Panola County

1836 Created, 107
1841 Boundary with Tunica County altered, 116
1856 Creating act, an act altering boundary with Tunica County, re-enacted, 142(76), 142(89)
1878 Division into two judicial districts proposed, 231
1880 Divided into two judicial districts, 232

Pearl County

1872 Created, 162
1876 Boundary with Marion County defined, 181
1878 Abolished, 186

Pearl River County

1890 Created from Hancock County, 201
1896 Boundary with Marion County altered, 203

Pearl River County (cont.)

1904 Lamar County formed from, 207
1908 Election ordered in territory disputed with Hancock County, 211
1934 Boundary with Lamar County defined, 219

Perry County

1820 Created from Greene County, 59
1822 Boundaries with Marion, Hancock, Greene, and Covington Counties defined, 66
1825 Part of Hancock County annexed, 77
1828 Part of Hancock County annexed, 81
1830 Part of Marion County annexed, 98
Part of Hancock County annexed, 99
1844 Part annexed to Harrison County, 121
1846 Boundary with Harrison County altered, 127
1856 Laws affecting boundaries with Harrison, Marion, Hancock, Greene, Wayne, and Covington Counties re-enacted, 142(12), 142(14), 142(16), 142(17), 142(30), 142(42), 142(94), 142(100)
1892 Divided into two judicial districts, 236
1906 Forrest County formed from, 209

Pickering County

1798 Created by proclamation, 33
1802 Name changed to Jefferson, 36
See also Jefferson County

Pike County

1815 Created from Marion County, 54
1822 Boundaries with Amite, Marion, and Lawrence Counties defined, 66

Pike County (cont.)

1825 Boundaries with Amite and Lawrence Counties defined, 76
1827 Boundary with Lawrence County defined, 80
1856 Laws relating to boundaries with Lawrence, Amite, and Marion Counties re-enacted, 142(9), 142(10), 142(11), 142(29), 142(32)
1880 Boundary with Lawrence County altered, 190
1884 Boundaries with Lawrence and Marion Counties altered, 196
1908 Boundary with Lawrence County defined, 212
1910 Walthall County proposed to be formed from, 214
1912 Walthall County formed from, 214A

Pontotoc County

1836 Created, 107
1856 Creating act re-enacted, 142(71)
1870 Union County formed from, 155
Boundary with Lee County altered, 155
1872 Boundaries with Lee and Union Counties altered, 164
1873 Boundaries with Lee and Union Counties altered, 165
1908 Boundary with Lee County defined, 210

Prentiss County

1870 Created, 152
1870 Boundary altered, 154
1874 Boundary with Union County defined, 170
1876 Part annexed to Tishomingo County, 179

Quitman County

1877 Created, 184

Rankin County

1828 Created from Hinds County, 83
1829 Process from county extended into Indian territory, 91
1830 Indian territory annexed, 96
1856 Boundary with Hinds County defined, 142(34-37)

Scott County

1833 Created, 106
1838 Indian territory annexed, 111
1856 Creating act re-enacted, 142(59)
Act affecting boundaries re-enacted, 142(83)
1859 Boundaries defined, 144

Sharkey County

1876 Created from Warren, Issaquena and Washington Counties, 178
1878 Boundaries with Issaquena, Washington, and Warren Counties altered, 188
1890 Boundaries with Issaquena, Washington, and Warren Counties altered, 200
1918 Humphreys County formed from, 218

Simpson County

1824 Created, 74
1829 Process from county extended into adjacent Indian territory, 91
1830 Indian territory annexed, 96
1856 Creating act re-enacted 142(25)

Smith County

1833 Created, 106
1856 Creating act re-enacted, 142(58)
1912 Division into two judicial districts proposed, 250

South Carolina, State of

1663 Charter granted by Charles II, 1

South Carolina, State of

1787 Cedes rights in Mississippi Territory to the United States, 8

Spain

1795 Treaty of Amity, Limits, and Navigation made with the United States, 9
1819 Treaty ceding East and West Florida to the United States signed, 25

Stone County

1912 Proposed to be formed from Harrison, George, and Forrest Counties, 216
1916 Formed from Harrison County, 217

Sunflower County

1844 Formed from Bolivar County, 123
1852 Boundary with Tallahatchie County altered, 137
1854 Part of Tallahatchie County annexed, 141
1856 Creating act re-enacted 142(92)
1860 Part of Tallahatchie County annexed, 145
1871 Boundaries altered, 157
1918 Humphreys County formed from, 218

Sumner County

1874 Created from Choctaw County, 171
Boundaries altered, 173
1882 Name changed to Webster
See also Webster County

Tallahatchie County

1833 Created, 106
1852 Boundary with Sunflower County altered, 137
1854 Part annexed to Sunflower County, 141
1856 Creating act re-enacted, 142(53)

Tallahatchie County

Laws affecting boundaries re-enacted, 142(63), 142(108)
1860 Part annexed to Sunflower, County, 145
1900 Division into two judicial districts proposed, 240
1902 Divided into two judicial districts, 242

Tate County

1873 Created, 167
1876 Part of Tunica annexed, and part annexed to DeSoto County, 176

Tennessee, State of

1838 Boundary with State of Mississippi established, 29

Tippah County

1836 Created, 107
1856 Creating act re-enacted, 142(70)
1870 Alcorn formed from, 152
Union formed from, 155
Benton formed from, 156

Tishomingo County

1836 Created, 107
1856 Creating act re-enacted, 142(68)
1859 Divided into two judicial districts, 221
1860 Boundaries of judicial districts altered, 222
1870 Alcorn and Prentiss Counties formed from, 152
Boundary with Itawamba County altered, 154
1872 Boundary with Itawamba County altered, 163
1876 Part of Prentiss County annexed, 179

Tunica County

1836 Created, 107
1841 Boundary with Panola County altered, 116

Tunica County (cont.)

1842 Boundary with Coahoma County defined, 118
1844 Boundary with Coahoma County defined, 124
1848 Part of Coahoma County annexed, 129
Boundary defined, 130
1856 Creating act re-enacted, 142(77)
Laws affecting boundaries with Panola and Coahoma Counties re-enacted, 142(89), 142(90), 142(93), 142(101)
1876 Part annexed to Tate County, 176

Union County

1870 Created from Pontotoc and Tippah Counties, 155
1872 Boundary with Pontotoc and Lee Counties altered, 164
1873 Boundary with Pontotoc and Lee Counties altered, 165
1874 Boundary with Prentiss County defined, 170

United States

1783 Definitive Treaty of Peace made with Great Britian, 4
1786 Treaty of Hopewell made with the Choctaw Nation, 6
Treaty of Hopewell made with the Chickasaw Nation, 7
1787 South Carolina rights to Mississippi Territory ceded to, 8
1795 Treaty of Amity, Limits, and Navigation made with Spain, 9
1801 Treaty of Fort Adams made with the Choctaw Nation, 11
1802 Georgia claims to the Mississippi Territory ceded, 12
Convention of Fort Confederation signed with the Choctaw Nation, 13
1803 Treaty ceding Louisiana to the United States signed with France, 14

United States (cont.)

1804 Treaty of Hoe Buckintoopa made with the Choctaw Nation, 15
1805 Treaty of Mount Dexter made with the Choctaw Nation, 19
1810 Occupation of land south of 31st parallel ordered by presidential proclamation, 20
1816 Treaty made with the Chickasaw Nation at their Council House, 22
Treaty of Cession made with the Choctaw Nation, 23
1819 Treaty ceding East and West Florida to the United States made with Spain, 25
1821 Treaty of Doak's Stand made with the Choctaw Nation, 26
1831 Treaty of Dancing Rabbit made with the Choctaw Nation, 27
1833 Treaty of Pontotoc Creek made with the Chickasaw Nation, 28

Walthall County

1910 Proposed to be formed from Marion and Pike Counties, 214
1912 Formed from Marion and Pike Counties, 214A

Warren County

1809 Created, 45
1821 Boundaries extended, 64
1822 Boundaries with Hinds and Claiborne Counties defined, 66
1823 Boundaries extended and defined, 69
1827 Washington County formed from, 79
1828 Boundaries with Washington and Yazoo Counties defined, 86
1829 Boundary with Claiborne County defined, 87
Boundary with Yazoo County altered, 88
1833 Boundary with Yazoo County altered, 105

Warren County (cont.)

1839 Boundary with Washington County altered, 112
1846 Part of Yazoo County annexed, 126
1852 Part of Yazoo County annexed, 135
1854 Part of Yazoo County annexed, 139
1856 Laws affecting boundaries with Claiborne, Washington, Hinds, and Yazoo Counties re-enacted, 142(6), 142(7), 142(33), 142(34-37), 142(38), 142(40), 142(67), 142(84), 142(99), 142(107), 142(111),
1873 Boundary with Yazoo County altered, 168
1876 Sharkey County formed from, 178
1878 Boundaries with Issaquena, Sharkey, and Washington Counties altered, 188
1890 Boundaries with Issaquena, Sharkey, and Washington Counties altered, 200

Washington County (Ala.)

1800 Created by proclamation, 34
1807 Boundary established, 40
1809 Wayne County formed from, 43
1812 Clarke County (Ala.) formed from, 51

Washington County

1827 Created from Yazoo and Warren Counties, 79
1828 Part annexed to Yazoo County, 84
Boundary with Warren County defined, 87
1829 Process from county extended to adjacent Indian territory 91
1830 Indian territory annexed, 96
1833 Part annexed to Yazoo County, 105
1839 Boundary with Warren County altered, 112
1844 Issaquena formed from, 130
1850 Part annexed to Yazoo County, 134
1856 Creating act re-enacted, 142(33)

Washington County (cont.)

1856 Laws affecting boundaries with Yazoo, Warren, Hinds, and Issaquena Counties re-enacted, 142(34-37); 142(67), 142(84), 142(91), 142(105)
1871 Boundaries with Sunflower and Bolivar Counties altered, 157
1876 Sharkey formed from, 178
1878 Boundaries with Issaquena, Sharkey, and Warren Counties altered, 188
1890 Boundaries with Issaquena, Sharkey, and Warren Counties altered, 200
1918 Humphreys formed from, 218

Wayne County

1809 Created from Washington County (Ala.), 43
1811 Greene and Marion Counties formed from, 49
1819 Covington County formed from, 55
1822 Boundaries with Covington and Greene Counties defined, 66
1825 Boundary with Covington County altered, 75
1826 Jones County formed from, 78
1829 Process from county extended to adjacent Indian territory, 91
1830 Indian territory annexed, 96
1833 Indian territory annexed, 106
1856 Laws relating to boundaries with Covington, Greene, Jones, and Perry Counties re-enacted, 142(15), 142(17), 142(26), 142(31), 142(66)
1867 Boundary with Clarke County surveyed, 149
1876 Boundaries with Covington, Marion, and Lawrence County defined, 175
1882 Boundary with Clarke County surveyed, 194

Webster County

1882 Name of Sumner County changed to Webster, 191

Webster County (cont.)

1906 Division into two judicial districts proposed, 248
See also Sumner County

Wilkinson County

1802 Created from Adams County, 35
1808 Amite and Franklin Counties formed from, 41 (This act never carried into effect)
1809 Amite County formed from, 42
1810 Boundaries with Adams and Franklin Counties established, 47
1821 Part annexed to Amite County, 62
1822 Boundaries with Franklin, Amite, and Adams Counties defined, 66
1846 Boundary with Adams County defined, 128
1856 Laws relating to boundaries with Adams, Amite, and Franklin Counties re-enacted, 142(4), 142(8), 142(96)
1882 Boundary with Adams County altered, 192
1884 Boundary with Adams County altered, 195
1912 Board of Supervisors authorized to survey and mark boundary with Adams County, 215

Winston County

1833 Created, 106
1856 Creating act re-enacted, 142(51)
1873 Boundary with Neshoba County altered, 169
1879 Part annexed to Choctaw County, 173
1898 Boundary with Neshoba County altered, 205

Yalobusha County

1833 Created, 106
1856 Creating act re-enacted, 142(54)

Yalobusha County (cont.)

1873 Divided into two judicial districts, and part of Lafayette County annexed, 228
1896 Boundaries of judicial districts altered, 238

Yazoo County

1823 Formed from Hinds County, 71
1827 Washington County formed from, 79
1828 Madison County formed from, 82
Part of Washington County annexed, 84
Boundary with Warren County defined, 86
1829 Boundary with Warren County altered, 88
Process from county extended to adjacent Indian territory, 91
1830 Indian territory annexed, 96
1833 Holmes County formed from, 103

Yazoo County (cont.)

Part annexed to Washington County, 105
Boundary with Warren County altered, 105
1846 Part annexed to Warren County, 126
1850 Part of Issaquena County annexed, 131
Part of Washington County annexed, 131
1852 Part annexed to Warren County, 135
1854 Part annexed to Warren County, 139
1856 Creating act re-enacted, 142(23)
Laws relating to boundaries with Washington, Warren, Hinds, Madison, Issaquena Counties re-enacted, 142(33), 142(34-37), 142(40), 142(67), 142(95), 142(104), 142(105), 142(107), 142(111)
1873 Boundary with Warren County altered, 168
1918 Humphreys County formed from, 218

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PUBLICATIONS PREPARED BY THE
MISSISSIPPI HISTORICAL RECORDS SURVEY
SERVICE DIVISION
WORK PROJECTS ADMINISTRATION

INVENTORIES OF COUNTY ARCHIVES

*No. 3. Amite. (ii, 85 p. mimeo., September 1937)
*No. 18. Forrest. (iv, 140 p. mimeo., June 1938)
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